



Operating Instructions confocalDT IFD2410/2411/2415 PROFINET

IFD2410-1 IFD2410-3 IFD2410-6 IFD2411-1 IFD2411-2 IFD2411/90-2 IFD2411-3 IFD2411-6 IFD2415-1 IFD2415-3 IFD2415-10 Confocal chromatic distance and thickness measurement

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confocalDT IFD2410/2411/2415



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#### 1. Safety

System operation assumes knowledge of the operating instructions.

#### 1.1 Symbols Used

The following symbols are used in these operating instructions:

	Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury.
NOTICE	Indicates a situation that may result in property damage if not avoided.
⇒	Indicates a user action.
i	Indicates a tip for users.
Measurement	Indicates hardware or a software button/menu.
1.2 Warnin	gs
	Connect the power supply and the display/output device according to the safety regulations for elec- trical equipment

trical equipment.

- > Risk of injury
- > Damage to or destruction of the controller

The surface of the sensors or controller heats up to a temperature of over 50°C when all interfaces are used.

> Risk of injury

#### NOTICE

The supply voltage must not exceed the specified limits.

> Damage to or destruction of the controller

Avoid shocks and impacts to the controller and the sensor.

> Damage to or destruction of the components

Never fold the optical fiber and do not bend it in tight radii.

> Damage to or destruction of the optical fiber, failure of measuring device

Protect the ends of the optical fiber against contamination (use protective caps).

- > Incorrect measurement
- > Failure of the measuring device

Protect the cables against damage.

> Failure of the measuring device

# 1.3 Notes on Product Marking

# 1.3.1 Notes on CE Marking

Please note the following for the confocalDT IFD2410/2411/2415 measuring system:

- EU Directive 2014/30/EU
- EU Directive 2011/65/EU

Products which carry the CE mark satisfy the requirements of the EU directives cited and the relevant applicable harmonized European standards (EN). The measuring system is designed for use in industrial and home applications and meets the requirements.

The EU Declaration of Conformity is available to the responsible authorities according to EU Directive, Article 10.

### 1.3.2 Notes on UKCA Marking

Please note the following for the confocalDT IFD2410/2411/2415 measuring system:

- SI 2016 No. 1091:2016-11-16 The Electromagnetic Compatibility Regulations 2016
- SI 2012 No. 3032:2012-12-07 The Restriction of the Use of Certain Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Equipment Regulations 2012

Products which bear the CE mark meet the requirements of the EU directives cited and the relevant applicable harmonized European standards. The measuring system is designed for use in industrial environments.

The UKCA marking and the technical documentation are available to the responsible authorities according to UKCA directives.

# 1.4 Intended Use

- The measuring system confocalDT IFD2410/2411/2415 is designed for use in an industrial environment. It is used for
  - Displacement, distance, movement and thickness measurement,
  - measuring the position of parts or machine components
- The measuring system must only be operated within the limits specified in the technical data see Chap. 2.4.
- The measuring system must only be used in such a way that no persons are endangered or machines are damaged in the event of malfunction or total failure of the sensor.
- Take additional precautions for safety and damage prevention in case of safety-related applications.

# 1.5 **Proper Environment**

	confocalDT IFD2410/2415	confocalD	T IFD2411		
		Sensor	Controller		
Protection class	IP64, front side	IP64, front side	IP40		
Operating temperature range	+5 +50 °C	+5 +70 °C	+5 +50 °C		
Storage temperature range	-20 +70 °C				
Humidity	5 95% (non-condensing)				
Ambient pressure:	Atmospheric pressure				
Shock (DIN EN 60068-2-27)	15 g/6 ms on XY axis, 1000 shocks each				
Vibration (DIN EN 60068-2-6)	2 g / 20 500 Hz on XY axis, 10 cycles each				
EMC	As per EN 61000-6-3 / EN 61326-1 (Class B) Emitted interference; EN 61000-6-2 / EN 61326-1 Immunity to interference				

# 2. Functional Principle, Technical Data

# 2.1 Short Description

The measuring systems consists of:



With the IFD2410/2415, the sensor and controller form a single unit. It is not possible to exchange the sensor.

IFC2411 series controllers can be operated with different sensors. The calibration tables of the sensors required to do so need to be saved in the controller.

The measuring systems use a white LED as an internal light source.

The IFSxxx sensor is passive, since it does not contain any heat sources or moving parts. This prevents heat expansion, which makes for a highly accurate measurement process.

The controller converts the light signals received from the sensor with a spectrometer, calculates distance or thickness values with the integrated signal processor (CPU) and transfers the measured data via the interfaces or analog output.

# 2.2 Measuring Principle

Polychromatic light (white light) is beamed through the sensor onto the target surface. The sensor's lenses are designed to focus each wavelength of light used at a specific distance through controlled chromatic aberrations. The light reflected by the target surface is received by the sensor on the way back and directed to the controller. This is followed by spectral analysis and the calculation of distances using calibration data saved in the controller.

The sensor and controller form a single unit, as the linearization table of the sensor is saved in the controller.

This unique measuring principle enables high-precision measurement of applications. It can capture both diffuse and reflective surfaces. With transparent layer materials, a direct thickness measurement can be carried out in addition to the displacement measurement. The transmitter and receiver are arranged on one axis to prevent shadowing.

Excellent resolution and small light spot diameter make it possible to measure surface structures. However, it should be noted that deviations in measured values can occur as soon as the structure is in the order of magnitude of the light spot diameter or the permissible tilt is exceeded, for example at groove walls.

# 2.3 Term Definitions, Glossary

- SMR Start of measuring range. A start of measuring range (SMR) must be kept between each sensor and the target. Minimal distance between the front sensor face and the target.
- MMR Mid of measuring range
- EMR End of measuring range (start of measuring range + measuring range)

Maximum distance between the front sensor face and the target.

MR Measuring range



Fig. 1 Measuring range and output signal measuring system

Minimum target thickness see Chapter Technical Data

Maximum target thickness Sensor measuring range x refractive index of target

# 2.4 Technical Data for confocalDT IFD2410

Model		IFD2410-1	IFD2410-3	IFD2410-6		
Measuring range		1.0 mm	3.0 mm	6.0 mm		
Start of measuring range	approx.	approx. 15 mm	approx. 25 mm	approx. 35 mm		
Decelution	static <sup>1</sup>	< 12 nm	< 36 nm	< 80 nm		
Resolution	dynamic <sup>2</sup>	< 50 nm	< 125 nm	< 250 nm		
Measuring rate		continuously adjustable from 100 Hz to 8 kHz				
Displac	ement and distance	$<\pm0.5\mu{ m m}$	< ±1.5 µm	$<\pm3.0\mu{ m m}$		
Linearity	Thickness	$<\pm$ 1.0 $\mu$ m	< ±3.0 µm	$<\pm$ 6.0 $\mu$ m		
Light source			internal white LED			
Permissible ambient I	ight		30,000 lx			
Light spot diameter <sup>4</sup>		12 <i>µ</i> m	18 <i>µ</i> m	24 µm		
Measuring angle <sup>5</sup>		$\pm 25^{\circ}$	$\pm 19^{\circ}$	$\pm 10^{\circ}$		
Numerical aperture (N	NA)	0.45	0.35	0.18		
Min. target thickness		0.05 mm	0.15 mm	0.3 mm		
Target material		Reflective, diff	use as well as transparent surfa	ces (e.g. glass)		
Supply voltage		24 VDC ±10 %				
Power consumption		<5 W (24 V)				
Signal input		2 x encoders (A+, A-, B+, B-, index); 3 x encoders (A+, A-, B+, B-) 2x HTL/TTL multifunction inputs: trigger in, slave in, zero setting, mastering, teach; 1x RS422 synchronization input: trigger in, sync in, master/slave, master/slave alternating				
Digital interface		EtherCAT / PROFINET / EtherNet/IP / RS422 / Ethernet (for parameter setting)				
Analog output		4 20 mA / 0 5 V / 0 10 V (16 bit D/A converter)				
Switching output		Error1-Out, Error2-Out				
Digital output		sync out				
Connection		12-pin M12 connector for supply, encoder, EtherCAT, PROFINET, EtherNet/IP, RS422 and Sync 17-pin M12 plug for I/O analog and encoder optional extension to 3 m / 6 m / 9 m / 15 m (see accessories for suitable connection cables)				
Installation		radial clamping, threaded hole, mounting adapter (see accessories)				
T	Storage	-20 +70 °C				
lemperature range	Operation		+5 +50 °C			
Shock (DIN EN 60068	3-2-27)	15 g / 6 ms in XY axis, 1000 shocks each				
Vibration (DIN EN 600	)68-2-6)	2 g / 2	20 500 Hz in XY axis, 10 cycle	es each		
Protection class	Sensor	IP64 (front)				
(DIN EN 60529)	Controller	IP65				
Material		A	luminum housing, passive cooli	ng		
Weight		490 g 490 g 490 g				
Control and indicator	elements	Correct button: interfaces selection, two adjustable functions and reset to factory settings after 10 s; 4x color LEDs for Intensity, Range, RUN and ERR				

All data on constant ambient temperature (24  $\pm$  2°C)

1) Average from 512 values at 1 kHz, in the mid of the measuring range onto optical flat

2) RMS noise relates to mid of measuring range (1 kHz)

3) Maximum deviation from reference system over the entire measuring range, measured on front surface of ND filter

4) In the mid of the measuring range

5) Maximum sensor tilt angle that produces a usable signal on polished glass (n = 1.5) in the mid of the measuring range. The accuracy decreases when approaching the limit values.

# 2.5 Technical Data for confocalDT 2415

Model		IFD2415-1 IFD2415-3 IFD2415-10					
Measuring	range		1.0 mm	3.0 mm	10.0 mm		
Start of me range	asuring	approx.	approx. 10 mm	approx. 20 mm	approx. 50 mm		
Recolution		static <sup>1</sup>	< 8 nm	< 15 nm	< 36 nm		
Resolution		dynamic <sup>2</sup>	< 38 nm	< 80 nm	< 204 nm		
Measuring	rate		continuously adjustable from 100 Hz to 25 kHz				
Linearity 3	Displacen	nent and distance	$< \pm 0.25 \mu m$ $< \pm 0.75 \mu m$ $< \pm 2.5 \mu m$				
Linearity -	Thickness		$<\pm0.5\mu{ m m}$	$< \pm 1.5 \mu{ m m}$	$<\pm5.0\mu{ m m}$		
Light sourc	e			internal white LED			
Permissible	e ambient li	ght		30,000 lx			
Light spot of	diameter <sup>4</sup>		8 <i>µ</i> m	9 <i>µ</i> m	16 <i>µ</i> m		
Measuring	angle <sup>5</sup>		$\pm 30^{\circ}$	±24°	±17°		
Numerical	aperture (N	A)	0.55	0.45	0.3		
Min. target	thickness		0.05 mm	0.15 mm	0.5 mm		
Target mate	erial		Reflective, diff	fuse as well as transparent surfac	ces (e.g. glass)		
Supply volt	age		24 VDC ±10 %				
Power cons	sumption		<7W (24 V)				
Signal inpu	t		2x encoders (A+, A-, B+, B-, index); 3x encoders (A+, A-, B+, B-) 2x HTL/TTL multi-function inputs: trigger in, slave in, zero setting, mastering, teach-in; 1x RS422 synchronization input: trigger in, sync in, master/slave, master/slave alternating				
Digital inter	face		EtherCAT / PROFINET	/ Ethernet/IP / RS422 / Ethernet	(for parameter setting)		
Analog out	put		4 20 mA / 0 5 V / 0 10 V (16 bit D/A converter)				
Switching c	output		Error1-Out, Error2-Out				
Digital outp	out		sync out				
Connection			12-pin M12 connector for supply, encoder, EtherCAT, PROFINET, Ethernet/IP, RS422 and Sync 17-pin M12 connector for I/O analog and encoder optional extension to 3 m / 6 m / 9 m / 15 m possible (see accessories for suitable connection cables)				
Installation			radial clamping, threaded hole, mounting adapter (see accessories)				
Tomporatur	o rango	Storage		-20 +70 °C			
lemperatur	erange	Operation		+5 +50 °C			
Shock (DIN EN 60068-2-27)		-2-27)	15 g / 6 ms in XY axis, 1000 shocks each				
Vibration (E	DIN EN 600	68-2-6)	2 g / 20 500 Hz in XY axis, 10 cycles each				
Protection	class	Sensor	IP64 (front)				
(DIN EN 60	)529)	Controller	IP65				
Material		Д	Numinum housing, passive coolir	ng			
Weight			approx. 500 g	approx. 600 g	approx. 800 g		
Control and indicator elements		elements	Correct button: interfaces selection, two adjustable functions and reset to factory settings after 10 s; 4x color LEDs for Intensity, Range, RUN and ERR				

All data at constant ambient temperature (24 ±2 °C)

1) Average from 512 values at 1 kHz, in the mid of the measuring range onto optical flat

2) RMS noise relates to mid of measuring range (1 kHz)

3) Maximum deviation from reference system over the entire measuring range, measured on front surface of ND filter

4) In the mid of the measuring range

5) Maximum sensor tilt angle that produces a usable signal on polished glass (n = 1.5) in the mid of the measuring range. The accuracy decreases when approaching the limit values.

# 2.6 Technical Data confocalDT IFD2411

Model			IFD2411-1	IFD2411-2	IFD2411/90-2	IFD2411-3	IFD2411-6	
Measuring range			1.0 mm	2.0 mm		3.0 mm	6.0 mm	
Start of measuring approx.		15 mm	14 mm	9.6 mm <sup>1</sup>	25 mm	35 mm		
Resolution		static <sup>2</sup>	< 12 nm	< 40 nm		< 40 nm	< 80 nm	
nesolution	d	lynamic <sup>3</sup>	< 50 nm	<	125 nm	< 125 nm	< 250 nm	
Measuring rate				continuo	usly adjustable from 100 H	lz to 8 kHz		
Lipoprity 4		Distance	$<\pm0.5\mu{ m m}$	<	±1.0 μm	< ±1.5 µm	$<\pm3.0\mu{ m m}$	
Lineanty	T	hickness	$<\pm1.0\mu{ m m}$	<	±2.0 μm	$<\pm$ 3.0 $\mu$ m	$<\pm6.0\mu{ m m}$	
Multi-peak measu	remer	nt			1 layer			
Light source					internal white LED			
No. of characterist	ic cu	rves	up to 10 chara	cteristic curves for	different sensors per chan	nel, selection via tab	ole in the menu	
Permissible ambie	nt lig	ht <sup>5</sup>			30,000 lx			
Light spot diamete	er		12 µm		10 µm	18 <i>µ</i> m	24 µm	
Max. measuring a	ngle <sup>6</sup>	i	$\pm 25^{\circ}$		±12°	±19°	$\pm 10^{\circ}$	
Numerical aperture	e (NA	.)	0.45		0.25	0.35	0.18	
Min. target thickne	ss <sup>7</sup>		0.05 mm		0.1 mm	0.15 mm	0.3 mm	
Target material			reflective, diffuse as well as transparent surfaces (e.g. glass)					
Synchronization			yes					
Supply voltage			24 VDC ±10 %					
Power consumption	n		< 7 W (24V)					
Signal input			sync-in / trig-in; 1x encoder (A+, A-, B+, B-, index)					
Digital interface			EtherCAT / PROFINET / Ethernet/IP / RS422 / Ethernet (for parameter setting)					
Analog output			Current: 4 20 mA; voltage: 0 5V & 0 10 V (16 bit D/A converter)					
Digital output			sync-out					
		Optical	pluggable optical fiber via E2000 socket, length 2 m 50 m, min. bending radius 30 mm					
Connection	I	Electrical	3-pin supply terminal strip; 5-pin I/O terminal strip (max. cable length 30 m); 17-pin M12 connector for RS422, analog and encoder; RJ45 socket for Ethernet (out) / EtherCAT / PROFINET / Ethernet/IP (in/out) (max. cable length 100 m)					
Installation			Free-standing, DIN rail mounting					
Temperature		Storage	-20 +70 °C					
range	C	Operation	Sensor: +5 +70 °C; controller: +5 +50 °C					
Shock (DIN EN 60	068-2	2-27)	15 g / 6 ms in XYZ axis, 1000 shocks each					
Vibration (DIN EN	6006	8-2-6)	2 g / 20 500 Hz in XYZ axis, 10 cycles each					
Protection class		Sensor	IP64					
(DIN EN 60529)	0	Controller	IP40					
Material					Aluminum			
Weight		Sensor	approx. 100 g	approx. 20 g	approx. 30 g	approx. 100 g	approx. 100 g	
		Controller			approx. 335 g			
No. of measureme	ent ch	annels <sup>8)</sup>			1			
Control and indicator elements		Multifunction button: interfaces selection, two adjustable functions and reset to factory settings after 10 s; 4x color LEDs for Intensity, Range, RUN and FRR						

FSO = Full Scale Output

- 1) Start of measuring range measured from sensor axis
- 2) Average from 512 values at 1 kHz, in the mid of the measuring range onto optical flat
- 3) RMS noise relates to mid of measuring range (1 kHz)
- 4) All data at constant ambient temperature (25 ±1 °C) against optical flat; specifications can change when measuring different objects.
- 5) Illuminant: light bulb
- 6) Maximum measuring angle of the sensor that produces a usable signal on reflecting surfaces. The accuracy decreases when approaching the limit values.
- 7) Glass sheet with refractive index n = 1.5 in midrange
- 8) No loss of intensity and linearity due to two synchronous measurement channels

# 3. Delivery

# 3.1 Scope of Delivery confocalDT IFD2410/2415

1 Sensor IFD241x-x

1 PC2415-1/Y Length 1 m

1 acceptance report

1 quick manual

- Carefully remove the components of the measuring system from the packaging and ensure that the goods are forwarded in such a way that no damage can occur.
- Check the delivery for completeness and shipping damage immediately after unpacking.
- If there is damage or parts are missing, immediately contact the manufacturer or supplier.

# 3.2 Scope of Delivery confocalDT IFD2411

- 1 Controller IFC2411
- 1 Sensor IFS2404-x
- 1 RJ patch cable Cat5 2 m
- 1 acceptance report
- 1 quick manual
- Carefully remove the components of the measuring system from the packaging and ensure that the goods are forwarded in such a way that no damage can occur.
- Check the delivery for completeness and shipping damage immediately after unpacking.
- If there is damage or parts are missing, immediately contact the manufacturer or supplier.

# 3.3 Storage

Humidity:

Temperature range for storage: -20 ... +70 °C

5 ... 95% (non-condensing)

- Protect the lens of the sensor from getting dirty.
- Protect the ends of the sensor cable (optical fibers) from getting dirty (applies to the IFD2411).

# 4. Mounting

# 4.1 **Preliminary Remarks**

The optical sensors/measuring systems of the confocalDT IFD2410/2411/2415 series measure in the nanometer range. Observe the maximum tilt between sensor and target.

Ensure careful handling during installation and operation!

### 4.2 confocalDT IFD2410/2415

#### 4.2.1 Circumferential Clamping

Mount the IFD241x using a mounting adapter.



Fig. 2 Circumferential clamping with MA240x mounting ring, consisting of mounting block and mounting ring

Micro-Epsilon recommends using the circumferential clamping.





	Mounting ring	ounting ring Dimension A		Dimension C	
MA2400-27 MA2405-34		ø27	ø46	19.75	
		ø34	ø50	22	
	MA2405-54	ø54	ø70	32	

Fig. 3 Mounting block and mounting ring MA240x

# 4.2.2 Direct Screw Connection

Mount the IFD241x using three M3 screws.



Fig. 4 Installation conditions IFD2410 / IFD2415

IFD2410-	1	3	6	IFD2415-	1	3	10
MR	1	3	6	MR	1	3	10
SMR	15	25	35	SMR	10	20	50
A	56			A	82	85	118
В		33		В	59	62	
С	150			С	176	179	212
D	27			D	27	34	54

Dimension in millimeters



Fig. 5 Dimensional drawing IFD2410 / IFD2415, dimensions in mm

The support surfaces around the fastening holes are slightly raised.

# 4.2.3 Electrical Connections, Pin Assignment



Fig. 6 Connection examples for confocalDT IFD2411/2415

IFD2410/2415, 12-pin connector			PC2415-x/OE	PC241	5-1/Y	IF2001
Signal		Pin	Wire color	Wire color	RJ45, pin	Signal
V <sub>+</sub>		1	Red	Red		24VDC
Supply GN	ID	2	Blue	Blue		GND
Data Rx+	Encoder 2A+ 1	3	Brown	Brown		Tx+
Data Rx-	Encoder 2A-	4	White	White		Tx-
Data Tx+	Encoder 2B+	5	Green	Green		Rx+
Data Tx-	Encoder 2B+	6	Yellow	Yellow		Rx-
SYNC+	Encoder 2Ref+	7	Gray	Gray		
SYNC-	Encoder 2Ref-	8	Pink	Pink		
Shield		Housing	Black	Black		
Industrial Ethernet		9	White/green		3	
		10	Green		6	
		11	White/orange		1	
		12	Orange		2	

Fig. 7 Pin assignment for 12-pin sensor connector

The PC2415-1/Y cable is included in the scope of delivery.



Fig. 8 12-pin sensor connector, pin side

1) The pins can be used for either:

- serial communication (TIA/EIA-422-B) and synchronization or

- encoder signals.

IFD2410/2415, 17-pin conne	ector	SC2415-x/OE
Signal	Pin	Wire color
Analog output	1	White, inside
Analog GND	2	Black
Switching output 2 GND	3	Black
Switching output 2	13	Purple
Multifunction input 1	5	Red
Multifunction input 2	14	Blue
Encoder 1B+	8	Gray
Encoder 1B-	15	Pink
Encoder 1Ref+	9	Green
Encoder 1Ref-	16	Yellow
Switching output 1 GND	10	Brown
Switching output 1	11	White
Encoder 1A-	12	Red/blue
Encoder 1A+	17	Gray/pink
Shield	Housing	Black

The SC2415-x/OE cable is available as an optional accessory.



Fig. 9 17-pin sensor connector, pin side

Fig. 10 Pin assignment for 17-pin sensor connector

# 4.2.4 Grounding Concept, Shielding

All inputs and outputs are galvanically connected to the power supply ground (supply GND); the Ethernet/PROFINET connections are potential-free.

The ground connections (supply GND, switching output GND and analog GND) of each connection group are galvanically connected to one another by filters.

The shield connections of each connection group are only connected to the controller housing. They are used to connect the cable shieldings for individual connections (power, analog output, switching outputs, synchronization and trigger input).

For reasons of interference resistance, use the corresponding GND connection for the analog output and the two switching outputs.

Only use shielded cables shorter than 30 m and connect the cable shield to the shield or the connector housings.

# 4.2.5 Supply Voltage (Power)

Nominal value: 24 V DC (20 ... 28 V, P < 7 W).

The sensor is supplied via cable PC2415-1/Y or PC2415-x/OE.

20 28 VDC IFD2410	IFD2410/2415 12-pin connector	Power supply	PC2415-1/Y PC2415-x/OE
IFD2415	1	$V_{+}$	Red
	2	GND	Blue

Only turn on the power supply after wiring has been completed.

Connect the inputs for pin 1 and pin 2 on the sensor to a 24 V power supply.

• Power supply only for measuring devices, not to be used for drives or similar sources of impulse interference at the same time. Micro-Epsilon recommends using the optionally available PS2020 power supply, for the sensor.



# 4.2.6 RS422

In addition to Industrial Ethernet, the IFD2410/2415 also supports serial communication via RS422. The PC2415-1/Y or PC2415-x/OE cables enable serial communication. The IF2001/USB RS422-to-USB converter is available as an optional accessory.

- Differential signals to EIA-422, galvanically connected to supply voltage.
- Receiver Rx with 120 Ohm internal terminating resistor.
- Use a shielded cable with twisted wires. Cable length less than 30 m.
- Connect the ground connections.

<b>IFD2410/2415</b> 12-pin connec-	Signal	PC2415-1/Y PC2415-x/OE	IF2001/USB
tor			
3	RX +	Brown	TX +
4	RX -	White	TX -
2	Supply C	GND (blue)	GND
5	TX +	Green	RX +
6	TX -	Yellow	RX -
Housing	Shield	Cable shield	

#### 4.2.7 Ethernet, PROFINET

#### Connection

- with an Ethernet network (PC) or
- with the PROFINET bus system (IN port).



Connect the IFD2410/2415 and network with a shielded Ethernet cable (Cat5E, 2 m patch cable from the scope of delivery, total cable length shorter than 100 m).

The two LEDs SF and BF indicate that the connection was successful and is active.

The measuring device can be configured via Records (PROFINET), the web interface or by ASCII commands at command level (e.g. Telnet).

# 4.2.8 Analog Output

The alternative analog output (voltage or current) is connected to the 17-pin sensor plug and is galvanically connected to the supply voltage.

IFD2410/2415, 17-pin conne	SC2415-x/OE	
Signal	Wire color	
Analog output	1	White, inside
Analog GND	2	Black <sup>1</sup>

Voltage: Pin V/Iout and Pin GND,



 $R_{\rm i}$  approx. 50 Ohm,  $R_{\rm L} > 10$  MOhm

Slew rate (without  $C_V, R_L \ge 1$  kOhm) typ. 0.5 V/ $\mu$ s

Slew rate (with  $C_V = 10 \text{ nF}$ ,  $R_L \ge 1 \text{ kOhm}$ ) typ. 0.4 V/ $\mu$ s

Current: Pin U/Iout and Pin GND



 $R_{\rm B} \le 500 \; {\rm Ohm}$ 

Slew rate (without  $C_{\rm I}$ ,  $R_{\rm B}$  = 500 Ohm) typ. 1.6 mA/ $\mu$ s

Slew rate (with  $C_{I}$ = 10 nF,  $R_{B}$  = 500 Ohm) typ. 0.6 mA/ $\mu$ s

Use a shielded cable. Cable length less than 30 m.

As an alternative, the output range can be set to the following values:

Voltage: 0 ... 5 V; 0 ... 10 V;

Current: 4 ... 20 mA.

The measured values can only be output as voltage or current.

1) Analog output in shielded cable area

#### 4.2.9 Multifunction Inputs

A switching transistor with an open collector (e.g. in an optocoupler), a relay contact or a digital TTL or HTL signal are suitable for switching.



The inputs are not electrically separated. 24V logic (HTL): Low  $\leq$  3 V; High  $\geq$  8 V (max 30 V), 5V logic (TTL): Low  $\leq$  0.8 V; High  $\geq$  2 V Minimal pulse width 50  $\mu$ s Internal pull-up resistor, an open input is detected as High. Maximum switching frequency 25 kHz

An external resistor is not required for current limitation. The ground of the logic circuit must be galvanically connected to the supply ground.

# 4.2.10 Switching Outputs (Digital I/O)

The GND connections of the switching outputs are separated from the supply GND by filters.

The switching behavior (NPN, PNP, Push-Pull) is programmable  $I_{max}$  100 mA.

The maximum auxiliary voltage for a switching output with NPN switching behavior is 28 V.



Fig. 11 Output characteristics and circuitry of the TTL switching outputs Error 1/2

IFD2410/2415, 17-pin conr	SC2415-x/OE	
Signal	Wire color	
Switching output 2 GND	3	Black
Switching output 2	13	Purple
Switching output 1 GND	10	Brown
Switching output 1	11	White

All GND conductors are interconnected with one another and to the supply ground.

Use a shielded cable. Cable length less than 30 m.

Output level (without load resistor) at a supply voltage of 24 VDC	Low < 1 V; High > 23 V	
Saturation voltage	Low < 2.5 V (output - GND)	
at $I_{\text{max}} = 100 \text{ mÅ}$	High < 2.5 V (output - + $V_{B}$ )	

The saturation voltage is measured:

- between output and GND, at output = Low, or
- between output and  $V_{\rm B}$ , at output = High.

Name	Output active (error)	Output passive (no error)
NPN (Low side)	GND	+ V <sub>B</sub>
PNP (High side)	+V <sub>B</sub>	GND
Push-pull	+V <sub>B</sub>	GND
Push-pull, negative	GND	+V <sub>B</sub>

Fig. 12 Switching behavior of the switching outputs

**HINWEIS** The load resistor  $R_L$  can be dimensioned according to the limit values ( $I_{max} = 100 \text{ mA}, V_{Hmax} = 28 \text{ V}$ ). When connecting inductive loads, such as a relay, the parallel protective diode must not be missing.

# 4.2.11 Synchronization (Inputs/Outputs)

# 4.2.11.1 General

- The SYNC+ and Sync- pins on the 12-pin sensor connector: Symmetrical output/input for synchronization of two or more sensors
- The pins multifunction input 1 or multifunction input 2 on the 17-pin sensor connector: Input for synchronization of a sensor with an external synchronization source, such as a function generator
- The termination resistor  $R_{_{\rm T}}$  (120 Ohm) can be switched on or off via software.

# 4.2.11.2 Internal Synchronization

An IFD2410/2415 (master) synchronizes one or more sensors (slaves).

IFD2410/2415, 12-pin connector				PC2415-x/OE	PC2415-1/Y
Signal Pin		Level		Wire color	Wire color
Supply GND	2		1	Blue	Blue
SYNC+	7	RS422 (EIA422)		Gray	Gray
SYNC-	8			Pink	Pink

Fig. 13 Connections and signal level internal synchronization

Activate the termination resistor (120 Ohm) in the last sensor (slave n) in the chain.

# Star synchronization

- Connect pins Sync+ and Sync- from sensor 1 (master) in a star shape to pins Sync+ and Syncfrom sensor 2 (slave) to sensor n, in order to synchronize two or more sensors to one another, see Fig. 14
- Sub-loop length less than 30 m in star synchronization

# Chain synchronization

Connect pins Sync+ and Sync- from sensor 1 (master) to pins Sync+ and Sync- from sensor 2 (slave 1).

Connect the pins of the following sensors to synchronize two or more sensors to one another, see Fig. 14

- Total line length less than 30 m in chain synchronization
- Use shielded cables with twisted wires.
- Connect the cable shield to the housing.
- **Program sensor 1 to** Master **and all other sensors to** Slave.



- Connect all CND connections of the cumuluite and enother if the concern are not fed by a common n
- Connect all GND connections of the supply to one another if the sensors are not fed by a common power supply.
- If the sensors are operated by way of the PROFINET interface, then synchronization can also be achieved without
- the sync line.

# 4.2.11.3 External Synchronization

An external synchronous source synchronizes one or more IFD2410/2415 (slaves).

IFD2410/2415, 17-pin cor	SC2415-x/OE			
Signal	Wire color			
Multifunction input 1 5		TTL Low Level $\leq$ 0.8 V;	HTL Low Level ≤ 3 V;	Red
Multifunction input 2	14	High Level $\ge 2 \text{ V}$ Minimal pulse width 50 $\mu$ s	High Level $\ge$ 8 V (max. 30 V) Minimal pulse width 50 $\mu$ s	Blue

IFD2410/2415, 12-pin cor	nnector	PC2415-x/OE	PC2415-1/Y	
Signal	Pin	Wire color	Wire color	
Supply GND	2	Blue	Blue	

Fig. 15 Connections and signal level external synchronization

Activate the termination resistor (120 Ohm) in the last sensor (slave n) in the chain.

#### Star synchronization

- Connect the pin multifunction input 1 or 2 of slave 1 to the external synchronization source.
- Connect the supply GND of the sensor to the ground connection of the synchronization source.

Further sensors can be synchronized in the same schematic.

- Sub-loop length less than 30 m in star synchronization
- Use shielded cables with twisted wires.
- Connect the cable shield to the housing.
- Program all sensors to Slave.



- Fig. 16 Synchronization of multiple sensors, star-shaped
- Connect all GND connections of the supply to one another if the sensors are not fed by a common power supply.
- If the IFD2410/2415 are operated by way of the PROFINET interface, then synchronization can also be achieved without the sync line.

# 4.2.12 Triggering

#### 4.2.12.1 General

Data recording or output can be triggered with:

- multifunction inputs 1/2,
- synchronization inputs Sync+ and Sync-,
- encoder 1.

Use a shielded cable with twisted wires. Cable length less than 30 m.

Switching contacts, transistors (NPN, N-channel FET) or PLC outputs can be used as trigger sources.

# 4.2.12.2 Triggering with Multifunction Input

IFD2410/2415, 17-pin cor	SC2415-x/OE			
Signal	Wire color			
Multifunction input 1 5		TTL Low Level $\leq$ 0.8 V;	HTL Low Level $\leq$ 3 V;	Red
Multifunction input 2	14	High Level $\geq$ 2 V Minimal pulse width 50 $\mu$ s	High Level $\geq$ 8 V (max. 30 V) Minimal pulse width 50 $\mu$ s	Blue

**Connect the pin** multifunction input 1 or 2 to the external trigger source.

Connect the supply GND of the sensor to the ground connection of the external trigger source.

Program the sensor's multifunction input connections to the trigger input function.

### 4.2.12.3 Triggering with Synchronization Input

IFD2410/2415, 12-pin connector				PC2415-x/OE	PC2415-1/Y
Signal	Pin	Level		Wire color	Wire color
SYNC+	7	RS422 (EIA422)		Gray	Gray
SYNC-	8			Pink	Pink

**Connect pins** Sync+ and Sync- to the external trigger source.

Program the sensor's sync connections to the trigger input function.

The trigger source (master) must supply a symmetrical output signal according to the RS422 standard. For asymmetrical trigger sources, Micro-Epsilon recommends inserting the SU4 level converter (3 channels TTL/HTL to RS422) between trigger signal source and sensor.

#### 4.2.12.4 Triggering with Input Encoder 1

A connected encoder at the encoder 1 inputs can be used for triggering.

IFD2410/2415, 17-pi	SC2415-x/OE		
Signal	Pin	Level	Wire color
Encoder 1B+	8	RS422 (EIA422)	Gray
Encoder 1B-	15		Pink
Encoder 1A-	12		Red/blue
Encoder 1A+	17		Gray/pink

Program the encoder's sync connections to the trigger input function.

# 4.2.13 Encoder Inputs

The measuring system supports up to three encoders.

# Two encoder inputs:

- Incremental signals A, B
- Reference pulse

The maximum pulse frequency is 1 MHz.

# RS422 level (symmetrical) for A, B, Ref

IFD2410/2415, 12-pin connector		PC2415-x/OE	PC2415-1/Y
Signal	Pin	Wire color	Wire color
Supply GND	2	Blue	Blue
Encoder 2A+ <sup>1</sup>	3	Brown	Brown
Encoder 2A-	4	White	White
Encoder 2B+	5	Green	Green
Encoder 2B+	6	Yellow	Yellow
Encoder 2Ref+	7	Gray	Gray
Encoder 2Ref-	8	Pink	Pink

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# Three encoder inputs:

- Incremental signals A, B

The maximum pulse frequency is 1 MHz; no reference pulse.

RS422 level (symmetrical) for A, B, Ref

IFD2410/2415, 12-pin connector		PC2415-x/OE	PC2415-1/Y
Signal	Pin	Wire color	Wire color
Supply GND	2	Blue	Blue
Encoder 2A+ <sup>1</sup>	3	Brown	Brown
Encoder 2A-	4	White	White
Encoder 2B+	5	Green	Green
Encoder 2B+	6	Yellow	Yellow
Encoder 3B+	7	Gray	Gray
Encoder 3B-	8	Pink	Pink

17-pin connector Signal Pin Wire color Encoder 1B+ 8 Gray Encoder 1B-Pink 15 Encoder 3A+ 9 Green Encoder 3A-16 Yellow Encoder 1A-12 Red/blue Encoder 1A+ 17 Gray/pink

SC2415-x/OE

IFD2410/2415,

Fig. 18 Pin assignment for three encoder inputs

Use a shielded cable. Cable length shorter than 3 m. Connect the cable shield to the housing.

# Connection conditions

- The encoders must supply symmetrical RS422 signals.
- If there are no RS422 outputs on the encoder, Micro-Epsilon recommends inserting the SU4 level converter (3 channels TTL/HTL to RS422) between trigger signal source and controller.

1) If encoders 2 and 3 are used, neither serial communication via RS422 and nor synchronization of the IFD2410/2415 will be possible.

<b>IFD2410/2415,</b> 17-pin connector		SC2415-x/OE
Signal	Pin	Wire color
Encoder 1B+	8	Gray
Encoder 1B-	15	Pink
Encoder 1Ref+	9	Green
Encoder 1Ref-	16	Yellow
Encoder 1A-	12	Red/blue
Encoder 1A+	17	Gray/pink

# 4.3 confocalDT 2411

#### 4.3.1 IFC2411 Controller

The IFC2411 controller can be placed on a flat surface or mounted with a TH 35 top-hat rail according to DIN EN 60715, e.g. in a control cabinet. The minimum distance between adjacent controllers is 10 mm.

• Position the controller so that the connections, controls and displays are not concealed.



Fig. 19 IFC2411 dimensional drawing, dimensions in mm

### 4.3.2 Sensor Cable, Optical Fiber

The sensor is connected to the controller by means of an optical fiber.

- Do not shorten or extend the optical fiber.
- Do not pull or carry the sensor by the cable.
- The glass fiber has a diameter of 50  $\mu$ m.

The connector must not be dirty under any circumstances, as this will cause particles to build up in the controller and severe loss of light. The plugs may only be cleaned by persons with the appropriate expertise using a fiber microscope for control.

#### **General Rules**

Do not

- getting the plugs dirty, e.g. through dust or fingerprints, and unnecessary plugging operations
- applying any mechanical stress to the optical fiber (bending, pinching, pulling, drilling, knotting, etc.)
- tight curvature of the cable, because the glass fiber is damaged in the process and this causes permanent damage through microscopic cracks

Never bend the sensor cable more tightly than the permitted bending radius.



- If the cable is immovably routed: R = 30 mm or more
- If the cable is movably routed: R = 40 mm or more

Do not kink the sensor cable.



Do not crush the sensor cable, do not use cable ties to secure it.



#### Connect sensor cable to controller

- Remove the dummy plug of the green optical fiber socket sensor on the controller.
- Plug the sensor cable with green plug (E2000/APC) into the optical fiber socket, making sure that the sensor connector is properly oriented.
- Insert the sensor plug until it locks into place.

Do not pull the sensor cable over sharp edges.



Do not pull on the sensor cable.





#### Connect sensor cable to controller

- Press down the release lever on the sensor plug and pull the sensor connector out of the socket.
- Re-insert the dummy plug.

Close the optical inputs/outputs with protective caps when no optical fiber cable is connected.

#### Connect sensor cable to sensor

- Remove the dummy plugs from the sensor and sensor cable.
- Insert the sensor cable into the optical fiber socket. Make sure that the sensor connector is properly oriented.
- Screw the sensor and sensor cable together with the knurled-head screw on the sensor cable.



Pay attention to the orientation of the socket and guide lug.

Fig. 20 Groove of the socket on the sensor (left) and guide lug of an FC sensor plug (right)

### Connect sensor cable to sensor

- Open the knurled-head screw on the sensor cable. Disconnect the sensor cable from the sensor.
- Stop up the sensor and sensor cable with the dummy plugs.

### 4.3.3 Dimensional Drawing of Sensors



# 4.3.4 Fastening, Mounting Adapter

#### 4.3.4.1 General

The sensors measure in the nanometer range. Observe the maximum tilt between sensor and target.

Ensure careful handling during installation and operation!

Fasten the sensors with a circumferential clamp. This type of sensor mounting ensures the highest level of reliability because the sensor's cylindrical housing is clamped over a relatively large area. It is essential to have in difficult installation situations, such as on machines, production lines, etc.

#### 4.3.4.2 Circumferential Clamping

Mount the IFS2404-1 (IFD2411-1), IFD2404-3 (IFD2411-3) and IFD2404-6 (IFD2411-6) sensors using an MA240x mounting adapter.

Mounting ring	Dimension A	Dimension B	Dimension C	0
MA2400-27	ø27	ø46	19.75	





Fig. 21 Mounting ring MA2400-27



Fig. 22 Mounting block MA240x

Mount the IIFS2404-2 (IFD2411-2) sensors using an MA2404-12 mounting adapter.



Fig. 23 Mounting block MA2404-12

# 4.3.5 Electrical Connections, Pin Assignment



Fig. 24 Connection examples for confocalDT IFD2411

IFC2411, 17-pin connect	or	SC2415-x/OE
Signal	Pin	Wire color
Analog output	1	white, inside
Analog GND	2	black <sup>1</sup>
Data Tx-	3	black
Data Tx+	13	purple
n.c.	5	red
n.c.	14	Blue
Encoder 1B+	8	Gray
Encoder 1B-	15	Pink
Encoder 1Ref+	9	Green
Encoder 1Ref-	16	Yellow
Data Rx+	10	Brown
Data Rx-	11	White
Encoder 1A-	12	red/blue
Encoder 1A+	17	gray/pink
Shield	Housing	Black

Fig. 25 Pin assignment for 17-pin controller connector, pin side

# 4.3.6 Grounding Concept, Shielding

All inputs and outputs are galvanically connected to the power supply ground (supply GND); the Ethernet/PROFINET connections are potential-free.

The ground connections (supply GND and analog GND) of each connection group are galvanically connected to one another by filters.

The shield connections of each connection group are only connected to the controller housing. They are used to connect the cable shieldings for individual connections (power, analog output, switching outputs, synchronization and trigger input).

- For reasons of interference resistance, use the corresponding GND connection for
- 1 the analog output.

Only use shielded cables shorter than 30 m and connect the cable shield to the shield or the connector housings.

The SC2415-x/OE cable is available as an optional accessory.



17-pin sensor connector, pin side



# 4.3.7 Supply Voltage (Power)

Nominal value: 24 V DC (20 ... 28 V, P < 7 W).

IFC2411 3-pin clamping sleeve	Power supply
1	V <sub>+</sub>
2	GND
3	Shield

Only turn on the power supply after wiring has been completed.

Connect the inputs for pin 1 and pin 2 on the controller to a 24 V power supply.

Power supply only for measuring devices, not to be used for drives or similar sources of pulse interference at the same time. MICRO-EPSILON recommends using the optionally available PS2020 power supply, for the sensor.

#### 4.3.8 RS422

In addition to Industrial Ethernet, the IFC2411 also supports serial communication via RS422. The SC2415-x/OE cable enables serial communication. The IF2001/USB RS422-to-USB converter is available as an optional accessory.

- Differential signals to EIA-422, galvanically connected to supply voltage.

- Receiver Rx with 120 Ohm internal terminating resistor.
- Use a shielded cable with twisted wires. Cable length less than 30 m.
- Connect the ground connections.

IFC2411 17-pin con- nector	Signal	SC2415-x/OE	IF2001/USB
3	Tx -	Black	Rx -
13	Tx +	Purple	Rx +
10	Rx +	Brown	Tx +
11	Rx -	White	Tx -
Housing	Shield	Cable shield	

#### 4.3.9 Ethernet, PROFINET

#### Connection

- with an Ethernet network (PC) or
- with the PROFINET bus system (IN port).



Connect the IFC2411 and network with a shielded Ethernet cable (Cat5E, 2 m patch cable from the scope of delivery, total cable length shorter than 100 m).

The two LEDs SF and BF indicate that the connection was successful and is active.

The measuring device can be configured via Records (PROFINET), the web interface or by ASCII commands at command level (e.g. Telnet).

### 4.3.10 Analog Output

The alternative analog output (voltage or current) is connected to the 17-pin connector and is galvanically connected to the supply voltage.

IFC2411, 17-pin connector		SC2415-x/OE
Signal	Pin	Wire color
Analog output	1	White, inside
Analog GND	2	Black <sup>1</sup>
Shield	Housing	Black

Voltage: Pin V/Iout and Pin GND,



 $R_{\rm i}$  approx. 50 Ohm,  $R_{\rm L} > 10$  MOhm

Slew rate (without  $C_V, R_L \ge 1$  kOhm) typ. 0.5 V/ $\mu$ s

Slew rate (with  $C_V = 10 \text{ nF}, R_L \ge 1 \text{ kOhm}$ ) typ. 0.4 V/µs

Current: Pin U/Iout and Pin GND



Use a shielded cable. Cable length less than 30 m.

As an alternative, the output range can be set to the following values:

Voltage: 0 ... 5 V; 0 ... 10 V;

Current: 4 ... 20 mA.

The measured values can only be output as voltage or current.

1) Analog output in shielded cable area

#### 4.3.11 Multifunction Input

A switching transistor with an open collector (e.g. in an optocoupler), a relay contact or a digital TTL or HTL signal are suitable for switching.





An external resistor is not required for current limitation. The ground of the logic circuit must be galvanically connected to the supply ground.

# 4.3.12 Synchronization (Inputs/Outputs)

#### 4.3.12.1 General

- The SYNC+ and Sync- pins on the 5-pin clamping sleeve: Symmetrical output/input for synchronization of two or more controllers
- The pin multifunction input 1 on the 5-pin clamping sleeve: Input for synchronization of a controller with an external synchronization source, such as a function generator
- The termination resistor  $R_{_{\rm T}}$  (120 Ohm) can be switched on or off via software.

#### 4.3.12.2 Internal Synchronization

One IFC2411 controller (master) synchronizes one or more controllers (slaves).



	IFC2411	Signal	Level	
	5-pin clamping sleeve			
1	1	Sync +	RS422	
	2	Sync -	RS422	
	3	Cable shield		
	5	GND		

Fig. 26 Connections and signal level internal synchronization

Activate the termination resistor (120 Ohm) in the last controller (slave n) in the chain.

#### Star synchronization

- Connect pins Sync+ and Sync- from controller 1 (master) in a star shape to pins Sync+ and Syncfrom controller 2 (slave) to controller n, in order to synchronize two or more controllers to one another, see Fig. 27
- Sub-loop length less than 30 m in star synchronization

### Chain synchronization

Connect pins Sync+ and Sync- from controller 1 (master) to pins Sync+ and Sync- from controller 2 (slave 1).

Connect the pins of the following controllers to synchronize two or more controllers to one another, see Fig. 27

- Total line length less than 30 m in chain synchronization

- Use shielded cables with twisted wires.
- Connect the cable shield to pin 3 of the 5-pin terminal block.
- **Program controller 1 to** Master **and all other controller to** Slave.



Fig. 27 Synchronization of multiple controllers, star-shaped on the left, daisy-chained on the right

- Connect all GND connections of the supply to one another if the controllers are not fed by a common power supply.
- If the sensors are operated by way of the PROFINET interface, then synchronization can also be achieved without
- the synchronization line.

# 4.3.12.3 External Synchronization Controller

An external synchronous source synchronizes one or more controller (slaves).

1 Sync/Trig 5	Synchronization	IFC2411 5-pin clamping sleeve	Signal	Level	
		4	Multifunction	TTL Low Level $\leq 0.8$ V; High Level $\geq 2$ V Minimal pulse width 50 $\mu$ s	HTL Low Level $\leq 3 \text{ V}$ ; High Level $\geq 8 \text{ V} \text{ (max. 30 V)}$ Minimal pulse width 50 $\mu$ s
		3	Cable shield		
		5	GND		

Fig. 28 Connections and signal level external synchronization

Activate the termination resistor (120 Ohm) in the last controller (slave n) in the chain.

#### Star synchronization

- **Connect the** multifunction **pin of slave 1 to the external synchronization source**.
- Connect the GND of the controller to the ground connection of the synchronization source.

Further controllers can be synchronized in the same schematic.

- Sub-loop length less than 30 m in star synchronization
- Use shielded cables with twisted wires.
- Connect the cable shield to pin 3 of the 5-pin terminal block.

Program all controllers to Slave.



Fig. 29 Synchronization of multiple controllers, star-shaped

Connect all GND connections of the supply to one another if the controllers are not fed by a common power supply.

If the Controllers are operated by way of the PROFINET interface, then synchronization can also be achieved with-

l out the synchronization line.
# 4.3.13 Triggering

## 4.3.13.1 General

Data recording or output can be triggered with:

- the multifunction input,
- synchronization inputs Sync+ and Sync-,
- encoder 1.

Use a shielded cable with twisted wires. Cable length less than 30 m.

Switching contacts, transistors (NPN, N-channel FET) or PLC outputs can be used as trigger sources.

# 4.3.13.2 Triggering with Multifunction Input

9 april 2	IFC2411 5-pin clamping sleeve	Signal	Level		
Triggering	4	Multifunction	TTL	HTL Low Level $\leq 3 \text{ V}$ ; High Level $\geq 8 \text{ V}$ (max 30 V)	
	3	Cable shield	Low Level ≤ 0.8 V; High Level > 2 V		
	5	GND	Minimal pulse width 50 $\mu$ s	Minimal pulse width 50 $\mu$ s	

- **Connect the** multifunction **pin to the external trigger source**.
- Connect the GND of the controller to the ground connection of the external trigger source.
- Connect the trigger cable shielding to pin 3.

Program the controller's multifunction connection to the trigger input function.

# 4.3.13.3 Triggering with Synchronization Input



Connect pin 1 (Sync+) and pin 2 (Sync-) to the external trigger source.

Connect the trigger cable shielding to pin 3.

Program the controller's multifunction connection to the trigger input function.

**Connect pins** Sync+ and Sync- to the external trigger source.

Program the sensor's sync connections to the trigger input function.

The trigger source (master) must supply a symmetrical output signal according to the RS422 standard. For asymmetrical trigger sources, Micro-Epsilon recommends inserting the SU4 level converter (3 channels TTL/HTL to RS422) between trigger signal source and sensor.

## 4.3.13.4 Triggering with Input Encoder 1

A connected encoder at the input of encoder 1 can be used for triggering.

IFC2411, 17-pin conne	SC2415-x/OE		
Signal	Pin	Level	Wire color
Encoder 1B+	8		Gray
Encoder 1B-	15		Pink
Encoder 1A-	12	RS422 (EIA422)	Red/blue
Encoder 1A+	17		Gray/pink

Program the controller's encoder connections to the trigger input function.

## 4.3.14 Encoder Input

The measuring system supports one encoder.

#### Encoder inputs:

- Incremental signals A, B
- Reference pulse

The maximum pulse frequency is 1 MHz.

RS422 level (symmetrical) for A, B, Ref

The encoder supply is not provided.

Sensor, 17-pin co tor	SC2415-x/OE	
Signal	Pin	Wire color
Encoder 1B+	8	Gray
Encoder 1B-	15	Pink
Encoder 1Ref+	9	Green
Encoder 1Ref-	16	Yellow
Encoder 1A-	12	Red/blue
Encoder 1A+	17	Gray/pink

Fig. 30 Pin assignment for encoder input

Use a shielded cable. Cable length shorter than 3 m. Connect the cable shield to the housing.

**Connection conditions** 

- The encoders must supply signals with TTL level. .

## 4.3.15 Handling of the Plug-In Screw Terminals

The controller has two plug-in screw terminals for supply, synchronization and triggering. These are included as accessories.

Remove the insulation of the connection wires (0.14 ... 1.5 mm<sup>2</sup>) over a length of 7 mm.

Connect the connection wires.

The screw terminals can be fastened with two captured screws.

## 4.3.16 Dark Correction IFD2411

A dark correction must be carried out after the sensor or sensor cable is changed. Find the details on this in the Commissioning see Chap. 5 section.

# 4.4 LEDs

LED	Color	Status	Meaning
Intensity	Red	flashes	Dark signal acquisition in progress
	Red	illuminated	Signal saturated
	Yellow	illuminated	Signal too low
	Green	illuminated	Signal OK
Range	Red	flashes	Dark signal acquisition in progress
	Red	illuminated	No target present, outside of measuring range
	Yellow	illuminated	Target close to mid of measuring range
	Green	illuminated	Target within the measuring range
SF		Off	no error
	Red	flashes, approx. 1 Hz	DCP signal service is triggered by the bus
	Red	illuminated	Watchdog time-out; channel, generic or extended diagnosis exist; system error
BF		Off	no error
	Red	flashes, approx. 2 Hz	No data exchange
	Red	illuminated	No configuration; or slow or no physical connec- tion at all





Fig. 31 Meaning of LEDs on measuring system

# 4.5 Correct and Multifunction Key

The Correct keys on the IFD241x or Multifunction keys on the IFC2411 are assigned for multiple functions. The key is assigned the dark correction function from the factory.

Eurotion				
Factory settings Resets the device and measurement settings to factory settings.	Resets the device and measurement settings to factory settings.			
Dark reference Factory- setting				

Fig. 32 Correct key actuation time

The key is not assigned a key lock from the factory. You can optionally deactivate or lock the key to prevent incorrect operation.

Set to factory setting: Hold the key for longer than 10 s.

Resetting to factory setting does not change the IP address or PROFINET name.

# 5. Commissioning

# 5.1 Communication Options

The measuring system is ready for operation approx. 3 s after the supply voltage is applied.

**I** To ensure precise measurements, let the measuring system warm up for approx. 50 minutes.

The measuring system starts with the last saved operating mode. PROFINET is standard.

- The measuring system is shipped with a factory-set IP address. The IP address and device name are assigned via
- 1 the PROFINET Discovery protocol. It is possible to assign the IP address and device name, for example, via the TIA portal software.

A web server is implemented in the measuring system; the web interface displays the current settings, among other things. Control is possible only when an Ethernet link exists to the sensor.

Select from the two following operating modes.

## **PROFINET Mode (Standard)**

Assign an IP address to the sensor/controller.

You can find an example of this in the Appendix, see Chap. A 5.

Start your web browser and type the IP address of the sensor/controller into the address bar.

It is possible to update the firmware in PROFINET mode.

## ASCII and RS422

For this mode, you will need to connect your sensor to a PC/Notebook via RS422 and a command line, e.g. Telnet, see Chap. A 8.

You can find details on ASCII communication here, see Chap. A 6.

#### 5.2 Access via Web Interface

 $\rightarrow$ Launch the web interface of the measuring system, see Chap. 5.1.

Interactive web pages for configuring the measuring system now appear in the web browser. The measuring system is active and provides measured values. Real-time measurement with the web interface is not guaranteed. The ongoing measurement can be controlled with the function buttons in the chart type.



Fig. 33 Start page after accessing the web interface in Ethernet mode

You can switch between the video signal and a display of the measured values over time for configuration. The appearance of the web sites can change depending on the functions. Dynamic help texts with excerpts from the operating instructions aid you in configuring the measuring system.

- Depending on the selected measuring rate and the PC used, there may be a dynamic reduction of the measured 1
- value in the display. This means that not all measured values are sent to the webinterface for display and saving.

The horizontal navigation contains the following functions:

- Home. The web interface automatically starts in this view with measurement chart, measurement configuration and signal quality.
- Settings. Configuration parameters, including triggering, measuring rate and zeroing/mastering.
- Measurement chart. Measurement chart or show video signal.
- Info. Contains information on the sensor, including measuring range, serial number and software version.
- Web interface language selection

Q Search settings		
Measurement configuration		
Measurement configuratio Standard matt		
Signal quality		
balar	ced	
μm kHz static	dynamic	

The vertical navigation is related to the context of the selection in the horizontal navigation and contains the following functions for the Home menu:

- The Find settings function enables time-saving access to functions and parameters.
- Measurement configuration. Enables selection of predefined measurement settings.
- Signal guality. You can switch between three predefined basic settings for the measuring rate and averaging with a mouse click.

# 5.3 Positioning the Target

Position the target as centrally as possible within the measuring range.



	LED Range	LED Range					
nsity	Red	No target present or target outside of measuring range					
je	Yellow	Target close to mid of measur- ing range					
	Green	Target within the measuring range					

The Range LED on the front of the measuring system indicates the position of the target relative to the sensor.

## 5.4 Select Sensor

The function is valid for the IFD2411 measuring system.

Controller and sensor(s) are coordinated to one another at the factory.

- ➡ Go to the Settings > Sensor menu.
- Select the required sensor from the list.



The calibration data of up to 20 different sensors can be saved in the controller. Calibration is only possible by Micro-Epsilon.

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🔵 rang

# 5.5 Presets, Setups, Measurement Configuration Selection

## Definition

- Preset: Manufacturer-specific program containing settings for common measuring tasks that cannot be overwritten
- Setup: User-specific program containing the relevant settings for a measuring task
- Initial setup upon boot-up (start measuring system): a favorite setting which is automatically activated upon start-up can be selected from the setups. If no favorite is selected from the setups, the measuring system activates the Standard preset upon start-up.



These presets allow for a quick start in the individual measuring task. Basic features to suit the target surface, such as peak and material selection and the calculation functions are already set in the preset.



Distance measurement e.g. for ceramic material, non-transparent plastics. Highest peak, averaging, distance calculation.

Distance measurement e.g. for metal, polished surfaces. Highest peak, median over 5 values, distance calculation.



Distance measurement e.g. for PCBs, hybrid materials. Highest peak, median over 9 values, distance calculation.





Multilayer laminated glass

One-sided thickness measurement e.g. against glass, material BK7. First and second peak, averaging, thickness calculation.

One-sided thickness measurement <sup>1</sup> against glass, 1st layer BK7, 2nd layer vacuum, first and second peak, 3 measured values, median over five values, moving averaging over 16 values, thickness calculation.

Layer thickness measurement <sup>1</sup> against laminated glass e.g. windshield, 1st layer BK7, 2nd layer PC, 3rd layer BK7, first and second peak, 4 measured values, thickness calculation, moving averaging over 16 values.

1) Only possible with IFD2415.

# 5.6 Video Signal

**Go to the** Measurement chart **menu**. Show video signal display with Video.

The diagram in the large graphic window on the right shows the video signal of the receiver line in different post-processing states.

The video signal in the graphics window shows the spectral distribution over the pixels of the receiver line. Left 0 % (small distance) and right 100 % (large distance). The corresponding measured value is marked by a vertical line (peak marking).

The diagram starts automatically when the website is accessed.



Fig. 34 Video signal website

The Video Signal website contains the following functions:

- 1 The LED visualizes the state of measurement value transmission.
  - green: measured value transmission in progress
  - yellow: waiting for data in trigger state
  - gray: measured value transmission paused

The data query is controlled with the Play/Pause/Stop/Save buttons of the measured values transmitted. Stop stops the diagram; you can still continue to use the data selection and zoom functions. Pause pauses the recording. Save opens the Windows selection dialog for the file name and the save location to save the selected video signals to a CSV file. This contains all pixels, their (selected) intensity in % and other parameters.

Click on the button ► (Start), display the measurement results.

In the left-hand window, the video curves to be displayed can be switched on or off during or after the measurement. Inactive curves are grayed out and can be added by clicking on the check mark. The changes become effective when you save the settings.

You can show or hide the individual signals using the eye symbols (). The calculation continues in the background.

- 0xRAW: Raw signal (uncorrected CCD signal)
- 0xDARK: Dark corrected signal (raw signal minus dark level table)
- 0xLIGHT: Light corrected signal (dark corrected signal corrected with the light source table)
- 0xDARK\_TABLE: Dark value table (generated in response to dark referencing)
- 0xLIGHT\_TABLE: Light value table (generated in response to light referencing)
- 3 To scale the intensity axis in the graph for the measured values (Y axis), you can use Auto (= automatic scaling) or Manual (= manual scaling).
- 4 All changes only become effective when you click on the Save settings button.

- 5 The current values for the exposure time and the selected measuring rate are additionally displayed in the graph.
- 6 Mouseover function. Moving the mouse over the graph, marks curve points or the peak marking with a circle symbol and displays the corresponding intensity. The corresponding x-position in % appears above the graph field.
- 7 The evaluation range can be restricted if ambient light of a certain wavelength (blue, red, IR) causes interference in the video signal, for example. The value for the "Start of range" must be less than the value for the "End of range". Value range between 0 and 100 %.
- 8 The linearized range lies between the gray shades in the diagram and cannot be changed. Only peaks whose middles lie within this range can be calculated as a measured value. The masked area can be restricted if necessary and is then limited by an additional light blue shading on the right and left. The peaks remaining in the resulting range are used for the evaluation.
- 9 The detection threshold, in relation to the dark corrected signal, is a horizontal straight line corresponding to the preselected value. It should be just high enough so that no unwanted peaks in the video signal are included in the evaluation. Aim for the lowest possible threshold to get a good signal-to-noise ratio. The detection threshold should not be changed if possible.
- 10 X axis scaling: The diagram shown above can be enlarged (zoomed in on) with the two sliders on the right and left in the lower entire signal. It can also be moved sideways with the mouse in the middle of the zoom window (four-sided arrow).



Fig. 35 Zooming with slider: one-sided or shifting range with four-sided arrow

11 The two buttons allow you to switch between the display of the video signal and the measured value.

# 5.7 Signal Quality

A good measurement result can be achieved if the video signal is sufficiently intense. Reducing the measuring rate increases the exposure time for the CCD row and thus improves the measurement quality.

You can switch between three basic settings (Static, Balanced and Dynamic) in the Signal quality section. The reaction in the chart and system configuration is immediately visible.

Go to the Home > Signal quality menu and adjust the measurement dynamics as required. Monitor the result in the video signal.



## Measuring rate Averaging <sup>1</sup>

Static	200 Hz	Moving, 128 values
Balanced	1 kHz	Moving, 16 values
Dynamic	5 kHz	Moving, 4 values

• If the sensor starts up with a user-defined configuration (Setup), see Chap. 5.5, the signal quality cannot be changed.

1) Applies to the presets Standard and One-sided thickness measurement.

# 5.8 Distance Measurement with Website Display

Align the sensor perpendicularly to the object to be measured.

Then, remotely, move the sensor (or the target) closer and closer until the start of the measuring range for the relevant sensor is approximately reached.

As soon as the object is within the measuring field of the sensor, this is shown by the Range LED (green or yellow). Alternatively, you can watch the video signal.

LED	Status	Description	
	Red	Signal saturated	
Intensity	Yellow	Signal too low	
	Green	Signal OK	
	Red	No target or target outside of measuring range	
Range	Yellow	Target in center of measuring range	
	Green	Target within the measuring range	

Fig. 36 Meaning of LEDs during distance measurement

Opening Measurement Chart > Chart type Measure opens the following website. The chart starts automatically when the website is accessed. The diagram in the large graphic window on the right shows the measured value-time diagram.



Fig. 37 Measurement (distance measurement) web page

- The LED visualizes the state of measured value transmission.
  - green: measured value transmission in progress
  - yellow: waiting for data in trigger state

1

- gray: measured value transmission paused

The data query is controlled with the Play/Pause/Stop/Save buttons of the measured values transmitted. Stop stops the diagram; you can still continue to use the data selection and zoom functions. Pause pauses the recording. Save opens a Windows selection dialog for the file name and save location to save the last 10,000 values in a CSV file (separation using semicolon).

□ Click on the button ► (Start), display the measurement results.

2 In the left-hand window, the signals of channel 1/2 to be displayed can be switched on or off during or after the measurement. Inactive curves are grayed out and can be added by clicking on the check mark. The changes become effective when you save the settings.

You can show or hide the individual signals using the eye symbols  $\odot$ . The calculation continues in the background.

- 0xSHUTTER: Exposure time
- 0xINTENSITY: Signal quality of the underlying peak in the video signal
- 0xDIST: Distance signal curve over time
- 3 To scale the axis in the graph for the measured values (Y axis), you can use Auto (= automatic scaling) or Manual (= manual scaling).
- 4 All changes only become effective when you click on the Save settings button.
- 5 Current values for distance, exposure time, current measuring rate and time stamp are shown in the text boxes above the graph. Errors are also displayed.
- 6 Mouseover function. When the chart has been stopped and you move the mouse over the graph, points on the curve are marked with a circle and the associated values are displayed in the text boxes above the graph. The intensity bars are also updated.
- 7 Peak intensity is displayed as a bar chart.
- 8 X axis scaling: During an ongoing measurement, you can use the left-hand slider to enlarge the entire signal (zoom). The time range can also be defined using an input field under the time axis. When the chart has been stopped, the right-hand slider can also be used. You can also move the zoom window with the mouse in the center of the zoom window (four-sided arrow).

# 5.9 Save/Load Settings

This menu enables you to save current device settings in the controller or activate saved settings. You can permanently save eight different parameter sets in the controller.

Unsaved settings will be lost when the device is switched off. Save your settings in Setups.

Q Search settings	Home 🔇	Settings	Measurement (i) Info	Save settings
Sensor	Load & Save	۲	Measurement Settings	Device Settings
O Inputs	Measurement settings	_	F1p15	🙆 Load 🗐 Save
Data acquisition	New setup	Θ	🙆 Load 🔚 Save	
Signal processing	Saved measurement setting	gs	Favorite Delete	Import a setup file
<b>Postprocessing</b>	E1p15	0	These settings Import/Export	Durchsuchen Keine Datei ausgewählt.
Outputs	В		Import a setup file	Import
System settings	Acryl4_2	Ο	Durchsuchen Keine Datei ausgewählt.	Export data
Unit on the webinterface			Import	Export
	Device settings		Export data	(i) Info
Automatic: 1	Manage setup	Ο	Export	0
Load & Save Acryl4_2a				

## Fig. 38 Manage user programs

Switch to the Settings > Load & Save menu.

Mar	Manage setups in the controller, options and sequence						
Sav	Saving the Settings Existing setup		Save change in active		Determine setup after boot-		
		acti	ve	seti	lb	ing	
Mer	Nu New setup,	Men	<b>u</b> Load & Save	Mer	iu bar	Mer	nu Load & Save
Ran	ge A						
	Enter the name for the setup in the In- dividual setup		Click on the desired setup with the left mouse button, area B.		Click on the Save settings but- ton.	•	Click on the desired setup with the left mouse button, area B.
	F1p15, and confirm the entry with the Save	<b>The</b> tin	Measurement Set- gs <b>dialog will open</b> .			The tin	Measurement Set- gs <b>dialog will open.</b>
	button.		Click on the Load but- ton.				Click on the Favorite button.

The current settings will also be available in the controller after it has been switched off/on.

You can also use the Save Settings button at top right, in each settings page as quick cache for the last parameter set saved.

The last parameter set saved in the controller is loaded when switched on.

1

Switch setups with PC/notebook, options				
Save setup on PC	Load setup from PC			
Menu Load & Save	Menu Load & Save			
Click on the desired setup with the left	Click on Create setup with the left mouse button.			
mouse button, area B.	The Measurement Settings dialog will open.			
The Measurement Settings dialog will	Click on the Search button.			
Click on the Export button	A Windows dialog for file selection opens.			
	Select the desired file and click the Open button.			
	Click on the IMPORT button.			

# 5.10 Dark Correction

The measuring system requires a warm-up time of approx. 30 min. before performing dark correction.

A dark correction is required after:

- Replacing a sensor
- Changing sensor cables
- Prolonged operating period, sensor getting dirty

The dark correction depends on the sensor and is saved separately in the controller for each measuring system. For that reason, the desired sensor must be connected before correction. For the IFD2411, the sensor must be selected in the Settings > Sensor menu.

Work steps:

Remove the target from the measuring range or cover the sensor front with a piece of dark paper.

• During the dark correction, there must be no objects within the measuring range nor ambient light reaching the sensor under any circumstances.

Co	rection with key function	Correction via software/web interface			
	IFD2410/2415	IFD2411			
Press the Correct key on the IFD2410/2415 for approx. 4 s <sup>1</sup> in order to start the correction.			Press the multifunction key on the IFC2411 for approx. 4 s in order to start the correction.		Switch to the Settings > Sen- sor > Dark correction menu.
					Click on the Start button to start the correction.

The LEDs Intensity and Range start to flash. The sensor now records the current dark signal for about 50 s.

The dark corrected video signal after the adjustment is characterized by a signal curve that is an almost smooth directly at the X axis.



With each new dark correction, the current brightness value is determined as the quotient of the sum of all intensities and the current exposure time. If a major change is detected from the previously saved value, this can be interpreted as a degree of contamination and a warning is given.

You can also ignore this message. For time-critical measurements, however, you should remember the current exposure time.

Exclusively use pure alcohol and fresh lens cleaning paper for cleaning.

1) If the key is pressed for more than 10 seconds, the factory setting is loaded.

If cleaning the components does not have the desired result, the sensor cable may also have been damaged or the fiber connector in the controller may have become dirty.

Replace the sensor cable or send the entire system in for inspection.

You can use an ASCII command to set the warning threshold for contamination if required

- permissible deviation in %,
- the factory setting is 50 %.

The warning threshold is saved so that it is specific to the setup.

#### Setting Sensor Parameters, Web Interface 6.

#### 6.1 Inputs

#### **Synchronization** 6.1.1

Switch to the Settings tab in the Inputs menu.

Synchronization	Master / Slave /	If multiple measuring systems are to measure the same target at the
	Multifunction input 1 /	same time, the sensors/controllers can be synchronized with one an-
	Multifunction input 2	other. The synchronization output of the first sensor/controller (master)
		controls the sensors/controllers (slaves) connected at the synchroniza-
	Inactive	tion inputs, see Chap. 4.2.11, see Chap. 4.3.12.

If the controllers are operated by way of a PROFINET interface, then synchronization can also be achieved without a synchronization line. You can find details on this in the Appendix, see Chap. A 9.

#### 6.1.2 **Encoder Inputs**

### 6.1.2.1 Overview, Menu

The IFD2410/2415 supports up to three encoders, see Chap. 4.2.13.

The IFD2411 supports one encoder, see Chap. 4.3.14.

A maximum of three encoder values can be assigned to the measuring data exactly, output and also used as triggering condition. This exact assignment to the measured values is ensured by the fact that precisely those encoder values are output that were present in half of the exposure time of the measured value (the exposure time can vary due to the regulation). Tracks A and B enable direction recognition. Each of the encoders can be set separately.

Number of En- coders	1/2/3						
Encoder 1 / 2	Interpolation	single / double / quadruple resolution					
	Maximum Value	Value					
	Effect on Reference Track	no effect / set once for mark / set for all marks					
	Set to Value	Value					
	Set encoder value via software						
	Reset the detection of the first reference mark						
Encoder 3	Interpolation	single / double / quadruple resolution					
	Maximum Value	Value					
	Effect on Reference Track	no effect					
	Set to Value	Value					
	Set encoder value via software						
	Reset the detection of the first reference mark						

## 6.1.2.2 Number of Encoders

The number of encoders determines how many of the encoders are used. With 2 encoders, data output via RS422 and synchronization cannot be used. With 3 encoders, the reference tracks of encoder 1 and encoder 2 cannot be used.



## 6.1.2.3 Interpolation

Interpolation increases the resolution of an encoder. The counter reading is incremented or decremented with each interpolated pulse edge.



Fig. 39 Pulse image encoder signals

### 6.1.2.4 Maximum Value

If the encoder exceeds this maximum value, the encoder counter restarts the count at zero. This could be the pulse count of an encoder without zero pulse (reference track). The maximum counter reading before an overflow is 4,294,967,295 ( $2^{3}2-1$ ).

## 6.1.2.5 Effect of Reference Track

No effect. The encoder counter keeps on counting; the resetting takes place when the controller is switched on or when the Set to value button is pressed.

One-time setting to value at marker. Sets the encoder counter to the defined value when the first reference marker is reached. The first mark after the controller is switched on applies; without it being switching off, the marker only applies after pressing the Use next marker button.

Set for all marks. Sets the encoder counter to the starting value for all marks or when the marker is reached again, e.g. for traversing movements.

Track A	
Track B	
Zero pulse /	Fig. 4

Fig. 40 Reference signal of an encoder

#### 6.1.2.6 Set to Value

This function sets the encoders to this value

- every time the controller is switched on,

- with the Set to value button.

The start value must be less than the maximum value and is max. 4,294,967,294 (2 ^ 32-2).

#### 6.1.2.7 Reset Reference Marker

Resets the reference marker detection.

# 6.1.3 Level Function Inputs

The level must be selected for the inputs:

- Synchronization
- Multifunction

Input level	TTL / HTL	Defines the input level for the input stages.				
		TTL: Low $\leq 0.8$ V, High $\geq 2$ V HTL: Low $\leq 3$ V; High $\geq 8$ V				

## 6.1.4 Terminating Resistor



The terminating resistor at the Sync/Trig synchronization input is switched on or off to avoid reflections. On: With terminating resistor Off: No terminating resistor

The terminating resistor with 120 Ohm must be activated in the last slave.





# 6.2 Data Recording

## 6.2.1 Measuring Rate

IFD2410/2411: The measuring rate can be set continuously in a range from 0.1 kHz to 8 kHz. The increment is 1 Hz. IFD2415: The measuring rate can be set continuously in a range from 0.1 kHz to 25 kHz. The increment is 1 Hz.

The selection of the measuring rate is made in the menu Settings > Data recording > Measuring rate.

Select the desired measuring rate.

Observing the video signal is useful for selecting the measuring rate.

## Procedure:

Position the target in the middle of the measuring range, see Fig. 41. Keep adjusting the measuring rate until you get a high signal intensity that is not oversaturated.



Fig. 41 Defining measuring range and output signal

**To do this, observe the** Intensity LED.

LED	Status	Description		
Intensity	Red	Signal saturated		
	Yellow	Signal too low		
	Green	Signal OK		

- If the Intensity LED changes to red, increase the measuring rate.
- If the Intensity LED changes to yellow, increase the measuring rate.
- Choose a measuring rate that makes the Intensity LED light up green.
- If necessary, change the exposure mode, use the manual mode, see Chap. 6.2.5
- Use the required measuring rate, and adjust the exposure time. Or let the exposure time define possible measuring rates.

If the signal is low (Intensity LED is yellow) or saturated (Intensity LED is red), the controller will carry out measurements, but measuring accuracy might not correspond to the specified technical data.

# 6.2.2 Triggering Data Acquisition

## 6.2.2.1 General

The data recording on the confocalDT IFD241x can be controlled using an external electrical trigger signal or commands.

- The triggering does not affect the preselected measuring rate.
- Factory setting: no triggering, the controller starts with the data transmission output immediately after being switched on.
- The pulse of the trigger signal is at least 5  $\mu$ s.

		Level	Trigger level	Low / falling edge		
Sync /	Trigger type	Edge	Trigger level	High / increasing edge		
Multifunction input 1 / 2			Number of measured	manual selection	Value	
			values	infinite		
- <i>t</i>			Number of measured	manual selection	Value	
Software			values	infinite		
			Lower limit		Value	
Encoder 1			Upper limit	Value		
			Increment	Value		
Inactive			Continuous data recording			

Level triggering. Continuous data recording/output as long as the selected level is present. After that, the controller stops the data recording. The pulse duration must be at least as long as one cycle. The subsequent pause must also be at least as long as one cycle.

W = Displacement signal

Fig. 42 Triggering with active high level (U  $_{\rm p}$ ), associated analog signal (A  $_{\rm o}$ ) and digital signal (D  $_{\rm o}$ )

Edge triggering. Starts data recording as soon as the selected edge is present at the trigger input. The pulse must be at least 5  $\mu$ s.

Fig. 43 Triggering with falling edge (U ), associated analog signal (A ) and digital signal (D )

Software triggering. Starts data recording as soon as a software command (instead of the trigger input) or the Initiate trigger button is activated.

Encoder triggering. Starts the data recording through Encoder 1.

# 6.2.2.2 Triggering Data Recording

The current array signal is only processed and measured values are calculated from it after a valid trigger event. The measurement data is then transferred for further calculation (e.g. averaging), as well as the output via a digital or analog interface.

When calculating averages, measured values immediately before the trigger event cannot be included; instead older measured values are used, which had been entered during previous trigger events.

Fields with gray background require a selection.



Value Fields with dark border require entry of a value.

## 6.2.2.3 Trigger Time Difference

Since the exposure time is not started directly by the trigger input, the respective time difference to the measurement cycle can be output. This measured value can, for example, serve to accurately assign measurements to one place, when measuring objects are scanned at a constant speed and when each track starts with a trigger pulse.

The time from the start of the cycle until the trigger event is defined as a trigger time difference. The output of the time determined occurs 3 cycles later, due to the internal processing.



#### Fig. 44 Definition of the trigger time difference

• The start of the cycle does not mean the start of the exposure time. There is only a fixed difference of 100 ns between the start of the cycle and the end of the exposure time.

### 6.2.3 Reset Counter

The measured value counter can be used to check if the data are output completely or if a package is missing. Counting begins at zero. Time stamps and measured value counter can be reset by pressing the respective button.

## 6.2.4 Evaluation Range Masking

Masking limits the range that the video signal uses for distance or thickness calculations. This feature is used, for example, if ambient light with certain wavelengths (blue, red, IR) causes video signal interference. It is also possible to mask the background if it reaches into the measuring range.

Masking (start and end) is entered into the two boxes on the left (in %). The factory settings are 0 % (start) and 100 % (end).

• If you limit the video signal area, a peak is detected only if it lies completely within the masked area, i. e. above the threshold. This can reduce the measuring range.



## Fig. 45 Limiting the video signal used

The example shown in the figure uses peak (1) for the evaluation while peak (2) is not used.

#### 6.2.5 **Exposure Mode**

Measurement mode							
Manual mode	Exposure time 1 in $\mu$ s	IFD2410/2411: Value (3 μs 10,000 μs) IFD2415: Value (3 μs 10,000 μs)					
Alternating two-time mode	Exposure time 1 in $\mu$ s	IFD2410/2411: Value (3 μs 10,000 μs) IFD2415: Value (3 μs 10,000 μs)					
	Exposure time 2 (shorter) in $\mu$ s	Value (value is lower than exposure time 1)					
Automatic two-time mode	Exposure time 1 in $\mu$ s	IFD2410/2411: Value (3 μs 10,000 μs) IFD2415: Value (3 μs 10,000 μs)					
	Exposure time 2 (shorter) in $\mu$ s	Value (value is lower than exposure time 1)					

### Select the desired exposure type.

Measurement mode. The required or appropriate measuring rate is maintained and only the exposure time is controlled. A smaller control range is used to achieve faster results. This mode also enables the user to work with targets with different reflections that have the same measuring rates. Lasts 1 up to a maximum of 7 measurement cycles (change from no target to good reflective target with 0.1 kHz measuring rate).

Manual mode. No automatic adjustments. Set optimized parameters are maintained. This makes sense for fast changes due to targets with identical surfaces moving in and out or for highly dynamic movements (no overshooting). It is not recommended to use this mode for strongly varying target surfaces. Manual mode can also be used for several layers if the brightest peak should not be captured. The video signal display can acquire suitable measuring rates and exposure times from automatic mode.

Alternating two-time mode. Operating mode with two manually preset exposure times that are always used alternately. Suitable for two very different high peaks when measuring thickness. We recommend using this mode in particular if the smaller peak disappears or the higher peak is overmodulated. Any video averaging which may be set is ignored here.

Automatic two-time mode. Fastest mode with two manually preset exposure times. The more suitable time is automatically selected. We recommend using this mode to measure distances for rapidly changing surface properties, such as mirrored or anti-glare glass.



### 6.2.6 Peak Separation

#### 6.2.6.1 Peak Modulation

Peak modulation is used e.g. when measuring thin layers. A peak detected with the detection threshold may consist of two or more overlapping peaks. The peak modulation indicates to which degree the video signal must be modulated in order to separate the peak again for the subsequent signal processing.





Fig. 46 Separated peaks: Measurement possible

Fig. 47 Peaks interlocking: Measurement inaccuracy likely

The modulation is individually evaluated for each peak detected with the detection threshold.

Default value is 50 % as a compromise between the separability of the peaks and the measurement uncertainty due to mutual peak interference.

- Increase the value when the controller separates peaks which should be processed together.
- Decrease the value when the controller does not separate peaks which should be processed separately.

**Example 1:** With the default setting, no peak separation is carried out. The controller determines a distance from the center of gravity in the video signal.







Fig. 48 Examples for peak modulation

Changing the peak modulation is only necessary in special cases. Use this function carefully.

#### 6.2.6.2 Detection Threshold

The detection threshold (in % relative to the dark-corrected signal) defines the intensity as of which a peak in the video signal is included in the analysis. For that reason, it is essential to evaluate the video curve for this determination.

Minimum threshold	Value	Value in %, default 2 %
-------------------	-------	-------------------------

Defining the detection threshold.

- For very weak signals typical of extremely high measuring rates, choose a low detection threshold, as only signal parts above this threshold will be included in the calculation.
- In general, set the threshold high enough to prevent any interfering video signal peaks from being detected.

The detection threshold affects linearity, so it is recommended to adjust it as little as possible.

## 6.2.7 Number of Peaks, Peak Selection

The number of peaks is equivalent to the number of transitions between different materials of a target within the measuring range.



Fig. 49 Transparent target with one layer

Fig. 50 Transparent target with three layers

This function is used if, before or between the useful peaks, a material has even smaller interfering peaks caused by thin layers on the target. This function should be used with caution and should only be used by product specialists.

The selection of peak/peaks dictates which regions in the signal are used for the distance or thickness measurement. In the case of a target consisting of several transparent layers, the material must be assigned to the individual layers, see Chap. 6.2.8.

The peaks are counted starting at the start of the measuring range toward the end of the measuring range.

Peak selection	First peak / Highest peak / Last peak	Defines which signal in the array signal is used for the evaluation. First peak: Closest peak to the sensor. Highest peak: Standard, peak with the highest intensity. Last peak: Farthest peak from the sen- sor.	Close - Sensor - faraway Highest Peak First Peak Peak Peak Peak
			0 50 Range in % 100

IFD2410/2411	IFD2415	Measured values	Peak selection
•	•	1 measured value	First peak / Highest peak / Last peak
2 measured values		2 measured values	first and second peak / first and last peak / highest and second highest peak / second to last and last peak
	•	3 measured values	Individual
	•	4 measured values	Individual
	•	5 measured values	Individual
	•	6 measured values	Individual

## Fig. 51 Options for peak selection

The determination of the peak heights is performed based on light corrected signal.

The refractivity correction is performed with the standard setting. However, if more than two peaks are within the measuring range, an exact refractivity correction is performed with the same amount of peaks only. If, for example, the first or last peak of 3 peaks sometimes leaves the measuring range, it is better to switch off the refractivity correction, because then the refractivity correction will be applied to a different layer, it will not be possible to clearly assign the material. Peak 2

Peak 3

#### 6.2.8 **Material Selection**

Layer 1

Layer 2

Metal

Before selecting a material, define the number of layers of the target or the number of peaks to be expected in the video signal, see Chap. 6.2.7. Otherwise, it will not be possible to assign the material.



Assign the materials to the individual layers according to the target used.

Fig. 52 Layer structure of a target

The Link to material table button can be used to expand or reduce the material database in the controller. For a new material, a refractive index and the Abbe number v<sub>d</sub> are required or three refractive index numbers are required if there are different wavelengths (also approximately the same).

On/off refractive correction:		pos	material name	definition	nF at 486nm	nd at 587nm	nC at 656nm	VD - Abbe number	description
Layer 1: BK7	0	1	Vacuum	NX	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000		vacuum, air (approximately)
Layer 2:		2	Water	NX	1.337121	1.333044	1.331152		a liquid
Vacuum		3	Ethanol	NX	1.361400	1.361400	1.361400		ethyl alcohol, pure alcohol (a liquid)
		4	Acrylic	NX	1.497828	1.491668	1.488938		acrylic resin, adhesive, lacquer
		5	PMMA	NX	1.497761	1.491756	1.489200		polymethyl methacrylate,

Fig. 53 Selection of material-specific refractivity indices

#### 6.3 **Signal Processing, Calculation**

#### 6.3.1 **Data Source, Parameters, Calculation Programs**

One calculation operation can be performed in each calculation block. The calculation program, the data sources and the parameters of the calculation program must be set for this.

Thickness	Calculating the differ- ence	Two signals or results, Signal distance B $<$ Signal distance A	
Formula	Distance A - Distance B		
Calculation	Summation	Two signals or results	
Formula	Factor 1 * Distance A +	Factor 2 * Distance B + Offset	
Median	Sorts the measured valu	ies and outputs the average value as a median	
Moving averaging	Forms the arithmetic average		
Recursive averaging	The weighted value of each new measured value is added to the sum of the previous aver- age values		
Duplicate	Creates a signal copy		

# Fig. 54 Available calculation programs

Sequence for creating a calculation block, see Fig. 55:

- Select a program (1), e.g. average.
- Define the parameters 2. Define the data source(s) 3. Enter a block name (4). Click on the Save calculation button. (5) Apply calculation

	Calculation 2
	Calculation function
U	Calculation 💟
	Factor 1:
2	1.0
	Distance A:
3	01DIST1 📀
	Factor 2:
_	01DIST2
	Offset mm:
2	1.0
	Name:
4	
~	

Fig. 55 Sequence for the program selection

The programs calculation and thickness have two data sources. Averaging programs each have one data source.

Calculation parameters	Factor 1 / 2	Value	-32768.0 32767.0		
(calculation program)	Offset	Value	-2147.0 2147.0		
Calculation parameters (Aver- aging)	Averaging type	Recursive / Moving / Median			
	Number of values	Value	Recursive: 2 32000		
			Moving: 2 / 4 / 8 / 16 / 32 / 64 / 128 / 256 / 512 / 1024 / 2048 / 4096		
			Median: 3/5/7/9		
The number of values states over how many acquestial measured values in the controller should be averaged before a					

The number of values states over how many sequential measured values in the controller should be averaged before a new measured value is output.

# 6.3.2 Definitions

Distance value(s)	01DIST1, 01DIST2, 01DIST6
Max. 10 calculation blocks per channel/sensor. The calculation blocks are processed sequentially.	OxDISTn Block 1 Block 2 OxDISTn Block 2 Block 1 Block 1
Feedback couplings (algebraic loops) over one or several blocks are not possible. Only the distance values or the calcu- lated results from the previous calculation blocks can be used as data sources.	Block 1 Calculation
Processing sequence:	
1. Unlinearized distances	
2. Linearization of distances	
3. Refractivity correction of distances	
4. Error handling in the case of no valid measured value	
5. Spike correction of distances	
6. Calculation blocks	
7. Statistics	

# 6.3.3 Measurement Averaging

Measurement averaging is performed after measured values have been calculated, and before they are issued or processed through the relevant interfaces.

Measurement averaging

- improves the resolution,
- allows masking individual interference points, and
- "smoothes" the reading.

Linearity is not affected by averaging. Averaging has no effect on measuring rate and output rate.

The internal average value is re-calculated for each measuring cycle.

The defined type of average value and the number of values must be saved in the controller to ensure they are maintained after it has been switched off.

The controller is delivered with "moving average, averaging value = 16" as factory settings, i.e. averaging is not enabled by default.

# **Moving Average**

The definable number N for successive measured values (window width) is used to calculate the arithmetic average  $M_{mov}$  according to the following formula:

	N	MV = measured value,
	$\rangle MV(k)$	N = averaging value,
M	<u>k=1</u>	k = continuous index (in the window)
mov –	Ν	$M_{\rm mov}$ = average value or output value

Each new measured value is added, and the first (oldest) value is removed from the averaging (from the window). This produces short settling times in case of measurement jumps.

... 0, 1, 2, 2, 1, 3  

$$\downarrow$$
  
 $\frac{2, 2, 1, 3}{4} = M_{mov}(n)$   
... 1, 2, 1, 3, 4  
 $\downarrow$   
2, 1, 3, 4  
4  
Measured values  
... 1, 2, 1, 3, 4  
 $\downarrow$   
4  
Output value

Moving average in the controller allows only potentials of 2 for N. The highest averaging value is 1024.



Application tips

- Smoothing of measured values
- The effect can be finely controlled in comparison with the recursive averaging
- With uniform noise of the measured values without spikes
- In case of a slightly rough surface, in which the roughness should be eliminated
- Also suitable for measured value jumps with relatively short settling times

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## **Recursive average**

Formula:

$$M_{\rm rec}(n) = \frac{MV_{(n)} + (N-1) \times M_{\rm rec (n-1)}}{N}$$

MV = measured value,

 $N = averaging value, N = 1 \dots 32768$ 

n = Measured value index

 $M_{\rm rec}$  = average or output value

The weighted value of each new measured value MV(n) is added to the sum of the previous average values  $M_{rec}$  (n-1).

Recursive averaging allows for very strong smoothing of the measured values, however it requires long response times for measurement jumps. The recursive average value shows low-pass behavior.



Fig. 57 Recursive average, N = 8

Application tips

- Permits a high degree of smoothing of the measured values. Long transient recovery times in case of measured value jumps (low-pass behavior)
- High degree of smoothing for noise without strong spikes
- To especially smooth signal noise for static measurements
- To eliminate the roughness for dynamic measurements on rough target surfaces, e.g. roughness of paper
- To eliminate structures, e.g., parts with uniform groove structures, knurled turned parts or coarsely milled parts
- Unsuitable for highly dynamic measurements

## Median

A median value is formed from a preselected number of measured values.

When creating a median value for the controller, incoming measured values are sorted after each measurement. Then the average value is provided as the median value.

3, 5, 7 or 9 measured values are taken into account. This means that individual interference pulses can be suppressed. However, smoothing of the measurement curves is not very strong.

Example: Median value from five measured values

 $... 0 \ 1 \ \underline{2 \ 4 \ 5 \ 1 \ 3} \rightarrow \text{Sorted measurement values: } 1 \ 2 \ \underline{3} \ 4 \ 5 \qquad \text{Median}_{(n)} = 3 \\ ... 1 \ 2 \ \underline{4 \ 5 \ 1 \ 3 \ 5} \rightarrow \text{Sorted measurement values: } 1 \ 3 \ \underline{4} \ 5 \ 5 \qquad \text{Median}_{(n+1)} = 4 \\ \end{array}$ 



—— Signal without averaging —— Signal with averaging

Fig. 58 Median, N = 7

Application tips

- The measured value curve is not smoothed to a great extent; it primarily eliminates spikes
- Suppresses individual interference pulses
- In short, strong signal peaks (spikes)
- Also suitable for edge jumps (only minor influence)
- To eliminate dirt or roughness in a rough, dusty or dirty environment
- Further averaging can be used after the median filter





# 6.4 Post-Processing

# 6.4.1 Zeroing, Mastering

Use zeroing and mastering to define a nominal value within the measuring range. This shifts the output range. This feature can be useful, for example, when several sensors carry out measurements simultaneously in thickness and planarity measurements. When measuring the thickness of a transparent target, you need to specify the actual thickness of a master object as Master value.

Master value	Value	Specify the thickness (or other parameter) of a master object.
in mm	value	Value range: -2147.0 +2147.0 mm

Mastering (setting masters) is used to compensate for mechanical tolerances in the sensor measurement setup or to correct chronological (thermal) changes to the measuring system. The master value, also called calibration value, is defined as the nominal value.

The master value is the measured value that is issued as result of measuring a master object. Zeroing is a special feature of mastering, since the master value is "0" here.



The mastering/zeroing function is not channel-specific. The controller manages up to 10 master signals. These 10 signals can be applied to any internally determined value, including calculated values.

- "Mastering" or "zeroing" requires a target to be present in the measuring range. "Mastering" and
  - present in the measuring range. "Mastering" and "zeroing" affect both analog and digital outputs, as well as the web interface display.
  - 1 Trigger or undo mastering via multifunction inputs MFI 1/2 through an external source.
- 2 Selection of signals to be mastered via the multifunction inputs (1).

Overview of all existing signals for the function. 3 Selection of a signal to assign the master value

- with (4) and (5).
- 4 Enter master value.
- 5 Button for storing or deleting a signal from (3).
- 6 Apply selection of a specific signal or master to all defined signals (8).
- 7 Start or stop function for signal (6) via software.
- 8 Overview of all existing signals and their master value for the function.

Fig. 61 Mastering dialog, overview of individual master values



When setting a master, the output characteristic is moved in parallel. Moving the characteristic reduces the relevant measuring range of a sensor (the further master value and master position are located, the greater the reduction).

## Mastering / Zeroing Sequence:

- Place target and sensor into their desired positions to one another.
- Define the Master value (web interface/ASCII).

After setting the master, the controller will issue new measured values that relate to the master value. If you click the Reset master value button to undo the mastering process, the system reverts to the state that existed before the master was set.

Fig. 62 Moving the characteristic when mastering

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Fig. 63 Flowchart for zeroing, mastering (Multifunction key)

Measuring	MFI 1/2
	$\sim$ min 50 $\mu$ s
to	t <sub>2</sub>

The zeroing/mastering function can be applied several times in a row.

Fig. 64 Flowchart for undoing zeroing/mastering

### 6.4.2 Statistics

The measuring system derives the following statistical values from the result of the measurement:

- Minimum,
- Maximum and
- Peak-to-Peak.

The statistical values are calculated from the measured values within the evaluation range. The evaluation range is reset for each new measured value. The statistical values are displayed in the web interface, Measurement Chart section, or are output via the interfaces.



The statistical values are not channel-specific. The controller manages up to 3 statistics signals. These 3 signals can be applied to any internally determined value, including calculated values.

Fig. 65 Dialog for statistics, overview of the individual statistics signals

- 1 A particular signal or all statistics signals can be reset and thus a new evaluation cycle (storage period) initiated via the Reset statistical value button. The old statistical values are deleted at the start of a new cycle.
- 2 Button for deleting a signal.
- 3 Number of measured values used to determine the minimum, maximum and peak-to-peak for a signal. The value range for the calculation may be between 2 and 8192 (in powers of 2) or include all measured values.
- 4 Select the signal for the function.
- 5 Overview of all existing signals for the function.

Sequence for creating a statistical evaluation:

- Switch to the tab Settings > Post-processing > Statistics.
- Select a signal from (4) for which the statistical values are to be calculated.
- Define the evaluation range with Statistical value.



Fig. 66 Dynamic updating of the evaluation range using measured values, statistical value = 8

## 6.4.3 Data Reduction, Output Data Rate

Data reduction	Value	Instructs the controller which data are excluded from the output, thus reducing the volume of data transmitted.
Reduction applies to	RS422 / Analog	The interfaces which are provided for the sub-sampling are to be selected with the checkbox.

You can reduce the measurement output in the controller if you set the output of every nth measured value in the web interface or by command. Data reductions causes only every nth measured value to be output. The other measured values are rejected. The reduction value n can range from 1 (each measured value) to 3,000,000. This allows you to adjust slower processes, such as a PLC, to the fast controller without having to reduce the measuring rate.

## 6.4.4 Error Handling (Hold Last Value)

If no valid measured value can be determined, an error is output. Alternatively, if this interferes with further processing, the last valid value can be held, i.e. output repeatedly, for a certain amount of time.

Error han- dling	Error output, no measured value	Interfaces output an error instead of a measured value.	
	Hold last value infinitely	Interfaces output the last valid value until a new, valid measured value is available.	
	Hold last value	Value	Possible number of values to be maintained between 1 and 1024. When number = 0, the last value is maintained until a new, valid measured value is displayed.

## 6.5 Outputs

### 6.5.1 Interface RS422

The RS422 interface has a maximum baud rate of 4000 kBaud. The baud rate is set to 115.2 kBaud when the interface is delivered. Use ASCII commands or the web interface to configure.

Transfer settings for controller and PC must match.

Data format: Binary.. Interface parameters: 8 data bits, no parity, one stop bit (8N1). Selectable baud rate.

The RS422 interface transmits 18 bits per output value.

The maximum number of measured values that can be transmitted for a measuring point depends on the measuring rate of the controller and the transmission rate set for the RS422 interface. Use the maximum available transmission rate (baud rate) where possible.

Parallel output of measuring data is not possible via RS422 and PROFINET.

#### 6.5.2 Ethernet Setup Mode

The controller is set at the factory to the static IP address 169.254.168.150.

In Ethernet setup mode

- PROFINET communication is not possible,
- RS422-communication and data transmission are possible.

Ethernet setup mode is used to configure the IFD241x via web interface.

#### 6.5.3 RS422

The selection of output data from all internally determined values and from the calculated values from the computing modules is done separately for both interfaces. These data are output in a rigidly defined order.



Fig. 67 Selecting the output data

## 6.5.4 Analog Output

Only one measured value can be transmitted. The resolution of the analog output is 16 bit.

Output signal	01DIST1 / 01DIST6 /	The data selection depends on the current setting and includes the results from the calculation modules as well as the distance values.	
Output range	4 20 mA / 0 5 V / 0 10 V	Either the voltage or the current output can be used on the IFD241x.	
Scaling	Standard scaling	Scaling to 0 Measuring range	
	Two-point scaling	Start of range corresponds to (in mm):	Value
		End of range corresponds to (in mm):	Value

The first value corresponds to the start of the measuring range and the second value to the end of the measuring range. If the analog range needs to be moved, we recommend using the zeroing or mastering function.

Two-point scaling enables the user to specify separate start and end values (in mm) for the sensor's measuring range. The available output range of the analog output is then spread between the minimum and maximum measured values. This allows for decreasing analog characteristics, see Fig. 68.



Fig. 68 Scaling the analog signal

# 6.5.4.1 Calculating Measured Value from Current Output

Current output (without mastering, without two-point scaling)

Variables	Value range	Formula	
I OUT = Current [mA][3.8; <4] SMR reserve [4; 20] measuring range [>20; 20.2] EMR reserve		(/ <sub>OUT</sub> -4)	
<i>MR</i> = measuring range [mm]	{/1/2/3/6/10}	$d = \frac{16}{16} * MR$	
d = Distance [mm]	[-0.01MR; 1.01MR]		
Current output (with two-point scaling)

Variables	Value range	Formula
I <sub>OUT</sub> = Current [mA]	[3.8; <4] SMR reserve [4; 20] measuring range [>20; 20.2] EMR reserve	
<i>MR</i> = measuring range [mm]	{/1/2/3/6/10}	$d = \frac{(l_{OUT} - 4)}{16} *  n - m $
m, n = Teach range [mm]	[0; MR]	
d = Distance [mm]	[m; n]	

### 6.5.4.2 Calculation Measured Value from Voltage Output

Voltage output (without mastering, without two-point scaling)

Variables	Value range	Formula
U <sub>out</sub> = Voltage [V]	[-0.05; <0] SMR reserve [0; 5] measuring range [>5; 5.05] EMR reserve [-0.1; <0] SMR reserve	$d = \frac{V_{\text{OUT}}}{5} * MR$
	[0; 10] measuring range [>10; 10.1] EMR reserve	$d = \frac{1001}{10} * MR$
<i>MR</i> = measuring range [mm]	{/1/2/3/6/10}	
d = Distance [mm]	[-0.01MR; 1.01MR]	

# Current output (with two-point scaling)

Variables	Value range	Formula
U <sub>out</sub> = Voltage [V]	[-0.05; <0] SMR reserve [0; 5] measuring range [>5; 5.05] EMR reserve [-0.1; <0] SMR reserve [0; 10] measuring range	$d = \frac{V_{\text{OUT}}}{5} *  n - m $ $d = \frac{V_{\text{OUT}}}{10} *  n - m $
<i>MR</i> = measuring range [mm]	{/1/2/3/6/10}	
<i>m</i> , <i>n</i> = Teach range [mm]	[0; MR]	
d = Distance [mm]	[m; n]	

# 6.5.5 Data Output

Output interfaces RS422 / analog output / switching output	Decides on the interface used for outputting the measured value. The measured values are output in parallel via the interfaces selected.
--	--

# 6.6 System Settings

### 6.6.1 Web Interface Unit

The web interface supports units in millimeters (mm) and inches in the display of the measurement results. The language in the web interface can be set to German or English. Switch the language in the menu bar.

### 6.6.2 Key Lock

The key lock prevents unauthorized or unintentional execution of the key functions. A key lock can be set individually for the Multifunction and/or Correct key.

Key Lock	Automatic Value (1 60 min)		The button function will be blocked after a defined period of time has elapsed.
	Active		The key function is blocked immediately
Inactive			No key lock

The key lock can only be deactivated with Professional access authorization.

### 6.6.3 Loading and Saving

This chapter describes how to save a setup with either measurement settings or with device settings. You will also find the functions for importing and exporting the setups here, see Chap. 5.9.

### 6.6.4 Access Authorization

Assigning passwords prevents unauthorized changes to settings in the system. Password protection is not activated in the delivery state. The controller works on user level Professional. Once the controller has been configured, the password protection should be activated. The standard password for the Professional level is "000".

• A software update will not change the standard password or a user-defined password. The Professional password is independent of the setup and is therefore not loaded or saved together with the setup.

Users have the following functions available:

	User	Professional
Password required	no	yes
View settings	yes	yes
Change settings, change passwords	no	yes
View measured values, video signals	yes	yes
Scale graphs	yes	yes
Restore factory settings	no	yes

Fig. 69 Rights in the user hierarchy

Access authorization	
Current User level	
User	
Professional login password	
	1
Password for login	
User level when restarting	
Professional	

Type the standard password "000" or a user-defined password in the Password field and confirm the entry with Login.

Fig. 70 Switch to user level Professional

The user management enables the assignment of a user-defined password in operating mode Professional.

Password	Value	All passwords are case-sensitive; numbers are allowed. Special characters are not permitted.
User level when restarting	User / Professional	Defines the user level which the system starts in after it has been switched on again. MICRO-EPSILON recommends the selection Professional here.

### 6.6.5 Reset System

You can reset individual settings to the factory setting in this menu area.

Device settings	The settings for the following commands are reset to the factory settings: ANALOG RANGE, BAUD RATE, ECHO, KEYLOCK, LED. The operating mode is not affected by the device settings.
Measurement settings	Resets the preset to Standard matt and all parameters, except for interface settings, to the factory setting.
Reset material database	All settings for the material table are set to factory setting.
Reset all	Resets the device and measurement settings to factory settings.
Restart sensor	Starts the system with the last settings saved

### 6.6.6 Light Source

You can switch the light source for the system on or off. This can be done via software or with the multifunctional inputs MFI1/2.

### 6.6.7 Boot Mode

- Industrial Ethernet: The sensor/controller starts or switches to the regular PROFINET mode.

Save your settings when programming has been completed, see Chap. 5.9.

The sensor must have an IP address so that the web interface and PLC can access the sensor/controller in parallel via Ethernet (TCP/IP and UDP protocols).

# 7. Thickness Measurement, One-Sided, Transparent Target

# 7.1 Requirement

For a one-sided thickness measurement of a transparent target, the controller evaluates two signals reflected at the surfaces. Based on these two signals, the controller calculates the distances from the surfaces and, from this, derives the thickness.

- Align the sensor perpendicularly to the object to be measured. Make sure that the target is approximately in the mid of the measuring range (SMR + 0.5 x MR).
- The light beam must strike the surface of the object at a perpendicular angle. Otherwise, measurements might be inaccurate.



Fig. 71 One-sided thickness measurement on a transparent target

SMR	Start of measuring range	
MR	Measuring range	
Minimum target thickness	Sac Chapter Technical Data	
Maximum target thickness	See Chapter Technical Data	

# 7.2 Preset

confocalDT IFD2415		confocalDT IFD2410/2411	
$\rightarrow$	Switch to the Home menu.		
	Select Multi-layer airgap		Select One-sided thickness measurement
	in the configuration selection.		in the configuration selection.

This presetting prompts the controller to use the first and second peak in the video signal for the thickness calculation.

Calculation 1 in controller: Thickness	Calculation 1 in controller: Thickness	
difference from DIST2 and DIST1	difference from DIST2 and DIST1	
Calculation 2 in controller: Thickness difference from DIST3 and DIST2		

# 7.3 Material Selection

Specifying the material is essential for calculating a correct thickness value. To compensate for the spectral change of the index of refraction, at least three refractive indices at different wavelengths or a refractive index and the Abbe number must be known.

Switch to the Settings > Data recording > Material selection menu.

Select the material of the target for Layer 1 and Layer 2 (if applicable).

# 7.4 Video Signal

If a surface of the target lies outside the measuring range, the controller will send only one signal for the displacement, intensity and center of gravity. This may also occur if a signal is below the detection threshold.

Two boundary surfaces are active when the thickness of a transparent material is measured. As a result, two peaks are visible in the video signal, see Fig. 72.

Even if the detection threshold is just below the saddle between the two peaks, the controller can determine both distances and calculate the thickness from them.



Fig. 72 Video signal web page, One-sided thickness measurement

# 7.5 Signal Processing

The configuration selection One-sided thickness measurement also contains the presets for thickness calculation from the two distance signals Displacement1 and Displacement2, see Fig. 72.

In the downstream second calculation block Calculation 2, the thickness values undergo a moving averaging with an averaging depth of 16 values.

Adapt the signal processing to your measuring task.

Sensor	Calculation 1
🕑 Inputs	Calculation function
	Thickness 📀
Data acquisition	Distance A:
Signal processing	01DIST2
Calculation 1	Distance B:
Thickness: 01DIST2: 01DI	01DIST1
Calculation 2	Name:
$\tau = \frac{n-1}{2}$ Moving averaging: Ch01T	Ch01Thick12
+ Add calc module	Apply calculation

# 7.6 Measurement Chart

Switch to the Measurement chart tab and select Mess as the chart type.



Fig. 73 Measured thickness results based on a one-sided thickness measurement with one sensor

The web page shows the two distances and the thickness (difference between 01DIST2 and 01DIST1) graphically and numerically. Optionally, the intensities of both peaks (Peak 1 = near, Peak 2 = far) can also be displayed.

# 8. **PROFINET Documentation**

### 8.1 **Preliminary Remarks**

The sensor starts with the last saved operating mode. PROFINET is standard.

PROFINET mode makes sensor parameterization easy

- via web interface, see Chap. 5.2, see Chap. 6.
- records

# 8.2 General, Initial Operation

The IFD241x is a PROFINET IO device which can exchange data with a PROFINET IO controller cyclically and acyclically. The IFD241x supports PROFINET with RT (real-time communication). PROFINET IRT (isochronous real-time communication) is not currently supported.

IFD2410-x, IFD2411-x IFD2415-x Maximum measuring frequency (RT) 8 kHz (via oversampling) 25 kHz (via oversampling) Minimum bus cycle period (RT) 1 ms Supported I&M records 0 to 3 Minimum cyclical process data size 4 bytes 2700 Byte (max. 27 Submodule \* 704 Byte (max. 22 submodules \* oversampling 25 \* 4 Byte) Maximum cyclical process data size oversampling 8 \* 4 Byte) 1440 Byte will be transmitted Number of input modules 8 25 176 (max. 22 submodules \* 675 (max. 27 submodules \* Number of input submodules oversampling 8) oversampling 25)

In the delivery state, the IFD241x has no IP address and no device name. These settings only need to be made once. The IP address and device name are assigned via the PROFINET Discovery protocol. It is possible to assign the IP address and device name, for example, via the TIA portal software.

- In order to be able to use the IFD241x, you will need the GSDML file associated with the sensor/controller. This is an XML file which you need to integrate into your PLC environment.
- Define the modules in the device overview. Follow the instructions and examples for acyclic reading and writing of records.

# 8.3 Cyclical Data Traffic

In RT mode, the IFD241x achieves a minimum bus cycle time of 1 ms. In RT mode, the IFD241x measures at the internal measuring rate.

In PROFINET, the structure of the process data is defined by the modules and submodules. Modules can be placed in slots and submodules can be placed in subslots. If a submodule is placed in a subslot, the parameters of the submodule are selected for cyclical process data transmission. A submodule contains at least one parameter.

The IFD241x adapts dynamically to the module configuration carried out by you in the PLC. Reconfiguring the modules is possible without restarting the sensor.

The IFD241x

- defines 8 different input modules,
- each containing 22 submodules (IFD2410, IFD2411) resp. 27 submodules (IFD2415).

The 8 input modules may be placed exclusively in slot 1, but this will mean that only one module can ever be selected. When selecting an input module, you will decide on a type of oversampling. Oversampling 1 to 8 (IFD2410, IFD2411) resp. 25 (IFD2415) are available to choose from. Oversampling is a mechanism by means of which the sensor can measure faster than the bus cycle. Process data is collected in the sensor over several measurement cycles and written to the process data frame one after the other. In the case of oversampling, a process data frame thus contains the same parameter several times from different measurement cycles. In the case of oversampling of 3, for example, the process data frame contains each parameter of a submodule three times. Older parameters stand further forward in the process data frame. In RT mode, oversampling thus makes it possible to have the sensor measure at a maximum measuring frequency of 8 kHz (IFD2410, IFD2411) resp. 25 kHz (IFD2415), even though the sensor itself only supports bus cycles of 1 kHz.

		IFD2410	)-x, IFD2411-x	IFI	D2415-x
Name of input module	Oversampling	Number of submodules	Process data size in bytes	Number of submodules	Process data size in bytes
Oversampling 1 input	1	22	4 to 120	27	4 to 176
Oversampling 2 input	2	22	8 to 240	27	8 to 352
Oversampling 3 input	3	22	12 to 360	27	12 to 528
Oversampling 4 input	4	22	16 to 480	27	16 to 704
Oversampling 5 input	5	22	20 to 600	27	20 to 880
Oversampling 6 input	6	22	24 to 720	27	24 to 1056
Oversampling 7 input	7	22	28 to 840	27	28 to 1232
Oversampling 8 input	8	22	32 to 960	27	32 to 1408
Oversampling 9 input	9	no	·	27	36 to 1584
Oversampling 10 input	10	no		27	40 to 1760
					· ·
Oversampling 25 input	25	no		27	100 bis 4400

Fig. 74 Input modules available for selection

You must select at least 1 submodule per module. The submodules can be placed in any of subslots 1 to 22 for the IFD2410 and IFD2411 resp. 1 to 27 for the IFD2415. If you select a submodule with oversampling of greater than 1, the parameters of a submodule are transmitted one after the other multiple times.

IFD2410-x, IFD	)2411-x	IFD2415-x		Process data
Submodul, name	Parameter	Submodul, name	Parameter	size in bytes
Channel 1 distance 1	Distance 1	Channel 1 distance 1	Distance 1	4 (UINT32)
Channel 1 distance 2	Distance 2	Channel 1 distance 2	Distance 2	4 (UINT32)
			Distance 3	4 (UINT32)
			Distance 4	4 (UINT32)
no	no	Channel 1 distance 3 to 6	Distance 5	4 (UINT32)
			Distance 6	4 (UINT32)
Channel 1 intensity 1	Intensity 1	Channel 1 intensity 1	Intensity 1	4 (UINT32)
Channel 1 intensity 2	Intensity 2	Channel 1 intensity 2	Intensity 2	4 (UINT32)
			Intensity 3	4 (UINT32)
		Channel 1 intensity 0 to 6	Intensity 4	4 (UINT32)
no	no	Channel 1 Intensity 3 to 6	Intensity 5	4 (UINT32)
			Intensity 6	4 (UINT32)
Channel 1 shutter	Shutter time	Channel 1 shutter	Belichtungszeit	4 (UINT32)
no	no	Channel 1 peak symmetry 1	Peak symmetry 1	4 (UINT32)
no	no	Channel 1 peak symmetry 2	Peak symmetry 2	4 (UINT32)
	no	Channel 1 peak symmetry 3 to 6	Peak symmetrie 3	4 (UINT32)
			Peak symmetry 4	4 (UINT32)
			Peak symmetry 5	4 (UINT32)
			Peak symmetry 6	4 (UINT32)
Channel 1 anoder 1 and 0	Encoder value 1	Channel 1 anoder 1 and 0	Encoder value 1	4 (UINT32)
	Encoder value 2		Encoder value 2	4 (UINT32)
Channel 1 encoder 3	Encoder value 3	Channel 1 encoder 3	Encoder value 3	4 (UINT32)
Counter	Measured value	Counter	Measured value	4 (UINT32)
Time stamp	Time stamp	Time stamp	Time stamp	4 (UINT32)
Frequency	Frequency	Frequency	Frequency	4 (UINT32)
User calc output 01	Calculation result 01	User calc output 01	Calculation result 01	4 (UINT32)
User calc output 02	Calculation result 02	User calc output 02	Calculation result 02	4 (UINT32)
		I		, ,
User calc output 05	Calculation result 05	User calc output 05	Calculation result 05	4 (UINT32)
	Calculation result 06		Calculation result 06	4 (UINT32)
User calc output 06 and 07	Calculation result 07	User calc output us and 07	Calculation result 07	4 (UINT32)
	Calculation result 08		Calculation result 08	4 (UINT32)
User calc output 08 and 09	Calculation result 09		Calculation result 09	4 (UINT32)
User calc output 18 and 19	Calculation result 18	User calc output 18 and 19	Calculation result 18	4 (UINT32)
	Calculation result 19		Calculation result 19	4 (UINT32)

Fig. 75 Oversampling 1 input, submodules available for selection

IFD2410-x, IFD2411-x		IFD2415-x		Process data
Submodul, name	Parameter	Submodul, Name	Parameter	size in bytes
Channel 1 distance 1	Distance 1 (0/1)	Channel 1 distance 1	Distance 1 (0/1)	8 (UINT32 each)
Channel 1 distance 2	Distance 2 (0/1)	Channel 1 distance 2	Distance 2 (0/1)	8 (UINT32 each)
			Distance 3 (0/1)	8 (UINT32 each)
			Distance 4 (0/1)	8 (UINT32 each)
no	no	Channel 1 distance 3 to 6	Distance 5 (0/1)	8 (UINT32 each)
			Distance 6 (0/1)	8 (UINT32 each)
Channel 1 intensity 1	Intensity 1 (0/1)	Channel 1 intensity 1	Intensity 1 (0/1)	8 (UINT32 each)
Channel 1 intensity 2	Intensity 2 (0/1)	Channel 1 intensity 2	Intensity 2 (0/1)	8 (UINT32 each)
			Intensity 3 (0/1)	8 (UINT32 each)
		Channel 1 intensity 2 to 6	Intensity 4 (0/1)	8 (UINT32 each)
			Intensity 5 (0/1)	8 (UINT32 each)
			Intensity 6 (0/1)	8 (UINT32 each)
Channel 1 shutter	Shutter time 0/1)	Channel 1 shutter	Belichtungszeit (0/1)	8 (UINT32 each)
no	no	Channel 1 peak symmetry 1	Peak symmetry 1 (0/1)	8 (UINT32 each)
nein	no	Channel 1 peak symmetry 2	Peak symmetry 2 (0/1)	8 (UINT32 each)
			Peak symmetry 3 (0/1)	8 (UINT32 each)
		Channel 1 peak	Peak symmetry 4 (0/1)	8 (UINT32 each)
no	no	symmetry 3 to 6	Peak symmetry 5 (0/1)	8 (UINT32 each)
			Peak symmetry 6 (0/1)	8 (UINT32 each)
Channel 1 encoder 1 and 2	Encoder value 1 (0/1) Encoder value 2 (0/1)	Channel 1 encoder 1 and 2	Encoder value 1 (0/1) Encoder value 2 (0/1)	16 (UINT32 each)
Channel 1 encoder 3	Encoder value 3 (0/1)	Channel 1 encoder 3	Encoder value 3 (0/1)	8 (UINT32 each)
Counter	Measured value counter (0/1)	Counter	Measured value counter (0/1)	8 (UINT32 each)
Time stamp	Time stamp (0/1)	Time stamp	Time stamp (0/1)	8 (UINT32 each)
Frequency	Frequency (0/1)	Frequency	Frequency (0/1)	8 (UINT32 each)
User calc output 01	Calculation result 01 (0/1)	User calc output 01	Calculation result 01 (0/1)	8 (UINT32 each)
User calc output 02	Calculation result 02 (0/1)	User calc output 02	Calculation result 02 (0/1)	8 (UINT32 each)
			1	
User calc output 05	Calculation result 05 0/1)	User calc output 05	Calculation result 05 (0/1)	8 (UINT32 each)
User calc output 06 and 07	Calculation result 06 (0/1) Calculation result 07 (0/1)	User calc output 06 and 07	Calculation result 06 (0/1) Calculation result 07 (0/1)	16 (UINT32 each)
User calc output 08 and 09	Calculation result 08 (0/1) Calculation result 09 (0/1)	User calc output 08 and 09	Calculation result 08 (0/1) Calculation result 09 (0/1)	16 (UINT32 each)
	1			
User calc output 18 and 19	Calculation result 18 (0/1) Calculation result 19 (0/1)	User calc output 18 and 19	Calculation result 18 (0/1) Calculation result 19 (0/1)	16 (je UINT32)

Fig. 76 Oversampling 2 input, submodules available for selection

With an oversampling of 2, this means, for example, that for the Frequency submodule, the frequency from the previous measuring cycle is transmitted in bytes 0 to 3 and the frequency from the current measuring cycle is transmitted in bytes 4 to 7.

The parameters and the respective sizes of the process data for an oversampling 3 to 8 for the IFD2410 und IFD2411 or 3 to 25 for the IFD2415 are formed analogously to the mentioned schemes.

# 8.4 Data Format, Little-Endian

The IFD241x sends the cyclical process data in little-endian format.

The acyclic demand data is also in little-endian format; records are read as little-endian and must also be written as little-endian.

If the PLC uses the big-endian format, the byte sequence must be swapped.

AllenBradley	Big-endian
BECKHOFF	Big-endian
Festo	Little-endian

Omron Big-endian

SIEMENS S7-300 Big-endian

SIEMENS S7-1200/150 Little-endian

Fig. 77 Data format, examples of some manufacturers

# 8.5 Acyclical Reading and Writing of Records with RDREC or WRREC

### 8.5.1 General

The IFD241x can be parameterized using acyclic demand data that is not transmitted cyclically. This acyclic demand data is organized into the so-called records in PROFINET.

A record is a contiguous block

- of one or more parameters,
- to which read or write access is possible.

When reading or writing a record, you must fill the read or write request with AR, API, slot, subslot, index and the read/ write length.

### 8.5.2 I&M Records

PROFINET defines so-called Identification and Maintenance records that contain a range of device information. These records are available in every PROFINET device.

The read and write request is addressed as follows:

Parameter	Length in bytes	Value
AR	0	Always 0
API	4	Always 0
Slot	2	Always 0
Subslot	2	Always 1
Index	2	0xAFF0 – 0xAFF3
Length	4	See Block Length

The IFD241x supports I&M records 0 to 3.

	Parameter	Data type	Info
	Block Type	UINT16	0x0020
   Block Hooder	Block Length	UINT16	0x0038
BIOCK Header	Block Version High	UINT8	0x01
	Block Version Low	UINT8	0x00
I&MO	Manufacturer ID	UINT16	0x0426 (MICRO-EPSILON Messtechnik GmbH)
	Serial Number	UINT8(16)	

Fig. 78 Structure of I&M0 record, index: 0xAFF0, access: Read only

	Parameter	Data type	Info
Block Header	Block Type	UINT16	0x0021
	Block Length	UINT16	0x0038
	Block Version High	UINT8	0x01
	Block Version Low	UINT8	0x00
I&M1	Function Tag	UINT8(32)	
	Location Tag	UINT8(22)	

Fig. 79 Structure of I&M1 record, index: 0xAFF1, access: Read-write

	Parameter	Data type	Info
Block Header	Block Type	UINT16	0x0022
	Block Length	UINT16	0x0012
	Block Version High	UINT8	0x01
	Block Version Low	UINT8	0x00
1&M2	Installation date	UINT8(16)	Installation date
	Reserved	UINT8(38)	Reserved

Fig. 80 Structure of I&M2 record, index: 0xAFF2, access: Read-write

	Parameter	Data type	Info
Block Header	Block Type	UINT16	0x0023
	Block Length	UINT16	0x0038
	Block Version High	UINT8	0x01
	Block Version Low	UINT8	0x00
1&M3	Descriptor	UINT8(54)	Description text

Fig. 81 Structure of I&M3 record, index: 0xAFF3, access: Read-write

You can find more information on I&M records at:

https://www.profibus.com/download/PROFINET-specification

### 8.5.3 Parameter Documentation

To configure parameters in the IFD241x, an additional addressing level, the parameter ID, is used. Each parameter has a unique parameter ID.

Individual parameters, for example the measuring rate, can be selected in the IFD241x via the parameter ID, starting at 50000. For this, you will first need to write the desired parameter ID into the 0x2000 records. Then you can read and write the parameter.

You can find an overview of the parameters in the Appendix, see Chap. A 9.

#### **Error, Repair** 9.

#### 9.1 **Web Interface Communication**

If an error page is displayed in the web browser, please check the following points.

- Check to make sure the controller is connected correctly, see Chap. 5.1.
- Check the IP configuration of PC and controller, find the controller with the sensorTOOL program, see Chap. 5.1. If the controller and PC are connected directly, it can take up to two minutes for them to agree on the IP addresses.
- Check proxy settings used. If the controller is connected to the PC via a separate network card, then it will be necessary to disable the use of a proxy server for this connection. Please ask your network manager or administrator about this!

#### **Changing the Sensor Cable on the Sensors** 9.2

- Loosen the protective sleeve on the sensor. Remove the defective sensor cable.
- Feed the new sensor cable through the protective sleeve.
- Remove the protective cap on the sensor cable and save it for safe keeping.
- Guide the guide lug of the sensor connector into the groove of the port.
- Screw the sensor plug and sensor port together.
- Screw the protective sleeve back onto the sensor.
- Conduct a dark correction see Chap. 5.10.

#### 9.3 **Replacing the Protective Glass on the Sensors**

The protective glass must be replaced in case of:

- irreversible contamination,
- scratches.

The sensor may not be used without a protective glass, as doing so will impair its measuring accuracy. 1

Loosen the front frame incl. protective glass on the sensor.





- Remove the seal and insert the O-ring into the frame groove of the new protective glass.
- Screw the new frame incl. protective glass back onto the sensor.





# 10. Software Support with MEDAQLib

MEDAQLib is a documented driver DLL. This allows you to integrate the confocal measuring system into existing PC software or that of the customer.

Connection options:

- RS422/USB converter (optional accessories) and suitable PC2415-x/OE connection cable for IFD2410/2415 or SC2415-x/OE for IFC2411.

No knowledge of the underlying protocol of the respective controller is necessary to be able to contact the controller. The individual commands and parameters for the controller to be addressed are set via an abstract function and converted into the protocol of the controller by the MEDAQLib accordingly.

### MEDAQLib

- contains a DLL that can be imported into C, C++, VB, Delphi and many other programs,
- takes care of data conversion for you,
- works regardless of the type of interface used,
- uses the same functions for communication (commands),
- provides a single transmission format for all MICRO-EPSILON sensors.

For C/C++ programmers, an additional header file and a library file are integrated into MEDAQLib.

You can find the current driver routine including documents at:

https://www.micro-epsilon.com/service/download/

https://www.micro-epsilon.com/link/software/medaqlib

# 11. Disclaimer

All components of the device have been checked and tested for functionality in the factory. However, should any defects occur despite careful quality control, these shall be reported immediately to MICRO-EPSILON or to your distributor / retailer.

MICRO-EPSILON undertakes no liability whatsoever for damage, loss or costs caused by or related in any way to the product, in particular consequential damage, e.g., due to

- non-observance of these instructions/this manual,

- improper use or improper handling (in particular due to improper installation, commissioning, operation and maintenance) of the product,

- repairs or modifications by third parties,
- the use of force or other handling by unqualified persons

This limitation of liability also applies to defects resulting from normal wear and tear (e.g., to wearing parts) and in the event of non-compliance with the specified maintenance intervals (if applicable).

MICRO-EPSILON is exclusively responsible for repairs. It is not permitted to make unauthorized structural and/or technical modifications or alterations to the product. In the interest of further development, MICRO-EPSILON reserves the right to modify the design.

In addition, the General Terms of Business of MICRO-EPSILON shall apply, which can be accessed under Legal details Micro-Epsilon https://www.micro-epsilon.com/legal-details. For translations into other languages, the German version shall prevail.

# 12. Service, Repair

If the measuring system is defective:

- If possible, save the current settings in the PLC but not in the sensor/controller. When the PLC starts up, it distributes the settings to the sensor/controller again.
- Please send us the affected parts for repair or exchange.

If the cause of a fault cannot be clearly identified, please send the entire system with cables to:

MICRO-EPSILON MESSTECHNIK GmbH & Co. KG Königbacher Str. 15 94496 Ortenburg / Germany

Tel. +49 (0) 8542 / 168-0 Fax +49 (0) 8542 / 168-90 info@micro-epsilon.com www.micro-epsilon.com

# 13. Decommissioning, Disposal

To prevent environmentally harmful substances from being released and to ensure the reuse of valuable raw materials, please note the following rules and obligations:

- All cables must be removed from the sensor and/or controller.
- The sensor and/or controller, its components and the accessories, as well as the packaging materials, are to be disposed of according to the country-specific waste treatment and disposal regulations for the respective area of use.
- You are obligated to observe all relevant national laws and provisions.

The following (disposal) instructions apply in Germany / the EU:

- old devices labeled with a crossed-out garbage can must not be disposed of in normal waste (e.g. garbage can or yellow bin) and must be disposed of separately. This prevents hazards to the environment due to improper disposal and proper further use of the old devices is ensured.



- A list of national legislation and contacts in EU Member States can be found at <a href="https://ec.europa.eu/environment/top-ics/waste-and-recycling/waste-electrical-and-electronic-equipment-weee\_en">https://ec.europa.eu/environment/top-ics/waste-and-recycling/waste-electrical-and-electronic-equipment-weee\_en</a>. Here you have the opportunity to learn about the respective national collection and return points.
- Old devices can also be sent back to MICRO-EPSILON for disposal, to the address provided in the Legal Notice at <a href="https://www.micro-epsilon.com/legal-details">https://www.micro-epsilon.com/legal-details</a>.
- Please note that you yourself are responsible for deleting the measurement-specific and personal data from the old devices being disposed of.
- We are registered as a manufacturer of electrical and/or electronic devices under registration number WEEE-Reg.-Nr. DE28605721 with Stiftung Elektro-Altgeräte Register, Nordostpark 72, 90411 Nuremberg.

# Appendix

# A 1 Optional Accessories, Services

### A 1.1 Optional Accessories confocalDT IFD2410/2415

- SC2415-x/OEConnection cable with 17-pole M12 socket and open ends for analog output, digital I/O and<br/>encoder; drag chain-compatible, cable length x = 3 m, 6 m, 9 m or 15 m
- PC2415-x Cable extension with 12-pole M12 socket and 12-pole M12 plug for supply, RS422 or encoder, Industrial Ethernet; drag chain-compatible, cable length x = 3 m, 6 m, 9 m or 15 m
- PC2415-x/OEConnection cable with 12-pole M12 socket and open ends, suitable for PC2415-x, supply, RS422<br/>or encoder, Industrial Ethernet; drag chain-compatible, cable length x = 3 m, 6 m, 9 m or 15 m

IF2001/USB Converter from RS422 to USB, type: IF2001/USB, suitable for PC2415-x/OE cable, including driver, Connections: 1x 10-pin socket strip (cable clamp), type: Würth 691361100010; 1x 6-pin socket strip (cable clamp), type: Würth 691361100006

PS2020 Power supply for DIN rail installation, input 230 VAC, output 24 VDC/2.5 A

# A 1.2 Optional Accessories confocalDT IFD2411

### Cable C2401 with FC/APC and E2000/APC connector

C2401-x	Optical fiber (3 m, 5 m, 10 m, customer-specific length up to 50 m)
C2401/PT-x	Optical fiber with protective sleeve for mechanical strain (3 m, 5 m, 10 m, customer-specific length up to 50 m)
C2401-x(01)	Optical fiber core diameter 26 $\mu$ m (3 m, 5 m, 15 m)
C2401-x(10)	Optical fiber in drag chain-compatible design (3 m, 5 m, 10 m)
Mounting adapter	
MA2400-27	Mounting adapter for IFS2404-1 / IFS2404-3 / IFS2404-6 sensors

MA2404-12 Mounting adapter for IFS2404-2(001) / IFS2404/90-2(001) sensors

JMA-xx Adjustable mounting adapter, see Chap. A 3

### Other accessories

SC2415-x/OE	Connection cable with 17-pole M12 socket and open ends for analog output, digital I/O and encoder; drag chain-compatible, cable length $x = 3$ m, 6 m, 9 m or 15 m
IF2001/USB	Converter from RS422 to USB, type: IF2001/USB, suitable for SC2415-x/OE cable, including driver, Connections: 1x 10-pin socket strip (cable clamp), type: Würth 691361100010; 1x 6-pin socket strip (cable clamp), type: Würth 691361100006
PS2020	Power supply for DIN rail installation, input 230 VAC, output 24 VDC/2.5 A

### Vacuum feedthrough

C2402/Vac/KF16	Vacuum feedthrough for optical fiber, 1 channel, vacuum-side FC/APC, non-vacuum-side E2000/APC, clamping flange type KF 16
C2405/Vac/1/KF16	Vacuum feedthrough on both sides FC/APC socket, 1 channel, clamping flange type KF 16
C2405/Vac/1/CF16	Vacuum feedthrough on both sides FC/APC socket, 1 channel, flange type CF 16
C2405/Vac/6/CF63	Vacuum feedthrough for optical fiber on both sides FC/APC socket, 6 channels, flange type CF 63

### A 1.3 Services

- confocalDT measuring system linearity check and adjustment
- confocalDT measuring system calibration

# A 2 Factory Settings

# A 2.1 confocalDT IFD2410/2415

Number of Peaks	1 measured value, highest peak
Evaluation range	Range start corresponds to 0 % Range end corresponds to 100 %
Exposure mode	Measurement mode
User group	Professional, password "000"
Data reduction	Inactive
Detection Threshold	2%
Error handling	Error output, no measured value
Measuring program	Distance measurement, "Standard matt"
Measuring Rate	1 kHz
Peak modulation	50 %

RS422	921.6 kBps
Switching output 1	Intensity error, switching level in case of error: Push Pull
Switching output 2	Measuring range error, switching level in case of error: Push Pull
Interface	PROFINET
Signal Processing	01DIST1, moving averaging, 16 values
Synchronization	no synchronization
Key function	Change operating mode, dark correction, factory setting
Key Lock	Inactive
Trigger mode	No trigger

# A 2.2 confocalDT IFD2411

Number of Peaks	1 measured value, highest
Evaluation range	Range start corresponds to 0 % Range end corresponds to 100 %
Exposure mode	Measurement mode
User group	Professional, password "000"
Data reduction	Inactive
Detection Threshold	2%
Error handling	Error output, no measured value
Measuring program	Distance measurement, "Standard matt"
Measuring Rate	1 kHz
Peak modulation	50 %

RS422	921.6 kBps
Interface	PROFINET
Signal Processing	01DIST1, moving averaging, 16 values
Synchronization	no synchronization
Key function	Change operating mode, dark correction, factory setting
Key Lock	Inactive
Trigger mode	No trigger

# A 3 Adjustable Mounting Adapter JMA-xx

# A 3.1 Functions

- Supports optimal sensor alignment for best possible measurement results
- Manual adjustment mechanism for easy and fast adjustment
  - Shift in X/Y: ±2 mm
  - Tilt angle: ±4°
- High resistance to shocks and vibrations due to radial clamping allows integration into machines
- Compatible with numerous confocalDT and interferoMETER sensor models

# A 3.2 Sensor Mounting, Compatibility

# Radial clamping for sensors with



# A 3.3 Mounting

- Mount the sensor in the mounting ring, see figure.
- Use reducing sleeves for sensors with an outer diameter of less than 27 mm.
- Mount the mounting adapter with screws type M4, see dimensional drawing.



# A 3.4 Dimensional Drawing of Mounting Adapter



# A 3.5 Perpendicular Alignment of Sensor

With the light source switched on, align the sensor with the target.

### Horizontal shift ±2 mm



Shift to the left:

Turn the hexagon socket screw clockwise

Shift to the right:

Turn the hexagon socket screw counterclockwise

### Horizontal tilt angle ±4°



Tilt to the left:

Turn the hexagon socket screw clockwise

Tilt to the right:

Turn the hexagon socket screw counterclockwise





Shift downwards:

Turn the hexagon socket screw clockwise

Shift upwards:

Turn the hexagon socket screw counterclockwise

### Vertical tilt angle ±4°



Shift downwards:

Turn the hexagon socket screw clockwise

Shift upwards:

Turn the hexagon socket screw counterclockwise

# A 4 Cleaning Optical Components

# A 4.1 Contamination

Contamination of optical surfaces and components can increase the dark value and affect sensitivity and accuracy. To prevent this, it is necessary to clean the optical components and record the dark value. "Dark value" refers to the interfering reflections at boundary surfaces along the optical signal path. At each boundary surface or material transition, the light waves are reflected to a certain extent at the transition and travel back in the fiber optics. The interfering signal overlaps with the useful signal and forms a kind of signal noise.

If the interference signal is sufficiently high and the useful signal is relatively weak, the useful signal can no longer be clearly identified. This may cause the measuring system to confuse a dark value peak with the measurement signal. Thus the calculated distance of the measuring object does not match the actual one.







Sensor Protective glass

Sensor Cable FC connector E2000 connector

Fig. 82 Optical boundary surfaces of a confocal measuring system

Conduct a dark correction see Chap. 5.10.





Video signal before dark correction (high dark value, blue line)



If the video signal corresponds to the condition before the dark correction, you must clean the optical boundary surfaces within the measuring system. Clean the optical surfaces one by one to find the dirty component. You can observe how cleaning improves the result by watching the dark signal of the video signal.

Continue with the section Protective Glass of Sensor.

• Check and clean the protective glass of the sensor at regular intervals depending on the operating conditions. Clean the system starting from the controller to the sensor. Always clean both components of a matched pair, i.e. plug and socket.

#### A 4.2 **Tools and Cleaning Agents**

One-Click <sup>™</sup> Cleaner	Isopropyl alcohol	Q-Tip, suitable for clean rooms	Pressurized gas, dry and oil-free
			DRUCKLUFT
For FC or E2000 type plug or socket	For the protective glass of the sensor	Use with isopropyl alcohol for protective glass of the sensor	Removes loose particles

#### A 4.3 **Sensor Protective Glass**

Loose particles

Blow off loose particles with dry, oil-free pressurized air.

# Stuck particles

Clean the protective glass with a clean, soft, lint-free cloth or lens cleaning paper and pure alcohol (isopropyl alcohol).

For sensors with a small protective glass, e.g., the IFS2404-2(001) series:

Soak a Q-Tip in isopropyl alcohol. Slowly rub the Q-Tip with a circular motion on the protective glass.



If the video signal corresponds to the condition before the dark correction, you must clean the boundary surfaces within the measuring system.

**Continue with the section** Interface between Controller and Sensor Cable.







# A 4.4 Interface between Controller and Sensor Cable

- Disconnect the sensor cable (fiber optic cable) from the controller.
- Remove the protective cap of the One-Click<sup>™</sup> cleaner.
- Put the One-Click<sup>™</sup> cleaner into the fiber optic connector of the controller, see figure.
- Press the outer sleeve of the One-Click<sup>™</sup> cleaner onto the fiber optic connector until a click noise signalizes the end of cleaning.



Fig. 84 One-Click<sup>™</sup> Cleaner for cleaning E2000 optical fiber transitions

- Plug the protective front cap on the controller into the optical fiber connection.
- Remove the front protective cap of the One-Click<sup>™</sup> cleaner.
- Put the One-Click<sup>™</sup> cleaner into the optical fiber, see figure.
- Press the outer sleeve of the One-Click<sup>™</sup> cleaner onto the fiber optic connector until a click noise signalizes the end of cleaning.

-	HA	6	

- Plug the sensor cable into the controller.
- Conduct a dark correction.

If the video signal corresponds to the condition before the dark correction, you must clean the boundary surfaces within the measuring system.

Continue with the section Interface between Sensor Cable and Sensor.

# A 4.5 Interface between Sensor Cable and Sensor

Remove the sensor cable (fiber optic cable) from the sensor.

■Remove the front protective cap of the One-Click<sup>™</sup> cleaner.

■Put the One-Click<sup>™</sup> cleaner into the optical fiber, see figure.

Press the outer sleeve of the One-Click<sup>™</sup> cleaner onto the fiber optic connector until a click noise signalizes the end of cleaning.



Plug a protective cap onto the optical fiber.

Sensor with optical fiber in the sensor:

■Remove the protective cap of the One-Click<sup>™</sup> cleaner.

■Put the One-Click<sup>™</sup> cleaner into the sensor, see figure.

■Press the outer sleeve of the One-Click<sup>™</sup> cleaner onto the sensor until a click noise signalizes the end of cleaning.



Put the sensor cable and sensor together.

Conduct a dark correction.

If the video signal corresponds to the condition before the dark correction, you must clean the boundary surfaces within the measuring system.

Continue with the section Interface between Controller and Sensor Cable.

# A 4.6 Preventive Protection

Sensors and controllers of a confocal chromatic sensor system are supplied with protective caps. This prevents dust or similar contaminants from being deposited at the optical boundary surfaces.

Cover all optical fiber connections immediately when replacing sensors or disconnecting a sensor cable from the controller.





# A 5 Configuring IP Addresses

Navigate to your PLC properties.

- To do this, click on the PLC in the network view or the device view.
- Enter the correct IP address and subnet mask of your PLC in the tab General > Ethernet addresses.

# A 6 ASCII Communication with Controller

# A 6.1 General

The ASCII commands can be sent to the controller via the RS422 interface or Ethernet (Port 23). All commands, inputs and error reports are in English. A command always consists of the command name and zero or several parameters that are separated with a space and end in LF. If spaces are used in parameters, the parameter must be placed in quotation marks, e.g. "Password with space".

Example: Switching on output via RS422

OUTPUT RS422 🖵

Note: Aust contain LF, but can also be CR LF.

Explanation: LF Line feed (hex 0A)

CR Carriage return (hex 0D)

Lenter (depending on system, hex 0A or hex 0D0A)

The currently set parameter value is reset if a command is invoked without parameters.

The output format is:

<Command name> <Parameter1> [<Parameter2> [...]]

The response can be used again without changes as a command for setting the password. Optional parameters are only returned as well if this is necessary.

After a command is processed, a line break and a prompt ("->") is always returned. In the event of an error, an error message beginning with "Exx", where xx stands for a unique error number, comes before the prompt. Moreover, instead of error messages, warning messages ("Wxx") may be output. Warnings are structured like error messages, such as "If Xenon lamp is too hot...". Warnings do not prevent commands from being executed.

# A 6.2 Commands Overview

Group	Chapter	Command	Brief information
General			
	Chap. A 6.3.1.1	HELP	Help
	Chap. A 6.3.2.2	GETINFO	Controller information
	Chap. A 6.3.1.3	ECHO	Reply type
	Chap. A 6.3.1.4	PRINT	Parameter overview
	Chap. A 6.3.1.5	SYNC	Synchronization
	Chap. A 6.3.1.6	TERMINATION	Termination resistor
	Chap. A 6.3.1.7	RESET	Boot sensor
	Chap. A 6.3.1.8	RESETCNT	Reset counter
User lev	/el		
	Chap. A 6.3.2.1	LOGIN	Change user level
	Chap. A 6.3.2.2	LOGOUT	Change to user level User
	Chap. A 6.3.2.3	GETUSERLEVEL	User level query
	Chap. A 6.3.2.4	STDUSER	Set standard user
	Chap. A 6.3.2.5	PASSWD	Change password
Inputs			
	Chap. A 6.3.3	MFILEVEL	Input level multifunction inputs
Sensor			
	Chap. A 6.3.4.1	SENSORTABLE	Display available sensors
	Chap. A 6.3.4.2	SENSORINFO	Information on sensor
	Chap. A 6.3.4.3	DARKCORR	Start dark correction
	Chap. A 6.3.4.4	LED	LED on/off
	Chap. A 6.3.4.5	LEDSOURCE	Control input measurement light source

Triggeri	ng		
	Chap. A 6.3.5.1	TRIGGERSOURCE	Trigger source
	Chap. A 6.3.5.2	TRIGGERAT	Effect of trigger input
	Chap. A 6.3.5.3	TRIGGERMODE	Trigger type
	Chap. A 6.3.5.4	TRIGGERLEVEL	Active level of trigger input
	Chap. A 6.3.5.5	TRIGGERSW	Generates a software trigger pulse
	Chap. A 6.3.5.6	TRIGGERCOUNT	Number of measured values to be specified
	Chap. A 6.3.5.7	TRIGINLEVEL	Trigger Level TrigIn (TTL / HTL)
	Chap. A 6.3.5.8	TRIGGERENCSTEPSIZE	Step Size Encoder Triggering
	Chap. A 6.3.5.9	TRIGGERENCMIN	Minimum Encoder Triggering
	Chap. A 6.3.5.10	TRIGGERENCMAX	Maximum Encoder Triggering
Encode	r		
	Chap. A 6.3.6.1	META_ENCODERCOUNT	Number of Available Encoders
	Chap. A 6.3.6.2	ENCINTERPOLn	Setting Interpolation Depth
	Chap. A 6.3.6.3	ENCREFn	Setting the Reference Track
	Chap. A 6.3.6.4	ENCVALUEn	Setting Encoder Value
	Chap. A 6.3.6.5	ENCSET	Setting Encoder
	Chap. A 6.3.6.6	ENCRESET	Reset Encoder Value
	Chap. A 6.3.6.7	ENCMAXn	Setting Maximum Encoder Value
	Chap. A 6.3.6.8	ENCODERCOUNT	Number of Active Encoders
Interfac	e		
	Chap. A 6.3.7	BAUDRATE	Setting RS422
Paramet	ter Management, L	oad/Save Settings	
	Chap. A 6.3.8.1	BASICSETTINGS	Load Connection Settings
	Chap. A 6.3.8.2	CHANGESETTINGS	Show Changed Parameters
	Chap. A 6.3.8.3	EXPORT	Export Parameter Sets
	Chap. A 6.3.8.4	IMPORT	Import Parameter Sets
	Chap. A 6.3.8.5	SETDEFAULT	Set Factory Settings
	Chap. A 6.3.8.6	MEASSETTINGS	Edit Measurement Settings
Measure	ement		
	Chap. A 6.3.9.1	PEAKCOUNT	Number of Measurement Peaks
	Chap. A 6.3.9.2	MEASPEAK	Peak selection
	Chap. A 6.3.9.3	REFRACCORR	Refractivity Correction
	Chap. A 6.3.9.4	SHUTTERMODE	Exposure mode
	Chap. A 6.3.9.5	MEASRATE	Measuring frequency
	Chap. A 6.3.9.6	SHUTTER	Exposure time
	Chap. A 6.3.9.7	ROI	Evaluation range masking
	Chap. A 6.3.9.8	MIN_THRESHOLD	Minimum Threshold Peak Detection
	Chap. A 6.3.9.9	PEAK_MODULATION	Modulation of Peaks
Material	database	1	
	Chap. A 6.3.10.1	MATERIALTABLE	Material table
	Chap. A 6.3.10.2	MATERIAL	Select material
	Chap. A 6.3.10.3	MATERIALINFO	Show Material Property
	Chap. A 6.3.10.4	META_MATERIAL	Existing Materials, Material Names
	Chap. A 6.3.10.5	META_MATERIAL_PROTECTED	Protected Materials
	Chap. A 6.3.10.6	MATERIALEDIT	Edit Material Table
	Chap. A 6.3.10.7	MATERIALDELETE	Delete material
	Chap. A 6.3.10.8	MATERIALADD	Add Material

Edit mea	asured value		
	Chap. A 6.3.11.1	STATISTIC	Selection of Signals for Statistics
	Chap. A 6.3.11.2	META_STATISTIC	List of Possible Statistics Signals
	Chap. A 6.3.11.3	STATISTICSIGNAL	Selection of Statistics signal
	Chap. A 6.3.11.4	META_STATISTICSIGNAL	List of Possible Statistics Signals to Select
	Chap. A 6.3.11.5	META_MASTERSIGNAL	List of Possible Signals to be Parameterized
	Chap. A 6.3.11.6	MASTERSIGNAL	Parameterization of Master Signals
	Chap. A 6.3.11.7	META_MASTER	List of Possible Signals for Mastering
	Chap. A 6.3.11.8	MASTER	Trigger Mastering
	Chap. A 6.3.11.9	MASTERSIGNALSELECT	Determine Signal for Mastering with External Source
	Chap. A 6.3.11.10	MASTERSOURCE	Select External Source for Mastering
	Chap. A 6.3.11.11	СОМР	Calculation in Channel
	Chap. A 6.3.11.12	META_COMP	List of Possible Calculation Signals
	Chap. A 6.3.11.13	SYSSIGNALRANGE	Two-Point Scaling Data Outputs
Data Ou	tput		
	Chap. A 6.3.12.1	OUTPUT	Digital Output Selection
	Chap. A 6.3.12.2	OUTREDUCEDEVICE	Output Data Rate
	Chap. A 6.3.12.3	OUTREDUCECOUNT	Reduction Counter
	Chap. A 6.3.12.4	OUTHOLD	Error Handling
Selectio	n of Measured Valu	ues to be Output via Interfaces	
	Chap. A 6.3.13.2	OUT_RS422	Data Selection for RS422
	Chap. A 6.3.13.3	META_OUT_RS422	List of Possible Signals RS422
	Chap. A 6.3.13.4	GETOUTINFO_RS422	List of Selected Signals, Sequence via RS422
Switchin	ng Outputs		
	Chap. A 6.3.14.2	ERROROUTn	Selection of Error Signal for Output
	Chap. A 6.3.14.3	META_ERRORLIMITSIGNAL	List of Possible Signals for Error Output
	Chap. A 6.3.14.4	ERRORLIMITSIGNALn	Set Signal to be Evaluated
	Chap. A 6.3.14.5	ERRORLIMITCOMPARETOn	Set Limit Values
	Chap. A 6.3.14.6	ERRORLIMITVALUESn	Set Value
	Chap. A 6.3.14.7	ERRORLEVELOUTn	Switching Behavior of Switching Outputs
	Chap. A 6.3.14.8	ERRORHYSTERESIS	Switching Hysteresis of Switching Outputs
Analog (	Output	1	1
	Chap. A 6.3.15.1	ANALOGOUT	Data Selection for Analog Output
	Chap. A 6.3.15.2	META_ANALOGOUT	List of Possible Signals for Analog Output
	Chap. A 6.3.15.3	ANALOGRANGE	Set Current/Voltage Range of Digital-to-Analog Converter (DAC)
	Chap. A 6.3.15.4	ANALOGSCALEMODE	Set Scaling for DAC
	Chap. A 6.3.15.5	ANALOGSCALERANGE	Set Scaling Range
System	Settings for Key Fu	Inctions	
	Chap. A 6.3.16.1	KEYLOCK	Selection of the Key Lock

# A 6.3 General Commands

### A 6.3.1 General

### A 6.3.1.1 Help

HELP [<Command>]

Output help for each command. If no command is given, a general help is output.

### A 6.3.1.2 Controller Information

GETINFO

Request sensor information. Output see example below:

->GETINFO	
Name:	IFD2415-3/IE
Serial:	12345678
Option:	000
Article:	1234567
MAC address:	00-0C-12-01-E2-0C
Version:	004,004
Hardware-rev:	01
Boot version:	001,018
BuildID:	57
Output variant:	IE setup
->	

Name: Model name of controller / controller series

Serial: Controller serial number

Option: Controller option number

Article: Controller article number

MAC address: Address of network adapter

Version: Version of software booted

Hardware-rev: Hardware revision used

Boot version: Bootloader version

BuildID: Identification number for software generated

Command is mapped in SDOs 0x3005, 0x1008, 0x1009 and 0x100A.

### A 6.3.1.3 Reply Type

ECHO ON | OFF

The reply type describes the structure of a command reply.

ECHO ON: The command name and the command reply or an error message is output.

ECHO OFF: The command name and the command reply or an error message is output.

### A 6.3.1.4 Parameter Overview

PRINT ALL

no parameters: This command outputs a list of all configuration parameters and their values.

- ALL : This command outputs a list of all configuration parameters and their values, such as sensor table or GETINFO, from

### A 6.3.1.5 Synchronization

SYNC NONE | MASTER | SLAVE\_SYNTRIG | SLAVE\_TRIGIN

Set synchronization type:

- NONE: No synchronization
- MASTER: Controller is master, i.e., it outputs synchronization pulses at the Sync/Trig output
- SLAVE\_SYNTRIG: Controller is slave and waits for synchronization pulses, e.g., from another IFC2421/2422/2465/2466 or similar pulse source, at the Sync/Trig input.
- SLAVE\_TRIGIN: Controller is slave and waits for synchronization pulses from a frequency generator at the TrigIn input.

Input	Behavior
Sync/Trig	Differential
TrigIn	TTL / HTL

Sync/Trig is alternatively an input or an output, i.e. it must be ensured that one of the controllers is always switched to master and the other to slave.

The TrigIn input also serves as a trigger input for the trigger types edge and level triggering.

Command is mapped in the SDO 0x35B1.

### A 6.3.1.6 Termination Resistor at Sync/Trig

TERMINATION OFF | ON

The termination resistor 120 Ohm at the Sync/Trig synchronization input is switched on or off.

Command is mapped in the SDO 0x35B1.

### A 6.3.1.7 Boot Sensor

RESET

The controller is restarted.

Command is mapped in the SDO 0x3101.

### A 6.3.1.8 Reset Counter

RESETCNT [TIMESTAMP] [MEASCNT]

The counter is reset after the selected trigger edge occurs.

- TIMESTAMP: resets the time stamp
- MEASCNT: resets the measured value counter

Command is mapped in the SDO 0x3107.

### A 6.3.2 User Level

### A 6.3.2.1 Change User Level

LOGIN <Password>

Enter the password to access another user level. There are the following user levels:

- USER: Read access to all elements + use of web diagrams

- PROFESSIONAL: Read/write access to all elements

Command is mapped in the SDO 0x3001.

#### A 6.3.2.2 Switch to User Level

LOGOUT

Set user level to USER.

Command is mapped in the SDO 0x3001.

### A 6.3.2.3 User Level Query

GETUSERLEVEL

Queries the current user level.

Possible outputs, see Chap. A 6.3.2.1, "Change User Level".

### A 6.3.2.4 Set Standard User

STDUSER USER | PROFESSIONAL

Sets the standard user who is logged in after the system starts.

### A 6.3.2.5 Change Password

ASSWD <Old password> <New password> <New password>

Change the password for the PROFESSIONAL user. The factory standard password is "000".

For this, the old password must be entered and the new password must be entered twice. If the new passwords do not match, an error message will be output. The password function is case-sensitive. A password may only contain the letters A to Z and numbers without umlauts/special characters. The maximum length is limited to 31 characters.

### A 6.3.3 Level of Multifunction Inputs

MFILEVEL HTL | TTL

Selection of input level of the multifunction inputs. (MFI).

- HTL: HTL level
- TTL: TTL level

### A 6.3.4 Sensor

### A 6.3.4.1 Information on Calibration Tables

SENSORTABLE

->SENSOR TAI	BLE		
Position	Sensor name,	Measurement range,	Serial number
Ο,	IFS2404-3,	3.000mm,	05110005
1,	IFS2404-6,	6.000mm,	05120003
2,	IFS2404-2,	2.000mm,	00001335

Output of all available (taught-in) sensors.

The SENSORTABLE command is valid for the IFD2411.

Command is mapped in the SDO 0x3152.

#### A 6.3.4.2 Sensor Information

#### SENSORINFO

Output of information about the sensor (name, measuring range and serial number).

->SENSORINFO			
Position:	0		
Name:	BG		
Measurement range:	3,000 mm		
Serial:	12345678		
->			

### A 6.3.4.3 Dark Correction

DARKCORR

Performing the dark referencing for the current sensor. The dark referencing depends on the sensor and is saved separately for each individual sensor in the controller.

Command is mapped in the SDO 0x3011.

DARKCORR PRINT

Lists the values of the dark correction table.

### A 6.3.4.4 LED

LED OFF | ON

Switches the LED of the respective channel on or off.

### A 6.3.4.5 Control Input Measurement Light Source

```
LEDSOURCE [SOFTWAREONLY | MFI1 | MFI2]
```

- SOFTWAREONLY: The measurement light source can only be controlled by software; via ASCII command LED ON/ OFF or web interface
- MFI1: Control of the measurement light source via selected multifunction input MFI1
- MFI2: Control of the measurement light source via selected multifunction input MFI2

Command is mapped in the SDO 0x3133.

### A 6.3.5 Triggering

### A 6.3.5.1 Select Trigger Source

TRIGGERSOURCE NONE | SYNCTRIG | TRIGIN | SOFTWARE | ENCODER1 | ENCODER2

- NONE: No trigger source used
- SYNCTRIG: Use input Sync/Trig
- TRIGIN: Use the input TrigIn
- SOFTWARE: Triggering is initiated by the command TRIGGERSW.
- ENCODER1: Encoder triggering of encoder 1
- ENCODER2: Encoder triggering of encoder 2

Command is mapped in the SDO 0x35B0.

### A 6.3.5.2 Output of Triggered Values, with/without Averaging

```
TRIGGERAT INPUT | OUTPUT
```

- INPUT: Triggers data recording. Values measured immediately before the trigger event are not included in the average value calculation, but older measured values that were output during previous trigger events are included instead.
- OUTPUT: Triggers measured value output. Values measured immediately before the trigger event are included in the average value calculation.

Triggering of data recording is active as a factory setting.

Command is mapped in the SDO 0x35B0.

### A 6.3.5.3 Trigger Type

TRIGGERMODE EDGE | PULSE

Selection of trigger type.

- PULSE: Level triggering
- EDGE: Edge triggering

Command is mapped in the SDO 0x35B0.

### A 6.3.5.4 Active Level of Trigger Input

TRIGGERLEVEL HIGH | LOW

- HIGH: Edge triggering: Rising edge, level triggering: High active
- LOW: Edge triggering: Falling edge, level triggering: Low active

Command is mapped in the SDO 0x35B0.

### A 6.3.5.5 Software Trigger Pulse

### TRIGGERSW

Generates a software trigger pulse when the trigger source is set to software.

Command is mapped in the SDO 0x35B0.

### A 6.3.5.6 Number of Measured Values to be Output

TRIGGERCOUNT NONE | INFINITE | <n>

- NONE: Stop triggering
- <n>: Number of measured values to be output after a trigger pulse (with edge triggering or software triggering)

- Infinite: Start of an infinite measured value output after a trigger pulse (with edge triggering or software triggering) Command is mapped in the SDO 0x35B0.

### A 6.3.5.7 Level Section Trigger Input TrigIn

TRIGINLEVEL TTL | HTL

The level selection only applies to the input TrigIn. The input Sync/Trig waits for a differential signal.

- TTL: Input waits for TTL signal.
- HTL: Input waits for HTL signal.

Command is mapped in the SDO 0x35B0.

### A 6.3.5.8 Step Size Encoder Triggering

TRIGGERENCSTEPSIZE [value of step size]

Sets the number of encoder steps after which a measured value is output each time (min: 0, max: 2<sup>31</sup>-1). At 0, measured values are continuously output between min and max.

Command is mapped in the SDO 0x35B0.

### A 6.3.5.9 Minimum Encoder Triggering

TRIGGERENCMIN [minimum value]

Sets the minimum encoder value starting at which triggering takes place (min: 0 max:  $2^{32}$ -1). Command is mapped in the SDO 0x35B0.

### A 6.3.5.10 Maximum Encoder Triggering

TRIGGERENCMAX [maximum value]

Sets the maximum encoder value up to which triggering takes place (min: 0 max: 2<sup>32</sup>-1). Command is mapped in the SDO 0x35B0.

### A 6.3.6 Encoder

#### A 6.3.6.1 Number of Available Encoders

META ENCODERCOUNT

Lists the number of available encoders that can be selected with ENCODERCOUNT.

#### A 6.3.6.2 Encoder Interpolation Depth

ENCINTERPOL1 1 | 2 | 3 ENCINTERPOL2 1 | 2 | 3 ENCINTERPOL3 1 | 2 | 3

Sets the interpolation depth of the respective encoder input.

- 1 Single interpolation
- 2 Dual interpolation
- 3 Quadruple interpolation

Command is mapped in the SDO 0x35A0.

### A 6.3.6.3 Effect of Reference Track

```
ENCREF1 NONE | ONE | EVER
ENCREF2 NONE | ONE | EVER
```

Sets the effect of the encoder reference track.

- NONE: Encoder reference marker has no effect.
- ONE: One-time setting (the first time the reference marker is reached, the encoder value, see Chap. A 6.3.6.4, will be adopted).
- EVER: Setting for all markers (every time the reference marker is reached, the encoder value, see Chap. A 6.3.6.4, will be adopted).

Command is mapped in the SDO 0x35A0.

### A 6.3.6.4 Encoder Value

```
ENCVALUE1 <encoder value>
ENCVALUE2 <encoder value>
ENCVALUE3 <encoder value>
```

Indicates the value which the corresponding encoder should be set to when a reference marker is reached (or via software).

The encoder value can be between 0 and  $2^{32}$ -1.

Setting the ENCVALUE automatically resets the algorithm for recognizing the first reference marker, see Chap. A 6.3.6.3.

Command is mapped in the SDO 0x35A0.

### A 6.3.6.5 Set Encoder Value via Software

ENCSET 1 | 2 | 3

Set the encoder value see Chap. A 6.3.6.4, in the specified encoder via software (only possible with ENCREF NONE, otherwise the command immediately returns without an error message).

Command is mapped in the SDO 0x35A0.

### A 6.3.6.6 Reset Detection of First Reference Marker

```
ENCRESET 1 | 2
```

Resets the detection of the first reference marker, see Chap. A 6.3.6.3 (only possible with ENCREF ONE, otherwise the command immediately returns without an error message).

Command is mapped in the SDO 0x35A0.

### A 6.3.6.7 Maximum Encoder Value

ENCMAX1 <encoder value> ENCMAX2 <encoder value> ENCMAX3 <encoder value>

Indicates the maximum value of the encoder after which the encoder jumps back to 0. Can be used for rotary encoders without reference track.

The encoder value can be between 0 and  $2^{32}$ -1.

Command is mapped in the SDO 0x35A0.

### A 6.3.6.8 Number of Active Encoders

ENCODERCOUNT 1 | 2 | 3

- 1: Encoder 1 is active, encoders 2 and 3 are inactive
- 2: Encoders 1 and 2 are active, encoder 3 is inactive
- 3: Encoder 1 to 3 are active

Command is valid with the IFD2410/2415.

Command is mapped in the SDO 0x35A0.
## A 6.3.7 Setting the RS422 Baud Rate

BAUDRATE <Baudrate>

Baud rates can be set in Bps for the RS422 interface:

9600, 115200, 230400, 460800, 691200, 921600, 2000000, 3000000, 4000000

Command is mapped in the SDO 0x31B0.

## A 6.3.8 Parameter Management, Load/Save Settings

### A 6.3.8.1 Load / Save Connection Settings

BASICSETTINGS READ | STORE

- READ: Reads the connection settings from the controller flash.
- STORE: Saves the current connection settings from the controller RAM to the controller flash.

Command is mapped in the SDO 0x3020.

### A 6.3.8.2 Show Changed Parameters

CHANGESETTINGS

Outputs all changed settings.

### A 6.3.8.3 Export Parameter Sets to PC

```
EXPORT (MEASSETTINGS <SetupName>) | BASICSETTINGS | MEASSETTINGS_ALL | MATERIALTABLE | ALL
```

Saves parameters in an external device, e.g. PC.

The export file is formatted as readable JavaScript Object Notation, or JSON for short.

- MEASSETTINGS <SetupName>: Exports the specified measurement settings. Nothing is deleted before importing.
- BASICSETTINGS: Export the currently saved basic settings. The basic settings are deleted before importing.
- MEASSETTINGS\_ALL: Export all saved measurement settings, including the initial setting. All existing measurement settings are deleted before importing.
- MATERIALTABLE: Exports the saved material table. The existing material table is deleted before importing.
- ALL: Complete export of all saved settings (Basic and Meas), the material table and all sensor data saved. Everything is deleted before importing.

### A 6.3.8.4 Import Parameter Sets from PC

IMPORT [FORCE] [APPLY] <Data>

Loads parameters from an external device, e.g. PC.

The import file is a JSON file previously saved with export.

- FORCE: Overwrite measurement settings with the same name, otherwise an error message is returned if the names are the same. If all

measurement settings or basic settings are imported, Force must always be specified.

- APPLY : Apply the settings after importing and reading the initial settings.

### A 6.3.8.5 Factory Settings

SETDEFAULT ALL | MEASSETTINGS | BASICSETTINGS | MATERIAL

Set the default values (reset to factory settings), delete the corresponding settings in the flash.

- ALL: All setups are deleted and the default parameters are loaded. The current material table is also overwritten by the standard material table.
- MEASSETTINGS: Settings for measurement task.
- BASICSETTINGS: Basic settings such as IP, baud rate, language, unit.
- MATERIAL: Only overwrite the current material table with the standard material table.

Command is mapped in the SDOs 0x3020, 0x3022, 0x3105 and 0x3802.

### A 6.3.8.6 Editing, Storing, Displaying, Deleting Measurement Settings

MEASSETTINGS <Subcommand> [<Name>]

Settings for measurement task. Moves application-dependent measurement settings between controller RAM and controller flash. Either the manufacturer-specific presets or the user-defined settings are used. Each preset can be used as a user-defined setting.

### Subcommands:

PRESETMODE <mode></mode>	Defines the preset dynamics.
<mode> = NONE   STATIC   BALANCED   DYNAMIC</mode>	With NONE, there is no selection for a preset.
PRESETLIST	Lists all existing presets (names): "Name1" "Name2" ""
READ <name></name>	Loads a basic setting or measurement setting/preset (specify name) from the controller flash.
STORE <name></name>	Saves a basic setting or measurement setting in the controller flash. Enter name or it will be saved under the current name.
DELETE <name></name>	Deletes the named measurement setting from the controller flash.
RENAME <nameold> <namenew> [FORCE]</namenew></nameold>	Changes the name of a measurement setting in the controller flash. An existing measurement setting can be overwritten with FORCE.
LIST	Lists all saved measurement settings (names) "Name1" "Name2" "". The order is based on the internal slot numbers, that is, not the order of saving.
CURRENT	Outputs the current measurement setting / preset (name)
INITIAL AUTO	Loads the last saved setting when the controller is started or the first preset if no setups are present.
INITIAL <name></name>	Loads a named measurement setting upon starting the control- ler. Presets cannot be entered.

Command is mapped in the SDOs 0x3021 and 0x3022.

### A 6.3.9 Measurement

### A 6.3.9.1 Peak Count

PEAKCOUNT <n>

Indicates the maximum number of peaks to be evaluated.

- For distance measurement <n> = 1
- For thickness measurement  $\langle n \rangle = 2$
- For multi-layer measurement <n> >2

Command is mapped in the SDO 0x3156.

### A 6.3.9.2 Peak Selection

MEASPEAK F\_L|L\_SL|F\_S|H\_SH

Selection of the peaks used for the measurement

Distance	Distance measurement Thickness measurements		ss measurements
F_L:	first peak	F_L:	first and last peak
L_SL:	last peak	L_SL:	second-last and last peak
F_S:	first peak	F_S:	first and second peak
H_SH:	highest peak	H_SH:	highest and second highest

Command is mapped in the SDO 0x3161.

## A 6.3.9.3 Number of Peaks and Switching Refractivity Correction On/Off

REFRACCORR on | off

- On: The refractivity correction is carried out with the set materials, standard setting.
- Off: The refractivity index 1.0 is assumed for all layers.

Command is mapped in the SDO 0x3156.

### A 6.3.9.4 Exposure Mode

SHUTTERMODE MEAS | MANUAL | 2TIMEALT | 2TIMES

- MEAS: Automatic exposure time control with fixed measuring rate, recommended for measurement
- MANUAL: Selectable exposure time and measuring rate.
- 2TIMEALT: Mode with 2 manually set exposure times which are always applied alternately, for 2 peaks of very different height in the thickness measurement. We recommend using this mode in particular if the smaller peak disappears or the larger one is overmodulated.
- 2TIMES: Fastest mode with two manually preset exposure times. The more suitable time is automatically selected. Recommend for distance measurement for rapidly changing surface properties, such as mirrored or anti-glare glass.

Command is mapped in the SDO 0x3250.

### A 6.3.9.5 Measuring Rate

MEASRATE <measuring rate>

Enter the measuring rate in kHz:

IFD2410, IFD2411: Value range 0.100 ... 8.000; IFD2415: Value range 0.100 ... 25.000.

A maximum of three decimal places can be specified, e.g. 0.100 for 0.1 kHz.

Command is mapped in the SDO 0x3156.

### A 6.3.9.6 Exposure Time

SHUTTER <exposure time1> [<exposure time2>]

Indication of exposure times for manual and two-time exposure modes.

The exposure time is processed with three decimal places. The minimum step size is 0.1  $\mu$ s.

Command is mapped in the SDO 0x3250.

### A 6.3.9.7 Evaluation Range Masking (Range of Interest – ROI)

ROI <Start> <End>

Sets the evaluation range (range of interest) for the respective channel. Start and end must be between 0 and 511. The entry is made in the unit pixels. The start value must be less than the end value.

Command is mapped in the SDO 0x3711.

### A 6.3.9.8 Minimum Threshold Peak Detection

### MIN\_THRESHOLD <n>

Sets the minimum detection threshold. A peak must be above this threshold for it to be recognized as peak.

The entry is made in % and relates to the dark corrected signal.

Command is mapped in the SDO 0x3162.

#### A 6.3.9.9 Peak Modulation

PEAK MODULATION <n>

Specifies the peak modulation through so that peaks running into each other are separated. At 100%, there is no peak separation and at 0% (factory setting), all peaks are separated.

This way, the relevant peak artefacts can be removed or not be considered as individual peaks.

Command is mapped in the SDO 0x3162.

#### A 6.3.10 Material Database

#### A 6.3.10.1 Material Table

MATERIALTABLE

Output of the material table saved in the controller.

->MATE	RIALTABLE					
		Re	efraction index	:	Abbe number	
Item,	Name,	nF at 486nm,	nd at 587nm,	nC at 656nm,	vd	Description
0	Vacuum,	1.000000,	1.000000,	1.000000,	0.000000	Vacuum; air (approximate)
1	Water,	1.337121,	1.333044,	1.331152,	0.000000	
1	Ethanol,	1.361400,	1.361400,	1.361400,	0.000000	
7	PC,	1.599439,	1.585470,	1.579864,	0.000000	Polycarbonate
8	Quartz glass,	1.463126,	1.458464,	1.456367,	0.000000	Silicon dioxide, fused silica
9	BK7,	1.522380,	1.516800,	1.514320,	0.000000	Crown glass
~						

#### A 6.3.10.2 Select Material

MATERIAL <Materialname>

Change the material between distance 1 and 2 for the respective channel.

The material name must be entered, including spaces. The command supports case sensitive input, distinguishing between uppercase and lowercase letters. The maximum length of the material name is 30 characters.

Command is mapped in SDOs 0x3802 and 0x3804.

#### A 6.3.10.3 Show Material Property

#### MATERIALINFO

Output of the material properties of the selected layer. Layer 1 is between distance 1 and 2, Layer 2 between distance 2 and 3, etc. If there are no parameters, the information on layer 1 is output.

#### **Example:**

->MATERIALINFO	
Name:	BK7
Description:	Crown glass
Refraction index nF at 486nm:	1.522380
Refraction index nd at 587nm:	1.516800
Refraction index nC at 656nm:	1.514320
Abbe value vd:	0.00000
->	

Command is mapped in the SDO 0x3800.

#### A 6.3.10.4 Existing Material in Controller

META MATERIAL

Lists the material names already saved in the controller.

#### A 6.3.10.5 Protected Materials in Controller

### META\_MATERIAL\_PROTECTED

Displays a list of all material names saved in the controller during calibration. These materials cannot be edited or deleted.

Displays a list of all material names saved in the controller during calibration. These materials cannot be edited or deleted.

## A 6.3.10.6 Edit Material Table

MATERIALEDIT <Name> <Description> (NX <nF> <nd> <nC>) | (ABBE <nd> <vd>)

Edits an existing material. A material is characterized either by three refractive indices or by one refractive index and Abbe number.

- Name: Name of the material
- Description: Brief description of the material
- nF: Refractivity index nF at 670 nm (1.000000 ... 4.000000)
- nd: Refractivity index nd at 587 nm (1.000000 ... 4.000000)
- nC: Refractivity index nC at 656 nm (1.000000 ... 4.000000)
- vd: Abbe value (10.000000 ... 100.00000)

If the material name has already been assigned, this material will be edited. Otherwise, a new material will be created. There is a maximum of 20 materials.

### A 6.3.10.7 Delete a Material

MATERIALDELETE <Name>

Deletes a material.

- Name: Name of the material (length: max. 30 characters)

Command is mapped in the SDO 0x3802.

### A 6.3.10.8 Add Material

MATERIALADD <Name> <Description> (NX <nF> <nd> <nC>)|(ABBE <nd> <vd>)

Adds a material to the material table. A material is characterized either by three refractive indices or by one refractive index and Abbe number.

- Name: Name of the material
- Description: Brief description of the material
- nF: Refractivity index nF at 670 nm (1.000000 ... 4.000000)
- nd: Refractivity index nd at 587 nm (1.000000 ... 4.000000)
- nC: Refractivity index nC at 656 nm (1.000000 ... 4.000000)
- vd: Abbe value (10.000000 ... 100.00000)

### A 6.3.11 Edit Measured Value

### A 6.3.11.1 Statistical Calculations

```
STATISTIC <signal> RESET
```

Resets individual statistics.

- <signal>: Statistical data Minimum, Maximum or Peak-Peak

Command is mapped in SDOs 0x3A10, 0x3A11 and 0x3A12.

# A 6.3.11.2 List of Statistics Signals

META\_STATISTIC

Provides a list of the active statistics signals. These signals were defined under STATISTICSIGNAL.

## A 6.3.11.3 Selection of Statistics Signal

STATISTICSIGNAL <signal>

The statistics are created for the selected signal. A list of possible signals can be found by using the command META\_STATISTICSIGNAL.

New signals will be created, which can then be output via the interfaces.

- <signal>\_MIN --> Minimum signal
- <signal>\_MAX --> Maximum signal
- <signal>\_PEAK --> <signal>\_max <signal>\_min

Command is mapped in SDOs 0x3A10, 0x3A11 and 0x3A12.

### A 6.3.11.4 List of Possible Statistics Signals to Select

META STATISTICSIGNAL

Lists all possible signals that can be included in the statistics.

Command is mapped in SDOs 0x3A10, 0x3A11 and 0x3A12.

### A 6.3.11.5 List of Possible Signals to be Parameterized

META\_MASTERSIGNAL

Lists all possible signals that can be used for mastering.

Command is mapped in SDOs 0x3A00, 0x3A01 ... 0x3A09.

### A 6.3.11.6 Parameterization of Master Signals

```
MASTERSIGNAL [<signal>]
MASTERSIGNAL <signal> <master value>
MASTERSIGNAL <signal> NONE
```

Defines the signal to be mastered. The parameter NONE resets the signal. The function itself is triggered with MASTER.

- <signal>: select a specific measured or calculated signal which the master value is to be set to; see META\_MASTER-SIGNAL
- <master value> master value in mm, value range: -2147.0 ... 2147.0

Command is mapped in SDOs 0x3A00, 0x3A01 ... 0x3A09.

### A 6.3.11.7 List of Possible Signals for Mastering

META\_MASTER

Lists all defined master signals from the MASTERSIGNAL command. These can be used with the command MASTER.

### A 6.3.11.8 Mastering / Zeroing

```
MASTER [<signal>]
MASTER [ALL|<signal> [SET|RESET]]
```

The MASTER command is not channel-specific. There are up to 10 master signals in the controller. These 10 signals can be applied to any internally determined value, including calculated values.

This command sets or resets the mastering for the corresponding signal.

- ALL: use all signals for mastering
- <signal>: use a specific measured or calculated signal for mastering
- SET | RESET: Start or end function

If the master value is 0, the mastering function has the same functionality as zeroing.

The master command waits a maximum of 2 seconds for the next measured value and uses this as the master value. If no measured value was recorded within this time, in case of external triggering, for example, the command returns with the error "E32 Timeout". The master value is processed with six decimal places.

Command is mapped in SDOs 0x3A00, 0x3A01 ... 0x3A09.

## A 6.3.11.9 Signal for Mastering with External Source

Select the measured or calculated signal that can be mastered with the multifunction inputs or with an external source. META\_MASTER provides a list of all defined master signals. The signals are configured using MASTERSIGNAL.

MASTERSIGNALSELECT [ALL | NONE | <signal1> [ | <signal2> [...]]]

- ALL: All configured signals are mastered with the selected input source.
- NONE: no mastering.
- signal: Signal is mastered with external source

### A 6.3.11.10 Mastering with External Source

MASTERSOURCE [NONE|MFI1|MFI2]

Select the input with which a mastering/zeroing is to be triggered.

- NONE: No port selected. (Controlling by commands is possible.)
- MFI1: Use MFI1-port to control the mastering function.
- MFI2: Use MFI2-port to control the mastering function.

Command is mapped in the SDO 0x39FF.

### A 6.3.11.11 Example of Mastering

For the example, the preset option Standard matt "Opposite thickness measurement" was selected in the controller; execution of the commands with the Telnet program, no variables are defined.

->0 169.254.168.150				
->META MASTERSIGNAL	// List all variable	es that can be m	astered to	
META_MASTERSIGNAL 01DIST1 01DIST1 FOIL				
->META_MASTER	// List all variables	s that have beer	assigned a mas	ster value
META_MASTER NONE				
->MASTERSIGNAL 01DIST1 1.0	// Set variable 01	DIST1 to the val	ue 1.0	
->MASTERSIGNAL FOIL 2.1	// Set variable FC	IL to the value 2	2.1	
->META_MASTER	// List all variable	s that have beer	n assigned a mas	ster value;
META_MASTER 01DIST1 FOIL	the variable 01DI	ST1 has now be	en assigned	
->MASTER ALL	// List all 10 poss	ible variables an	d show their stat	tus
MASTER 01DIST1 INACTIVE				
MASTER FOIL INACTIVE				
MASTER NONE				
MASTER NONE				
MASTER NONE	01DIST1	01DIST2	Foil	Messrate
	0.89077 mm	2.12215 mm	1.23137 mm	1.200 kHz
->MASTER ALL SET	// Triggers a mas	ter measuremen	it for all assigned	l variables
	01DIST1	01DIST2	Foil	Messrate
	1.00314 mm	2.12511 mm	2.10092 mm	1.200 kHz
->MASTER 01DIST1 RESET	// the offset (mas	ter value) is und	one for the varia	ble 01DIST1
	01DIST1	01DIST2	Foil	Messrate
	0.89105 mm	2.12485 mm	2.10154 mm	1.200 kHz

->MASTER ALL		
MASTER 01DIST1 INACTIVE		
MASTER FOIL ACTIVE		
MASTER NONE		
MASTER NONE		
MASTER NONE		
->MASTER FOIL RESET	// the offset (master value) is	undone for the variable FOIL
	01DIST1 01DIST2	Foil Messrate
	0.89087 mm 2.12048 mm	n 1.23745 mm 1.200 kHz
->MASTERSIGNAL 01DIST1 NONE	// The variable 01DIST1 is de	eted
->MASTERSIGNAL FOIL NONE	// The variable FOIL is deleted	Ł
->MASTER ALL	// no variable which a master	measurement could be applied to is
MASTER NONE	present	
MASTER NONE		

### A 6.3.11.12 Calculation in Channel

```
COMP [<channel> [<id>]]
COMP <channel> <id> MEDIAN <signal> <median data count>
COMP <channel> <id> MOVING <signal> <moving data count>
COMP <channel> <id> RECURSIVE <signal> <recursive data count>
COMP <channel> <id> CALC <factor1> <signal> <factor2> <signal> <offset> <name>
COMP <channel> <id> THICKNESS <signal> <signal> <name>
COMP <channel> <id> COPY <signal> <name>
```

COMP <channel> <id> NONE

This command defines all channel-specific as well as controller-specific calculations.

- <channel> CH01 CH02 SYS</channel>	Channel selection
- <id> 110</id>	Calculation block number
- <signal></signal>	Measuring signal; you can query the available signals with the com- mand META_COMP
- <median count="" data=""> 3 5 7 9</median>	Averaging depth median
- <moving count="" data=""> 2 4 8 16 32 64  128 256 512 1024 2048 4096</moving>	Averaging depth moving average
- <recursive count="" data=""> 2 32000</recursive>	Averaging depth recursive average
- <factor1>, <factor2> -32768.0 32767.0</factor2></factor1>	Multiplication factor
- <offset> -2147.0 2147.0</offset>	Correction value in mm
- <name></name>	Name of calculation block; length min. 2 characters, max. 15 charac- ters. Permitted characters a-zA-Z0-9, the name must start with a letter.
	Command names such as STATISTIC, MASTER, CALC, NONE, ALL are not permitted.

You can use the COMP command to create new calculation blocks, modify or delete calculation blocks.

Functions:

- MEDIAN, MOVING and RECURSIVE: Averaging functions
- CALC: Calculation function according to formula (<factor1> \* <signal>) + (<factor2> \* <signal>) + <offset>
- Thickness: Thickness calculation according to the formula <signal B>) <signal A> under the condition that signal B is larger than signal A
- COPY: Duplicates a signal; the effect can also be achieved with the command CALC, e.g. with (1 \* <signal>) + (0 \* <signal>) + 0
- NONE: deletes a calculation block

Command is mapped in SDOs 0x3C00, 0x3C01 ... 0x3C09.

### A 6.3.11.13 List of Possible Calculation Signals

META\_COMP

Lists all possible signals that can be used in the calculation.

Command is mapped in SDOs 0x3C00, 0x3C01 ... 0x3C09.

### A 6.3.11.14 Two-Point Scaling Data Outputs

SYSSIGNALRANGE <start of range> <end of range>

The values determined from the calculation can be greater than the values that the controller can display. The range of values is determined with this command.

Default is 0 to 10 mm

Command is mapped in the SDO 0x3CBF.

# A 6.3.12 Data Output

### A 6.3.12.1 Digital Output Selection

OUTPUT [NONE|([RS422 | IE] [ANALOG] [ERROROUT])]

- NONE: No output of measured values
- RS422: Output of measured values via RS422
- IE: Output of measured values via Industrial Ethernet, not parallel with RS422<sup>1</sup>.
- ANALOG: Output of measured values via analog output
- ERROROUT: Error or status information via the error outputs

Command starts the output of measured values. The connection to the measured value server can already exist or can now be established.

### A 6.3.12.2 Output Data Rate

```
OUTREDUCEDEVICE [NONE | ([RS422] | [ANALOG])]
```

Reduction of output of measured values via specified interfaces.

- NONE: No reduction of output of measured values
- RS422: Reduction of output of measured values via RS422
- ANALOG: Reduction of output of measured values via analog interface

### A 6.3.12.3 Reduction Counter for Output of Measured Values

OUTREDUCECOUNT <count>

Reduction counter for output of measured values.

Only each nth measured value is output. The other measured values are rejected.

- Number: 1...3000000 (1 means all frames)

Command is mapped in the SDO 0x31B3.

## A 6.3.12.4 Error Handling

### OUTHOLD NONE | INFINITE | < count >

Sets the measured value output behavior in the event of an error.

- NONE: Last measured value not held; error value output
- INFINITE: Last measured value held indefinitely
- Number: Holds the last measured value via measurement cycle count and then outputs the error value (maximum 1024)

### Command is mapped in the SDO 0x31B2.

1) The controller issues an error if IE and RS422 are selected in parallel. IE is implicitly activated when the EtherCAT state machine starts up or during PDO mapping; if RS422 was previously active, it is implicitly removed.

### A 6.3.13 Selection of Measured Values to be Output

### A 6.3.13.1 General

Setting the values to be output via the RS422 interface.

A limitation of the data volume via the RS422 depends on the measuring frequency and the baud rate.

In multi-layer measurement mode, any desired distances and differences can be selected for output.

### A 6.3.13.2 Data Selection for RS422

OUT RS422

Describes which data is output via this interface.

#### A 6.3.13.3 List of Possible Signals for RS422

META OUT RS422

List of possible data for the RS422.

Command is mapped in the SDO 0x31F5.

### A 6.3.13.4 List of Selected Signals, Sequence via RS422

GETOUTINFO RS422

Returns the order of the signals via this interface. Command is mapped in the SDO 0x31F5.

## A 6.3.14 Switching Outputs

#### A 6.3.14.1 General

Commands are valid for the IFD2410/2415.

#### A 6.3.14.2 Error - Switching Outputs

ERROROUT1 [01ER1|01ER2|01ER12|ERRORLIMIT]

ERROROUT2 [01ER1|01ER2|01ER12|ERRORLIMIT]

Setting the error switching outputs.

- 01ER1: Switching output is switched in the event of an intensity error
- 01ER2: Switching output is switched in the event of a measuring range error
- 01ER12: Switching output is switched in the event of an intensity error or a measuring range error
- ERRORLIMIT: Switching output is switched when the measured value is outside the limit values; the basis is formed by the settings for ERRORLIMITSIGNAL1/2, ERRORLIMITCOMPARETO1/2 and ERRORLIMITVALUES1/2.

### A 6.3.14.3 List of Possible Signals for Error Output

META\_ERRORLIMITSIGNAL1

META ERRORLIMITSIGNAL2

List of all signals that are possible for the ERRORLIMITSIGNALn command.

#### A 6.3.14.4 Set Signal to be Evaluated

ERRORLIMITSIGNAL1 [<signal>]

```
ERRORLIMITSIGNAL1 [<signal>]
```

Selection of the signal to be used for the limit value analysis.

### A 6.3.14.5 Set Limit Values

ERRORLIMITCOMPARETO1 [LOWER | UPPER |BOTH] ERRORLIMITCOMPARETO2 [LOWER | UPPER |BOTH]

Specifies whether the output should activate upon

- LOWER --> undershot
- UPPER --> exceeded
- BOTH --> undershot or exceeded

### A 6.3.14.6 Set Value

ERRORLIMITVALUES1 [<lower limit [mm]> <upper limit [mm]>] ERRORLIMITVALUES2 [<lower limit [mm]> <upper limit [mm]>]

Sets the values for Lower and Upper limit values.

- <lower limit [mm]> = -2147.0 ... 2147.0
- <upper limit [mm]> = -2147.0 ... 2147.0

### A 6.3.14.7 Switching Behavior of Error Outputs

ERRORLEVELOUT1 [PNP|NPN|PUSHPULL|PUSHPULLNEG]

ERRORLEVELOUT2 [PNP|NPN|PUSHPULL|PUSHPULLNEG]

Switching behavior of error outputs Error 1 and Error 2.

- PNP: Switching output is High in the case of an error and open without error
- NPN: Switching output is Low in the case of an error and open without error
- PUSHPULL: Switching output is High in the case of an error and Low without error
- PUSHPULLNEG: Switching output is Low in the case of an error and High without error

### A 6.3.14.8 Switching Hysteresis of Error Outputs

ERRORHYSTERESIS1 <hysteresis [mm]> ERRORHYSTERESIS2 <hysteresis [mm]>

Sets the hysteresis for the switching outputs, see also function ERRORLIMIT.

- <hysteresis [mm]> = (0..2) \* measurement range [mm]

### A 6.3.15 Analog Output

### A 6.3.15.1 Data Selection

### ANALOGOUT signal

Selection of the signal to be output via the analog output. The signal is specified as a parameter. A list with the possible signals can be shown with META\_ANALOGOUT see Chap. A 6.3.15.2.

Command is mapped in the SDO 0x31D0.

# A 6.3.15.2 List of Possible Signals for Analog Output

META\_ANALOGOUT

Lists all signals that can be connected to the analog output.

Command is mapped in the SDO 0x31D0.

# A 6.3.15.3 Output Range

ANALOGRANGE 0-5V | 0-10V | 4-20mA

- 0-5 V: The analog output puts out a voltage of 0 to 5 volts.
- 0-10 V: The analog output puts out a voltage of 0 to 10 volts.
- 4-20mA: The analog output puts out a current of 4 to 20 milliamperes.

Command is mapped in the SDO 0x31D0.

## A 6.3.15.4 Set Scaling for DAC

ANALOGSCALEMODE STANDARD | TWOPOINT

Selects whether to use one-point or two-point scaling of the analog output.

- STANDARD --> One-point scaling

- TWOPOINT --> Two-point scaling

The standard scaling is configured for distances -MR/2 to MR/2 and for thickness measurement from 0 to 2 MR (MR=measuring range).

Minimum and maximum measured values must be specified in millimeters. The available output range of the analog output is then spread between the minimum and maximum measured values. The minimum and maximum measured values must be between -2147.0 and 2147.0.

The minimum and maximum measured values are processed with three decimal places.

Command is mapped in the SDO 0x31D0.

### A 6.3.15.5 Set Scaling Range

ANALOGSCALERANGE <limit 1> <limit 2>

Two-point scaling requires the start and end of the range to be entered in millimeters.

- limit 1> = (-2147.0 ... 2147.0) [mm], and different from <limit 2>.

- limit 2> = (-2147.0 ... 2147.0) [mm], and different from <limit 1>.

The values cannot be identical.

Command is mapped in the SDO 0x31D0.

### A 6.3.16 System Settings

### A 6.3.16.1 Key Lock

KEYLOCK NONE | ACTIVE | (AUTO [<value>])

Selection of the key lock.

- NONE: Key always functions; no key lock
- ACTIVE: Key lock activates immediately upon restart
- AUTO: Key lock is only activated <time> minutes after restart, value range 1 ... 60 min

Command is mapped in the SDO 0x34A0.

# A 6.4 Measured Value Format

### A 6.4.1 Structure

The structure of measured value frames depends on the selection of the measured values or on the selection of a preset. In the following overview, you will find a summary of commands which you can use to query the available measured values via RS422.

Chap. A 6.3.13.2	OUT_RS422	Data selection for RS422
Chap. A 6.3.13.3	META_OUT_RS422	List of Possible Signals RS422
Chap. A 6.3.13.4	GETOUTINFO_RS422	List of Selected Signals, Sequence via RS422

Example for the structure of a data block, query via Telnet:

Preset Standard matt	Preset Multisurface
->META_OUT_RS422	->META_OUT_RS422
META_OUT_RS422 01RAW 01DARK 01LIGHT 01SHUTTER 01ENCODER1 01INTENSITY 01SYMM 01DIST1 MEAS- RATE TRIGTIMEDIFF TIMESTAMP TIMESTAMP_HIGH TIMESTAMP_LOW COUNTER 01DIST1_MIN 01DIST1_PEAK	META_OUT_RS422 01RAW 01DARK 01LIGHT 01SHUTTER 01ENCODER1 01INTENSITY 01SYMM 01DIST1 01DIST2 01DIST3 MEASRATE TRIGTIMEDIFF TIMESTAMP TIMESTAMP_HIGH TIMESTAMP_LOW COUNTER Ch01Thick12 Ch01Thick23
->	->
-> ->GETOUTINFO_RS422	-> ->GETOUTINFO_RS422
-> ->GETOUTINFO_RS422 GETOUTINFO_RS422 01SHUTTER 01IN- TENSITY1 01DIST1 ->	-> GETOUTINFO_RS422 GETOUTINFO_RS422 01SHUTTER 01INTENSITY1 01DIST1 01INTENSITY2 01DIST2 01INTENSITY3 01DIST3 Ch01Thick12 Ch01Thick23 ->

A measured value frame is built dynamically, i.e., values not selected are not transmitted.

### A 6.4.2 Video Signal

The video signals that have been calculated in the signal processing process can be transmitted. A video signal comprises 512 pixels. One pixel is described by a 16-bit word. The value range used is 0...16383.

There are five accessible video signals:

- Raw signal
- Dark corrected signal
- Light corrected signal

You can query the dark value table and the light value table with the commands DARKCORR PRINT and LIGHTCORR PRINT.

Pixel 0	Pixel 1	 Pixel 511
Raw signal, 16 bit	Raw signal	Raw signal
Dark corrected signal, 16 Bit	Dark corrected signal	 Dark corrected signal
Light corrected signal, 16 Bit	Light corrected signal	Light corrected signal

Fig. 85 Data structure of the video signals

## A 6.4.3 Exposure Time

The output of the exposure time via the RS422 interface is done with a resolution of 100 ns. The data word is 18 bits wide.

### A 6.4.4 Encoder

The encoder values for transmission can be selected individually. Only the lower 18 bits of the encoder values are transmitted when transmitting via RS422.

### A 6.4.5 Measured Value Counter

Only the lower 18 bits of the profile counter are transmitted on the RS422 interface.

### A 6.4.6 Time Stamp

The system-internal resolution of the time stamp is 1  $\mu$ s. When transmitting via RS422, two 18-bit data words are provided (TIMESTAMP LOW and TIMESTAMP HIGH).

### A 6.4.7 Measuring Data (Distances and Intensities)

One intensity (if selected) and one measured value are transmitted for each selected distance.

Bit position	Description
0 - 10	Intensity of the peak (100 % corresponds to 1024)

Fig. 86 Intensity table

When transmitting via RS422, Intensity of the peak is transmitted with 10 bits.

The intensity value is determined based on the calculation rule below:

Intensität = <u>Max\_dark</u> <u>Sättigung - Max\_raw + Max\_dark</u>

- Max\_dark refers to the dark corrected signal.
- Max\_dark refers to the raw signal.
- Saturation refers to the AD range (2 ^ 14-1).

Details for the format for RS422 can also be found in the Measurement Data Formats section see Chap. A 6.5.1.

### A 6.4.8 Trigger Time Difference

The trigger time difference is output via RS422 as an 18-bit unsigned integer with a resolution of 100 ns. Value range 0....100000

### A 6.4.9 Differences (Thicknesses)

Calculated differences between two distances have the same format as the distances.

The selected differences between distance 1 and the other distances are output first, then those of distance 2, ...

Details for the format for RS422 can also be found in the Measurement Data Formats section see Chap. A 6.5.1.

### A 6.4.10 Statistical Values

The statistical values have the same format as the distances.

Minimum is transmitted first (if selected), then maximum and finally peak-to-peak.

### A 6.4.11 Peak Symmetry

The peak symmetry value is output via RS422 as 18 bit (signed integer) with 4 bit decimal places.

# A 6.5 Measuring Data Formats

# A 6.5.1 Data Format RS422 Interface

### A 6.5.1.1 Video Data

<preamble></preamble>	<size></size>	<video data=""></video>	<end></end>
Start identifier	Size 32 Bit	16 Bit unsigned	End identifier
64 bit	Volume of the video		32 bit
0xFFFF00FFFF000000	data in bytes		0xFEFE0000

Fig. 87 Structure of a video frame

Data structure see Fig. 85.

### A 6.5.1.2 Measured Values

The output of distance measured values and other measured values via RS422 requires subsequent conversion into the relevant unit. The measurement data, if requested, always follows a video frame.

### Output value 1:

	Prea	mble	Data bits					
L-Byte	0	0	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
M-Byte	0	1	D11	D10	D9	D8	D7	D6
H-Byte	1	0	D17	D16	D15	D14	D13	D12

### Output value 2 .. 32:

	Prea	mble		Data bits				
L-Byte	0	0	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
M-Byte	0	1	D11	D10	D9	D8	D7	D6
H-Byte	1	1	D17	D16	D15	D14	D13	D12

Value range for the distance and thickness measurement:



131000 = mid of measuring range for the distance measurement

### MR = measuring range

The linearized measured values can be converted into millimeters according to the following formula:

 $x = \frac{(d_{\text{out}} - 98232) * MR}{65536}$ 

x = distance / thickness in mm $d_{\text{OUT}} = \text{digital output value}$ 

MR = measuring range in mm

All values greater than 262072 are error values and are defined as follows:

Error code	Description
262073	Scaling error RS422 interface underflow
262074	Scaling error RS422 interface overflow
262075	Data volume too large for baud rate selected <sup>1</sup>
262076	No peak is present.
262077	Peak is before the measuring range (MR)
262078	Peak is behind the measuring range (MR)
262079	Measured value cannot be calculated

### For all other data outputs except the measured value data, the limitations are defined in the relevant sections.

1) This error occurs when more data is to be output than can be transmitted at the selected baud rate at the selected measuring frequency. There are the following options of rectifying this error:

- Increase baud rate, see Chap. A 6.3.7
- Decrease measuring frequency, see Chap. A 6.3.9.5
- Reduce data volume; if 2 data words were selected, reduce to one data word, see Chap. A 6.3.13
- Reduce output data rate, see Chap. A 6.3.12.2

# A 6.6 Warning and Error Messages

E200 I/O operation failed E202 Access denied E204 Received unsupported character E205 Unexpected quotation mark E210 Unknown command E212 Command not available in current context E214 Entered command is too long to be processed E230 Unknown parameter E231 Empty parameters are not allowed E232 Wrong parameter count E233 Command has too many parameters E234 Wrong or unknown parameter type E236 Value is out of range or the format is invalid E262 Active signal transfer, please stop before E270 No signals selected E272 Invalid combination of signal parameters, please check measure mode and signal selection E276 Given signal is not selected for output E277 One or more values were unavailable. Please check output signal selection E281 Not enough memory available E282 Unknown output signal E283 Output signal is unavailable with the current configuration E284 No configuration entry was found for the given signal E285 Name is too long E286 Names must begin with an alphabetic character, and be 2 to 15 characters long. Permitted characters are: a-zA-Z0-9 E320 Wrong info-data of the update E321 Update file is too large E322 Error during data transmission of the update E323 Timeout during the update E324 File is not valid for this sensor E325 Invalid file type E327 Invalid checksum E331 Validation of import file failed E332 Error during import E333 No overwrite during import allowed E340 Too many output values for RS422 selected E350 The new passwords are not identical E351 No password given E360 Name already exists or not allowed E361 Name begins or ends with spaces or is empty E362 Storage region is full E363 Setting name not found

E364 Setting is invalid E500 Material table is empty E502 Material table is full E504 Material name not found E600 ROI begin must be less than ROI end E602 Master value is out of range E603 One or more values were out of range E610 Encoder: minimum is greater than maximum E611 Encoder's start value must be less than the maximum value E615 Synchronization as slave and triggering at level or edge are not possible at the same time E618 Sensor head not available E621 The entry already exists E622 The requested dataset/table doesn't exist.

W505 Refractivity correction deactivated, vacuum is used as material

W526 Output signal selection modified by the system

W528 The shutter time has been changed to match the measurement rate and the system requirements.

W530 The IP settings has been changed.

A 7	Module Documenta	tion Oversampling	
Module	Submodule	Parameter	Data type
Module_OV1 (OVx =	Oversampling with factor x)		
	Channel 1 distance 1		
		Channel 1 distance 1	Unsigned32
	Channel 1 distance 2		
		Channel 1 distance 2	Unsigned32
	Channel 1 distance 3 to 6		
		Channel 1 distance 3	Unsigned32
		Channel 1 distance 4	Unsigned32
		Channel 1 distance 5	Unsigned32
		Channel 1 distance 6	Unsigned32
	Channel 1 intensity 1		
		Channel 1 intensity 1	Unsigned32
	Channel 1 intensity 2		
		Channel 1 intensity 2	Unsigned32
	Channel 1 intensity 3 to 6		
		Channel 1 intensity 3	Unsigned32
		Channel 1 intensity 4	Unsigned32
		Channel 1 intensity 5	Unsigned32
		Channel 1 intensity 6	Unsigned32
	Channel 1 shutter		
		Channel 1 shutter	Unsigned32
	Channel 1 peak symmetry 1	l	
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 1	Unsigned32
	Channel 1 peak symmetry 2	2	
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 2	Unsigned32
	Channel 1 peak symmetry 3	3 to 6	
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 3	Unsigned32
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 4	Unsigned32
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 5	Unsigned32
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 6	Unsigned32
	Channel 1 encoder 1 and 2		
		Channel 1 encoder 1	Unsigned32
		Channel 1 encoder 2	Unsigned32
	Channel 1 encoder 3		
		Channel 1 encoder 3	Unsigned32
	Counter		
		Counter	Unsigned32
	Time stamp		

# Appendix | Module Documentation Oversampling

Module	Submodule Frequency	Parameter	Data type
		Frequency	Unsigned32
		User calc output 01	Unsigned32
		User calc output 02	Unsigned32
		User calc output 03	Unsigned32
		User calc output 04	Unsigned32
	User calc output 06 and 07	User calc output 05	Unsigned32
		User calc output 06	Unsigned32
	User calc output 08 and 09		Unsigned 32
	Licer colo output 10 and 11	User calc output 09	Unsigned32
		User calc output 10	Unsigned32
	User calc output 12 and 13		Unsigned32
		User calc output 12 User calc output 13	Unsigned32 Unsigned32
	User calc output 14 and 15	User calc output 14	Unsigned32
	User calc output 16 and 17	User calc output 15	Unsigned32
		User calc output 16 User calc output 17	Unsigned32 Unsigned32
	User calc output 18 and 19	User calc output 18	Unsigned32
		User calc output 19	Unsigned32

Module	Submodule	Parameter	Data type	
Module_OV2 to O	V25 (OVx = Oversampling	with factor x)		
	Channel 1 distance 1			
		Channel 1 distance 1	Unsigned32	OV1
		Channel 1 distance 1	Unsigned32	OV2
		Channel 1 distance 1	Unsigned32	OV3
		Channel 1 distance 1	Unsigned32	OV4
		Channel 1 distance 1	Unsigned32	OV5
		Channel 1 distance 1	Unsigned32	OV6
		Channel 1 distance 1	Unsigned32	OV7
		Channel 1 distance 1	Unsigned32	OV8
		Channel 1 distance 1	Unsigned32	OV9
		Channel 1 distance 1	Unsigned32	OV10
		Channel 1 distance 1	Unsigned32	OV11
		Channel 1 distance 1	Unsigned32	OV12
		Channel 1 distance 1	Unsigned32	OV13
		Channel 1 distance 1	Unsigned32	OV14
		Channel 1 distance 1	Unsigned32	OV15
		Channel 1 distance 1	Unsigned32	OV16
		Channel 1 distance 1	Unsigned32	OV17
		Channel 1 distance 1	Unsigned32	OV18
		Channel 1 distance 1	Unsigned32	OV19
		Channel 1 distance 1	Unsigned32	OV20
		Channel 1 distance 1	Unsigned32	OV21
		Channel 1 distance 1	Unsigned32	OV22
		Channel 1 distance 1	Unsigned32	OV23
		Channel 1 distance 1	Unsigned32	OV24
		Channel 1 distance 1	Unsigned32	OV25
	Channel 1 distance 2			
		Channel 1 distance 2	Unsigned32	OV1
		Channel 1 distance 2	Unsigned32	OV2
		Channel 1 distance 2	Unsigned32	OV3
		Channel 1 distance 2	Unsigned32	OV4
		Channel 1 distance 2	Unsigned32	OV5
		Channel 1 distance 2	Unsigned32	OV6
		Channel 1 distance 2	Unsigned32	OV7
		Channel 1 distance 2	Unsigned32	OV8
		Channel 1 distance 2	Unsigned32	OV9
		Channel 1 distance 2	Unsigned32	OV10
		Channel 1 distance 2	Unsigned32	OV11
		Channel 1 distance 2	Unsigned32	OV12
		Channel 1 distance 2	Unsigned32	OV13
		Channel 1 distance 2	Unsigned32	OV14

Module	Submodule	Parameter	Data type	
		Channel 1 distance 2	Unsigned32	OV15
		Channel 1 distance 2	Unsigned32	OV16
		Channel 1 distance 2	Unsigned32	OV17
		Channel 1 distance 2	Unsigned32	OV18
		Channel 1 distance 2	Unsigned32	OV19
		Channel 1 distance 2	Unsigned32	OV20
		Channel 1 distance 2	Unsigned32	OV21
		Channel 1 distance 2	Unsigned32	OV22
		Channel 1 distance 2	Unsigned32	OV23
		Channel 1 distance 2	Unsigned32	OV24
		Channel 1 distance 2	Unsigned32	OV25
	Channel 1 distance 3 to 6	6		
		Channel 1 distance 3	Unsigned32	OV1
		Channel 1 distance 3	Unsigned32	OV2
		Channel 1 distance 3	Unsigned32	OV3
		Channel 1 distance 3	Unsigned32	OV4
		Channel 1 distance 3	Unsigned32	OV5
		Channel 1 distance 3	Unsigned32	OV6
		Channel 1 distance 3	Unsigned32	OV7
		Channel 1 distance 3	Unsigned32	OV8
		Channel 1 distance 3	Unsigned32	OV9
		Channel 1 distance 3	Unsigned32	OV10
		Channel 1 distance 3	Unsigned32	OV11
		Channel 1 distance 3	Unsigned32	OV12
		Channel 1 distance 3	Unsigned32	OV13
		Channel 1 distance 3	Unsigned32	OV14
		Channel 1 distance 3	Unsigned32	OV15
		Channel 1 distance 3	Unsigned32	OV16
		Channel 1 distance 3	Unsigned32	OV17
		Channel 1 distance 3	Unsigned32	OV18
		Channel 1 distance 3	Unsigned32	OV19
		Channel 1 distance 3	Unsigned32	OV20
		Channel 1 distance 3	Unsigned32	OV21
		Channel 1 distance 3	Unsigned32	OV22
		Channel 1 distance 3	Unsigned32	OV23
		Channel 1 distance 3	Unsigned32	OV24
		Channel 1 distance 3	Unsigned32	OV25
		Channel 1 distance 4	Unsigned32	OV1
		Channel 1 distance 4	Unsigned32	OV2
		Channel 1 distance 4	Unsigned32	OV3
		Channel 1 distance 4	Unsigned32	OV4
		Channel 1 distance 4	Unsigned32	OV5

Module	Submodule	Parameter	Data type	
		Channel 1 distance 4	Unsigned32	OV6
		Channel 1 distance 4	Unsigned32	OV7
		Channel 1 distance 4	Unsigned32	OV8
		Channel 1 distance 4	Unsigned32	OV9
		Channel 1 distance 4	Unsigned32	OV10
		Channel 1 distance 4	Unsigned32	OV11
		Channel 1 distance 4	Unsigned32	OV12
		Channel 1 distance 4	Unsigned32	OV13
		Channel 1 distance 4	Unsigned32	OV14
		Channel 1 distance 4	Unsigned32	OV15
		Channel 1 distance 4	Unsigned32	OV16
		Channel 1 distance 4	Unsigned32	OV17
		Channel 1 distance 4	Unsigned32	OV18
		Channel 1 distance 4	Unsigned32	OV19
		Channel 1 distance 4	Unsigned32	OV20
		Channel 1 distance 4	Unsigned32	OV21
		Channel 1 distance 4	Unsigned32	OV22
		Channel 1 distance 4	Unsigned32	OV23
		Channel 1 distance 4	Unsigned32	OV24
		Channel 1 distance 4	Unsigned32	OV25
		Channel 1 distance 5	Unsigned32	OV1
		Channel 1 distance 5	Unsigned32	OV2
		Channel 1 distance 5	Unsigned32	OV3
		Channel 1 distance 5	Unsigned32	OV4
		Channel 1 distance 5	Unsigned32	OV5
		Channel 1 distance 5	Unsigned32	OV6
		Channel 1 distance 5	Unsigned32	OV7
		Channel 1 distance 5	Unsigned32	OV8
		Channel 1 distance 5	Unsigned32	OV9
		Channel 1 distance 5	Unsigned32	OV10
		Channel 1 distance 5	Unsigned32	OV11
		Channel 1 distance 5	Unsigned32	OV12
		Channel 1 distance 5	Unsigned32	OV13
		Channel 1 distance 5	Unsigned32	OV14
		Channel 1 distance 5	Unsigned32	OV15
		Channel 1 distance 5	Unsigned32	OV16
		Channel 1 distance 5	Unsigned32	OV17
		Channel 1 distance 5	Unsigned32	OV18
		Channel 1 distance 5	Unsigned32	OV19
		Channel 1 distance 5	Unsigned32	OV20
		Channel 1 distance 5	Unsigned32	OV21
		Channel 1 distance 5	Unsigned32	OV22

Module	Submodule	Parameter	Data type	
		Channel 1 distance 5	Unsigned32	OV23
		Channel 1 distance 5	Unsigned32	OV24
		Channel 1 distance 5	Unsigned32	OV25
		Channel 1 distance 6	Unsigned32	OV1
		Channel 1 distance 6	Unsigned32	OV2
		Channel 1 distance 6	Unsigned32	OV3
		Channel 1 distance 6	Unsigned32	OV4
		Channel 1 distance 6	Unsigned32	OV5
		Channel 1 distance 6	Unsigned32	OV6
		Channel 1 distance 6	Unsigned32	OV7
		Channel 1 distance 6	Unsigned32	OV8
		Channel 1 distance 6	Unsigned32	OV9
		Channel 1 distance 6	Unsigned32	OV10
		Channel 1 distance 6	Unsigned32	OV11
		Channel 1 distance 6	Unsigned32	OV12
		Channel 1 distance 6	Unsigned32	OV13
		Channel 1 distance 6	Unsigned32	OV14
		Channel 1 distance 6	Unsigned32	OV15
		Channel 1 distance 6	Unsigned32	OV16
		Channel 1 distance 6	Unsigned32	OV17
		Channel 1 distance 6	Unsigned32	OV18
		Channel 1 distance 6	Unsigned32	OV19
		Channel 1 distance 6	Unsigned32	OV20
		Channel 1 distance 6	Unsigned32	OV21
		Channel 1 distance 6	Unsigned32	OV22
		Channel 1 distance 6	Unsigned32	OV23
		Channel 1 distance 6	Unsigned32	OV24
		Channel 1 distance 6	Unsigned32	OV25
	Channel 1 intensity 1			
		Channel 1 intensity 1	Unsigned32	OV1
		Channel 1 intensity 1	Unsigned32	OV2
		Channel 1 intensity 1	Unsigned32	OV3
		Channel 1 intensity 1	Unsigned32	OV4
		Channel 1 intensity 1	Unsigned32	OV5
		Channel 1 intensity 1	Unsigned32	OV6
		Channel 1 intensity 1	Unsigned32	OV7
		Channel 1 intensity 1	Unsigned32	OV8
		Channel 1 intensity 1	Unsigned32	OV9
		Channel 1 intensity 1	Unsigned32	OV10
		Channel 1 intensity 1	Unsigned32	OV11
		Channel 1 intensity 1	Unsigned32	OV12
		Channel 1 intensity 1	Unsigned32	OV13

Module	Submodule	Parameter	Data type	
		Channel 1 intensity 1	Unsigned32	OV14
		Channel 1 intensity 1	Unsigned32	OV15
		Channel 1 intensity 1	Unsigned32	OV16
		Channel 1 intensity 1	Unsigned32	OV17
		Channel 1 intensity 1	Unsigned32	OV18
		Channel 1 intensity 1	Unsigned32	OV19
		Channel 1 intensity 1	Unsigned32	OV20
		Channel 1 intensity 1	Unsigned32	OV21
		Channel 1 intensity 1	Unsigned32	OV22
		Channel 1 intensity 1	Unsigned32	OV23
		Channel 1 intensity 1	Unsigned32	OV24
		Channel 1 intensity 1	Unsigned32	OV25
	Channel 1 intensity 2			
		Channel 1 intensity 2	Unsigned32	OV1
		Channel 1 intensity 2	Unsigned32	OV2
		Channel 1 intensity 2	Unsigned32	OV3
		Channel 1 intensity 2	Unsigned32	OV4
		Channel 1 intensity 2	Unsigned32	OV5
		Channel 1 intensity 2	Unsigned32	OV6
		Channel 1 intensity 2	Unsigned32	OV7
		Channel 1 intensity 2	Unsigned32	OV8
		Channel 1 intensity 2	Unsigned32	OV9
		Channel 1 intensity 2	Unsigned32	OV10
		Channel 1 intensity 2	Unsigned32	OV11
		Channel 1 intensity 2	Unsigned32	OV12
		Channel 1 intensity 2	Unsigned32	OV13
		Channel 1 intensity 2	Unsigned32	OV14
		Channel 1 intensity 2	Unsigned32	OV15
		Channel 1 intensity 2	Unsigned32	OV16
		Channel 1 intensity 2	Unsigned32	OV17
		Channel 1 intensity 2	Unsigned32	OV18
		Channel 1 intensity 2	Unsigned32	OV19
		Channel 1 intensity 2	Unsigned32	OV20
		Channel 1 intensity 2	Unsigned32	OV21
		Channel 1 intensity 2	Unsigned32	OV22
		Channel 1 intensity 2	Unsigned32	OV23
		Channel 1 intensity 2	Unsigned32	OV24
		Channel 1 intensity 2	Unsigned32	OV25
	Channel 1 intensity 3 to 6	3		
		Channel 1 intensity 3	Unsigned32	OV1
		Channel 1 intensity 3	Unsigned32	OV2
		Channel 1 intensity 3	Unsigned32	OV3

Module	Submodule	Parameter	Data type	
		Channel 1 intensity 3	Unsigned32	OV4
		Channel 1 intensity 3	Unsigned32	OV5
		Channel 1 intensity 3	Unsigned32	OV6
		Channel 1 intensity 3	Unsigned32	OV7
		Channel 1 intensity 3	Unsigned32	OV8
		Channel 1 intensity 3	Unsigned32	OV9
		Channel 1 intensity 3	Unsigned32	OV10
		Channel 1 intensity 3	Unsigned32	OV11
		Channel 1 intensity 3	Unsigned32	OV12
		Channel 1 intensity 3	Unsigned32	OV13
		Channel 1 intensity 3	Unsigned32	OV14
		Channel 1 intensity 3	Unsigned32	OV15
		Channel 1 intensity 3	Unsigned32	OV16
		Channel 1 intensity 3	Unsigned32	OV17
		Channel 1 intensity 3	Unsigned32	OV18
		Channel 1 intensity 3	Unsigned32	OV19
		Channel 1 intensity 3	Unsigned32	OV20
		Channel 1 intensity 3	Unsigned32	OV21
		Channel 1 intensity 3	Unsigned32	OV22
		Channel 1 intensity 3	Unsigned32	OV23
		Channel 1 intensity 3	Unsigned32	OV24
		Channel 1 intensity 3	Unsigned32	OV25
		Channel 1 intensity 4	Unsigned32	OV1
		Channel 1 intensity 4	Unsigned32	OV2
		Channel 1 intensity 4	Unsigned32	OV3
		Channel 1 intensity 4	Unsigned32	OV4
		Channel 1 intensity 4	Unsigned32	OV5
		Channel 1 intensity 4	Unsigned32	OV6
		Channel 1 intensity 4	Unsigned32	OV7
		Channel 1 intensity 4	Unsigned32	OV8
		Channel 1 intensity 4	Unsigned32	OV9
		Channel 1 intensity 4	Unsigned32	OV10
		Channel 1 intensity 4	Unsigned32	OV11
		Channel 1 intensity 4	Unsigned32	OV12
		Channel 1 intensity 4	Unsigned32	OV13
		Channel 1 intensity 4	Unsigned32	OV14
		Channel 1 intensity 4	Unsigned32	OV15
		Channel 1 intensity 4	Unsigned32	OV16
		Channel 1 intensity 4	Unsigned32	OV17
		Channel 1 intensity 4	Unsigned32	OV18
		Channel 1 intensity 4	Unsigned32	OV19
		Channel 1 intensity 4	Unsigned32	OV20

Module	Submodule	Parameter	Data type	
		Channel 1 intensity 4	Unsigned32	OV21
		Channel 1 intensity 4	Unsigned32	OV22
		Channel 1 intensity 4	Unsigned32	OV23
		Channel 1 intensity 4	Unsigned32	OV24
		Channel 1 intensity 4	Unsigned32	OV25
		Channel 1 intensity 5	Unsigned32	OV1
		Channel 1 intensity 5	Unsigned32	OV2
		Channel 1 intensity 5	Unsigned32	OV3
		Channel 1 intensity 5	Unsigned32	OV4
		Channel 1 intensity 5	Unsigned32	OV5
		Channel 1 intensity 5	Unsigned32	OV6
		Channel 1 intensity 5	Unsigned32	OV7
		Channel 1 intensity 5	Unsigned32	OV8
		Channel 1 intensity 5	Unsigned32	OV9
		Channel 1 intensity 5	Unsigned32	OV10
		Channel 1 intensity 5	Unsigned32	OV11
		Channel 1 intensity 5	Unsigned32	OV12
		Channel 1 intensity 5	Unsigned32	OV13
		Channel 1 intensity 5	Unsigned32	OV14
		Channel 1 intensity 5	Unsigned32	OV15
		Channel 1 intensity 5	Unsigned32	OV16
		Channel 1 intensity 5	Unsigned32	OV17
		Channel 1 intensity 5	Unsigned32	OV18
		Channel 1 intensity 5	Unsigned32	OV19
		Channel 1 intensity 5	Unsigned32	OV20
		Channel 1 intensity 5	Unsigned32	OV21
		Channel 1 intensity 5	Unsigned32	OV22
		Channel 1 intensity 5	Unsigned32	OV23
		Channel 1 intensity 5	Unsigned32	OV24
		Channel 1 intensity 5	Unsigned32	OV25
		Channel 1 intensity 6	Unsigned32	OV1
		Channel 1 intensity 6	Unsigned32	OV2
		Channel 1 intensity 6	Unsigned32	OV3
		Channel 1 intensity 6	Unsigned32	OV4
		Channel 1 intensity 6	Unsigned32	OV5
		Channel 1 intensity 6	Unsigned32	OV6
		Channel 1 intensity 6	Unsigned32	OV7
		Channel 1 intensity 6	Unsigned32	OV8
		Channel 1 intensity 6	Unsigned32	OV9
		Channel 1 intensity 6	Unsigned32	OV10
		Channel 1 intensity 6	Unsigned32	OV11
		Channel 1 intensity 6	Unsigned32	OV12

Module	Submodule	Parameter	Data type	
		Channel 1 intensity 6	Unsigned32	OV13
		Channel 1 intensity 6	Unsigned32	OV14
		Channel 1 intensity 6	Unsigned32	OV15
		Channel 1 intensity 6	Unsigned32	OV16
		Channel 1 intensity 6	Unsigned32	OV17
		Channel 1 intensity 6	Unsigned32	OV18
		Channel 1 intensity 6	Unsigned32	OV19
		Channel 1 intensity 6	Unsigned32	OV20
		Channel 1 intensity 6	Unsigned32	OV21
		Channel 1 intensity 6	Unsigned32	OV22
		Channel 1 intensity 6	Unsigned32	OV23
		Channel 1 intensity 6	Unsigned32	OV24
		Channel 1 intensity 6	Unsigned32	OV25
	Channel 1 shutter			
		Channel 1 shutter	Unsigned32	OV1
		Channel 1 shutter	Unsigned32	OV2
		Channel 1 shutter	Unsigned32	OV3
		Channel 1 shutter	Unsigned32	OV4
		Channel 1 shutter	Unsigned32	OV5
		Channel 1 shutter	Unsigned32	OV6
		Channel 1 shutter	Unsigned32	OV7
		Channel 1 shutter	Unsigned32	OV8
		Channel 1 shutter	Unsigned32	OV9
		Channel 1 shutter	Unsigned32	OV10
		Channel 1 shutter	Unsigned32	OV11
		Channel 1 shutter	Unsigned32	OV12
		Channel 1 shutter	Unsigned32	OV13
		Channel 1 shutter	Unsigned32	OV14
		Channel 1 shutter	Unsigned32	OV15
		Channel 1 shutter	Unsigned32	OV16
		Channel 1 shutter	Unsigned32	OV17
		Channel 1 shutter	Unsigned32	OV18
		Channel 1 shutter	Unsigned32	OV19
		Channel 1 shutter	Unsigned32	OV20
		Channel 1 shutter	Unsigned32	OV21
		Channel 1 shutter	Unsigned32	OV22
		Channel 1 shutter	Unsigned32	OV23
		Channel 1 shutter	Unsigned32	OV24
		Channel 1 shutter	Unsigned32	OV25
	Channel 1 peak symmetry	ry 1		
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 1	Unsigned32	OV1
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 1	Unsigned32	OV2

Module	Submodule	Parameter	Data type	
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 1	Unsigned32	OV3
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 1	Unsigned32	OV4
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 1	Unsigned32	OV5
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 1	Unsigned32	OV6
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 1	Unsigned32	OV7
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 1	Unsigned32	OV8
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 1	Unsigned32	OV9
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 1	Unsigned32	OV10
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 1	Unsigned32	OV11
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 1	Unsigned32	OV12
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 1	Unsigned32	OV13
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 1	Unsigned32	OV14
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 1	Unsigned32	OV15
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 1	Unsigned32	OV16
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 1	Unsigned32	OV17
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 1	Unsigned32	OV18
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 1	Unsigned32	OV19
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 1	Unsigned32	OV20
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 1	Unsigned32	OV21
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 1	Unsigned32	OV22
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 1	Unsigned32	OV23
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 1	Unsigned32	OV24
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 1	Unsigned32	OV25
	Channel 1 peak symmetr	ry 2		
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 2	Unsigned32	OV1
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 2	Unsigned32	OV2
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 2	Unsigned32	OV3
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 2	Unsigned32	OV4
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 2	Unsigned32	OV5
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 2	Unsigned32	OV6
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 2	Unsigned32	OV7
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 2	Unsigned32	OV8
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 2	Unsigned32	OV9
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 2	Unsigned32	OV10
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 2	Unsigned32	OV11
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 2	Unsigned32	OV12
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 2	Unsigned32	OV13
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 2	Unsigned32	OV14
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 2	Unsigned32	OV15
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 2	Unsigned32	OV16
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 2	Unsigned32	OV17
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 2	Unsigned32	OV18

Module	Submodule	Parameter	Data type	
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 2	Unsigned32	OV19
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 2	Unsigned32	OV20
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 2	Unsigned32	OV21
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 2	Unsigned32	OV22
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 2	Unsigned32	OV23
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 2	Unsigned32	OV24
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 2	Unsigned32	OV25
	Channel 1 peak symmetr	y 3 to 6		
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 3	Unsigned32	OV1
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 3	Unsigned32	OV2
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 3	Unsigned32	OV3
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 3	Unsigned32	OV4
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 3	Unsigned32	OV5
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 3	Unsigned32	OV6
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 3	Unsigned32	OV7
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 3	Unsigned32	OV8
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 3	Unsigned32	OV9
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 3	Unsigned32	OV10
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 3	Unsigned32	OV11
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 3	Unsigned32	OV12
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 3	Unsigned32	OV13
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 3	Unsigned32	OV14
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 3	Unsigned32	OV15
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 3	Unsigned32	OV16
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 3	Unsigned32	OV17
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 3	Unsigned32	OV18
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 3	Unsigned32	OV19
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 3	Unsigned32	OV20
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 3	Unsigned32	OV21
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 3	Unsigned32	OV22
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 3	Unsigned32	OV23
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 3	Unsigned32	OV24
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 3	Unsigned32	OV25
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 4	Unsigned32	OV1
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 4	Unsigned32	OV2
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 4	Unsigned32	OV3
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 4	Unsigned32	OV4
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 4	Unsigned32	OV5
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 4	Unsigned32	OV6
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 4	Unsigned32	OV7
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 4	Unsigned32	OV8
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 4	Unsigned32	OV9

Module	Submodule	Parameter	Data type	
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 4	Unsigned32	OV10
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 4	Unsigned32	OV11
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 4	Unsigned32	OV12
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 4	Unsigned32	OV13
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 4	Unsigned32	OV14
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 4	Unsigned32	OV15
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 4	Unsigned32	OV16
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 4	Unsigned32	OV17
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 4	Unsigned32	OV18
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 4	Unsigned32	OV19
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 4	Unsigned32	OV20
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 4	Unsigned32	OV21
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 4	Unsigned32	OV22
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 4	Unsigned32	OV23
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 4	Unsigned32	OV24
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 4	Unsigned32	OV25
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 5	Unsigned32	OV1
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 5	Unsigned32	OV2
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 5	Unsigned32	OV3
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 5	Unsigned32	OV4
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 5	Unsigned32	OV5
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 5	Unsigned32	OV6
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 5	Unsigned32	OV7
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 5	Unsigned32	OV8
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 5	Unsigned32	OV9
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 5	Unsigned32	OV10
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 5	Unsigned32	OV11
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 5	Unsigned32	OV12
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 5	Unsigned32	OV13
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 5	Unsigned32	OV14
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 5	Unsigned32	OV15
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 5	Unsigned32	OV16
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 5	Unsigned32	OV17
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 5	Unsigned32	OV18
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 5	Unsigned32	OV19
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 5	Unsigned32	OV20
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 5	Unsigned32	OV21
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 5	Unsigned32	OV22
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 5	Unsigned32	OV23
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 5	Unsigned32	OV24
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 5	Unsigned32	OV25
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 6	Unsigned32	OV1

Module	Submodule	Parameter	Data type	
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 6	Unsigned32	OV2
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 6	Unsigned32	OV3
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 6	Unsigned32	OV4
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 6	Unsigned32	OV5
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 6	Unsigned32	OV6
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 6	Unsigned32	OV7
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 6	Unsigned32	OV8
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 6	Unsigned32	OV9
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 6	Unsigned32	OV10
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 6	Unsigned32	OV11
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 6	Unsigned32	OV12
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 6	Unsigned32	OV13
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 6	Unsigned32	OV14
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 6	Unsigned32	OV15
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 6	Unsigned32	OV16
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 6	Unsigned32	OV17
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 6	Unsigned32	OV18
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 6	Unsigned32	OV19
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 6	Unsigned32	OV20
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 6	Unsigned32	OV21
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 6	Unsigned32	OV22
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 6	Unsigned32	OV23
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 6	Unsigned32	OV24
		Channel 1 peak symmetry 6	Unsigned32	OV25
	Channel 1 encoder 1 and	12		
		Channel 1 encoder 1	Unsigned32	OV1
		Channel 1 encoder 1	Unsigned32	OV2
		Channel 1 encoder 1	Unsigned32	OV3
		Channel 1 encoder 1	Unsigned32	OV4
		Channel 1 encoder 1	Unsigned32	OV5
		Channel 1 encoder 1	Unsigned32	OV6
		Channel 1 encoder 1	Unsigned32	OV7
		Channel 1 encoder 1	Unsigned32	OV8
		Channel 1 encoder 1	Unsigned32	OV9
		Channel 1 encoder 1	Unsigned32	OV10
		Channel 1 encoder 1	Unsigned32	OV11
		Channel 1 encoder 1	Unsigned32	OV12
		Channel 1 encoder 1	Unsigned32	OV13
		Channel 1 encoder 1	Unsigned32	OV14
		Channel 1 encoder 1	Unsigned32	OV15
		Channel 1 encoder 1	Unsigned32	OV16
		Channel 1 encoder 1	Unsigned32	OV17

Module	Submodule	Parameter	Data type	
		Channel 1 encoder 1	Unsigned32	OV18
		Channel 1 encoder 1	Unsigned32	OV19
		Channel 1 encoder 1	Unsigned32	OV20
		Channel 1 encoder 1	Unsigned32	OV21
		Channel 1 encoder 1	Unsigned32	OV22
		Channel 1 encoder 1	Unsigned32	OV23
		Channel 1 encoder 1	Unsigned32	OV24
		Channel 1 encoder 1	Unsigned32	OV25
		Channel 1 encoder 2	Unsigned32	OV1
		Channel 1 encoder 2	Unsigned32	OV2
		Channel 1 encoder 2	Unsigned32	OV3
		Channel 1 encoder 2	Unsigned32	OV4
		Channel 1 encoder 2	Unsigned32	OV5
		Channel 1 encoder 2	Unsigned32	OV6
		Channel 1 encoder 2	Unsigned32	OV7
		Channel 1 encoder 2	Unsigned32	OV8
		Channel 1 encoder 2	Unsigned32	OV9
		Channel 1 encoder 2	Unsigned32	OV10
		Channel 1 encoder 2	Unsigned32	OV11
		Channel 1 encoder 2	Unsigned32	OV12
		Channel 1 encoder 2	Unsigned32	OV13
		Channel 1 encoder 2	Unsigned32	OV14
		Channel 1 encoder 2	Unsigned32	OV15
		Channel 1 encoder 2	Unsigned32	OV16
		Channel 1 encoder 2	Unsigned32	OV17
		Channel 1 encoder 2	Unsigned32	OV18
		Channel 1 encoder 2	Unsigned32	OV19
		Channel 1 encoder 2	Unsigned32	OV20
		Channel 1 encoder 2	Unsigned32	OV21
		Channel 1 encoder 2	Unsigned32	OV22
		Channel 1 encoder 2	Unsigned32	OV23
		Channel 1 encoder 2	Unsigned32	OV24
		Channel 1 encoder 2	Unsigned32	OV25
	Channel 1 encoder 3			
		Channel 1 encoder 3	Unsigned32	OV1
		Channel 1 encoder 3	Unsigned32	OV2
		Channel 1 encoder 3	Unsigned32	OV3
		Channel 1 encoder 3	Unsigned32	OV4
		Channel 1 encoder 3	Unsigned32	OV5
		Channel 1 encoder 3	Unsigned32	OV6
		Channel 1 encoder 3	Unsigned32	OV7
		Channel 1 encoder 3	Unsigned32	OV8

Module	Submodule	Parameter	Data type	
		Channel 1 encoder 3	Unsigned32	OV9
		Channel 1 encoder 3	Unsigned32	OV10
		Channel 1 encoder 3	Unsigned32	OV11
		Channel 1 encoder 3	Unsigned32	OV12
		Channel 1 encoder 3	Unsigned32	OV13
		Channel 1 encoder 3	Unsigned32	OV14
		Channel 1 encoder 3	Unsigned32	OV15
		Channel 1 encoder 3	Unsigned32	OV16
		Channel 1 encoder 3	Unsigned32	OV17
		Channel 1 encoder 3	Unsigned32	OV18
		Channel 1 encoder 3	Unsigned32	OV19
		Channel 1 encoder 3	Unsigned32	OV20
		Channel 1 encoder 3	Unsigned32	OV21
		Channel 1 encoder 3	Unsigned32	OV22
		Channel 1 encoder 3	Unsigned32	OV23
		Channel 1 encoder 3	Unsigned32	OV24
		Channel 1 encoder 3	Unsigned32	OV25
	Counter			
		Counter	Unsigned32	OV1
		Counter	Unsigned32	OV2
		Counter	Unsigned32	OV3
		Counter	Unsigned32	OV4
		Counter	Unsigned32	OV5
		Counter	Unsigned32	OV6
		Counter	Unsigned32	OV7
		Counter	Unsigned32	OV8
		Counter	Unsigned32	OV9
		Counter	Unsigned32	OV10
		Counter	Unsigned32	OV11
		Counter	Unsigned32	OV12
		Counter	Unsigned32	OV13
		Counter	Unsigned32	OV14
		Counter	Unsigned32	OV15
		Counter	Unsigned32	OV16
		Counter	Unsigned32	OV17
		Counter	Unsigned32	OV18
		Counter	Unsigned32	OV19
		Counter	Unsigned32	OV20
		Counter	Unsigned32	OV21
		Counter	Unsigned32	OV22
		Counter	Unsigned32	OV23
		Counter	Unsigned32	OV24
Module	Submodule	Parameter	Data type	
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		Counter	Unsigned32	OV25
	Time stamp			
		Time stamp	Unsigned32	OV1
		Time stamp	Unsigned32	OV2
		Time stamp	Unsigned32	OV3
		Time stamp	Unsigned32	OV4
		Time stamp	Unsigned32	OV5
		Time stamp	Unsigned32	OV6
		Time stamp	Unsigned32	OV7
		Time stamp	Unsigned32	OV8
		Time stamp	Unsigned32	OV9
		Time stamp	Unsigned32	OV10
		Time stamp	Unsigned32	OV11
		Time stamp	Unsigned32	OV12
		Time stamp	Unsigned32	OV13
		Time stamp	Unsigned32	OV14
		Time stamp	Unsigned32	OV15
		Time stamp	Unsigned32	OV16
		Time stamp	Unsigned32	OV17
		Time stamp	Unsigned32	OV18
		Time stamp	Unsigned32	OV19
		Time stamp	Unsigned32	OV20
		Time stamp	Unsigned32	OV21
		Time stamp	Unsigned32	OV22
		Time stamp	Unsigned32	OV23
		Time stamp	Unsigned32	OV24
		Time stamp	Unsigned32	OV25
	Frequency			
		Frequency	Unsigned32	OV1
		Frequency	Unsigned32	OV2
		Frequency	Unsigned32	OV3
		Frequency	Unsigned32	OV4
		Frequency	Unsigned32	OV5
		Frequency	Unsigned32	OV6
		Frequency	Unsigned32	OV7
		Frequency	Unsigned32	OV8
		Frequency	Unsigned32	OV9
		Frequency	Unsigned32	OV10
		Frequency	Unsigned32	OV11
		Frequency	Unsigned32	OV12
		Frequency	Unsigned32	OV13
		Frequency	Unsigned32	OV14

Module	Submodule	Parameter	Data type	
		Frequency	Unsigned32	OV15
		Frequency	Unsigned32	OV16
		Frequency	Unsigned32	OV17
		Frequency	Unsigned32	OV18
		Frequency	Unsigned32	OV19
		Frequency	Unsigned32	OV20
		Frequency	Unsigned32	OV21
		Frequency	Unsigned32	OV22
		Frequency	Unsigned32	OV23
		Frequency	Unsigned32	OV24
		Frequency	Unsigned32	OV25
	User calc output 01			
		User calc output 01	Unsigned32	OV1
		User calc output 01	Unsigned32	OV2
		User calc output 01	Unsigned32	OV3
		User calc output 01	Unsigned32	OV4
		User calc output 01	Unsigned32	OV5
		User calc output 01	Unsigned32	OV6
		User calc output 01	Unsigned32	OV7
		User calc output 01	Unsigned32	OV8
		User calc output 01	Unsigned32	OV9
		User calc output 01	Unsigned32	OV10
		User calc output 01	Unsigned32	OV11
		User calc output 01	Unsigned32	OV12
		User calc output 01	Unsigned32	OV13
		User calc output 01	Unsigned32	OV14
		User calc output 01	Unsigned32	OV15
		User calc output 01	Unsigned32	OV16
		User calc output 01	Unsigned32	OV17
		User calc output 01	Unsigned32	OV18
		User calc output 01	Unsigned32	OV19
		User calc output 01	Unsigned32	OV20
		User calc output 01	Unsigned32	OV21
		User calc output 01	Unsigned32	OV22
		User calc output 01	Unsigned32	OV23
		User calc output 01	Unsigned32	OV24
		User calc output 01	Unsigned32	OV25
	User calc output 02			
		User calc output 02	Unsigned32	OV1
		User calc output 02	Unsigned32	OV2
		User calc output 02	Unsigned32	OV3
		User calc output 02	Unsigned32	OV4

Module	Submodule	Parameter	Data type	
		User calc output 02	Unsigned32	OV5
		User calc output 02	Unsigned32	OV6
		User calc output 02	Unsigned32	OV7
		User calc output 02	Unsigned32	OV8
		User calc output 02	Unsigned32	OV9
		User calc output 02	Unsigned32	OV10
		User calc output 02	Unsigned32	OV11
		User calc output 02	Unsigned32	OV12
		User calc output 02	Unsigned32	OV13
		User calc output 02	Unsigned32	OV14
		User calc output 02	Unsigned32	OV15
		User calc output 02	Unsigned32	OV16
		User calc output 02	Unsigned32	OV17
		User calc output 02	Unsigned32	OV18
		User calc output 02	Unsigned32	OV19
		User calc output 02	Unsigned32	OV20
		User calc output 02	Unsigned32	OV21
		User calc output 02	Unsigned32	OV22
		User calc output 02	Unsigned32	OV23
		User calc output 02	Unsigned32	OV24
		User calc output 02	Unsigned32	OV25
	User calc output 03			
		User calc output 03	Unsigned32	OV1
		User calc output 03	Unsigned32	OV2
		User calc output 03	Unsigned32	OV3
		User calc output 03	Unsigned32	OV4
		User calc output 03	Unsigned32	OV5
		User calc output 03	Unsigned32	OV6
		User calc output 03	Unsigned32	OV7
		User calc output 03	Unsigned32	OV8
		User calc output 03	Unsigned32	OV9
		User calc output 03	Unsigned32	OV10
		User calc output 03	Unsigned32	OV11
		User calc output 03	Unsigned32	OV12
		User calc output 03	Unsigned32	OV13
		User calc output 03	Unsigned32	OV14
		User calc output 03	Unsigned32	OV15
		User calc output 03	Unsigned32	OV16
		User calc output 03	Unsigned32	OV17
		User calc output 03	Unsigned32	OV18
		User calc output 03	Unsigned32	OV19
		User calc output 03	Unsigned32	OV20

Module	Submodule	Parameter	Data type	
		User calc output 03	Unsigned32	OV21
		User calc output 03	Unsigned32	OV22
		User calc output 03	Unsigned32	OV23
		User calc output 03	Unsigned32	OV24
		User calc output 03	Unsigned32	OV25
	User calc output 04			
		User calc output 04	Unsigned32	OV1
		User calc output 04	Unsigned32	OV2
		User calc output 04	Unsigned32	OV3
		User calc output 04	Unsigned32	OV4
		User calc output 04	Unsigned32	OV5
		User calc output 04	Unsigned32	OV6
		User calc output 04	Unsigned32	OV7
		User calc output 04	Unsigned32	OV8
		User calc output 04	Unsigned32	OV9
		User calc output 04	Unsigned32	OV10
		User calc output 04	Unsigned32	OV11
		User calc output 04	Unsigned32	OV12
		User calc output 04	Unsigned32	OV13
		User calc output 04	Unsigned32	OV14
		User calc output 04	Unsigned32	OV15
		User calc output 04	Unsigned32	OV16
		User calc output 04	Unsigned32	OV17
		User calc output 04	Unsigned32	OV18
		User calc output 04	Unsigned32	OV19
		User calc output 04	Unsigned32	OV20
		User calc output 04	Unsigned32	OV21
		User calc output 04	Unsigned32	OV22
		User calc output 04	Unsigned32	OV23
		User calc output 04	Unsigned32	OV24
		User calc output 04	Unsigned32	OV25
	User calc output 05			
		User calc output 05	Unsigned32	OV1
		User calc output 05	Unsigned32	OV2
		User calc output 05	Unsigned32	OV3
		User calc output 05	Unsigned32	OV4
		User calc output 05	Unsigned32	OV5
		User calc output 05	Unsigned32	OV6
		User calc output 05	Unsigned32	OV7
		User calc output 05	Unsigned32	OV8
		User calc output 05	Unsigned32	OV9
		User calc output 05	Unsigned32	OV10

Module	Submodule	Parameter	Data type	
		User calc output 05	Unsigned32	OV11
		User calc output 05	Unsigned32	OV12
		User calc output 05	Unsigned32	OV13
		User calc output 05	Unsigned32	OV14
		User calc output 05	Unsigned32	OV15
		User calc output 05	Unsigned32	OV16
		User calc output 05	Unsigned32	OV17
		User calc output 05	Unsigned32	OV18
		User calc output 05	Unsigned32	OV19
		User calc output 05	Unsigned32	OV20
		User calc output 05	Unsigned32	OV21
		User calc output 05	Unsigned32	OV22
		User calc output 05	Unsigned32	OV23
		User calc output 05	Unsigned32	OV24
		User calc output 05	Unsigned32	OV25
	User calc output 06 and	07		
		User calc output 06	Unsigned32	OV1
		User calc output 06	Unsigned32	OV2
		User calc output 06	Unsigned32	OV3
		User calc output 06	Unsigned32	OV4
		User calc output 06	Unsigned32	OV5
		User calc output 06	Unsigned32	OV6
		User calc output 06	Unsigned32	OV7
		User calc output 06	Unsigned32	OV8
		User calc output 06	Unsigned32	OV9
		User calc output 06	Unsigned32	OV10
		User calc output 06	Unsigned32	OV11
		User calc output 06	Unsigned32	OV12
		User calc output 06	Unsigned32	OV13
		User calc output 06	Unsigned32	OV14
		User calc output 06	Unsigned32	OV15
		User calc output 06	Unsigned32	OV16
		User calc output 06	Unsigned32	OV17
		User calc output 06	Unsigned32	OV18
		User calc output 06	Unsigned32	OV19
		User calc output 06	Unsigned32	OV20
		User calc output 06	Unsigned32	OV21
		User calc output 06	Unsigned32	OV22
		User calc output 06	Unsigned32	OV23
		User calc output 06	Unsigned32	OV24
		User calc output 06	Unsigned32	OV25
		User calc output 07	Unsigned32	OV1

Module	Submodule	Parameter	Data type	
		User calc output 07	Unsigned32	OV2
		User calc output 07	Unsigned32	OV3
		User calc output 07	Unsigned32	OV4
		User calc output 07	Unsigned32	OV5
		User calc output 07	Unsigned32	OV6
		User calc output 07	Unsigned32	OV7
		User calc output 07	Unsigned32	OV8
		User calc output 07	Unsigned32	OV9
		User calc output 07	Unsigned32	OV10
		User calc output 07	Unsigned32	OV11
		User calc output 07	Unsigned32	OV12
		User calc output 07	Unsigned32	OV13
		User calc output 07	Unsigned32	OV14
		User calc output 07	Unsigned32	OV15
		User calc output 07	Unsigned32	OV16
		User calc output 07	Unsigned32	OV17
		User calc output 07	Unsigned32	OV18
		User calc output 07	Unsigned32	OV19
		User calc output 07	Unsigned32	OV20
		User calc output 07	Unsigned32	OV21
		User calc output 07	Unsigned32	OV22
		User calc output 07	Unsigned32	OV23
		User calc output 07	Unsigned32	OV24
		User calc output 07	Unsigned32	OV25
	User calc output 08 and	09		
		User calc output 08	Unsigned32	OV1
		User calc output 08	Unsigned32	OV2
		User calc output 08	Unsigned32	OV3
		User calc output 08	Unsigned32	OV4
		User calc output 08	Unsigned32	OV5
		User calc output 08	Unsigned32	OV6
		User calc output 08	Unsigned32	OV7
		User calc output 08	Unsigned32	OV8
		User calc output 08	Unsigned32	OV9
		User calc output 08	Unsigned32	OV10
		User calc output 08	Unsigned32	OV11
		User calc output 08	Unsigned32	OV12
		User calc output 08	Unsigned32	OV13
		User calc output 08	Unsigned32	OV14
		User calc output 08	Unsigned32	OV15
		User calc output 08	Unsigned32	OV16
		User calc output 08	Unsigned32	OV17

Module	Submodule	Parameter	Data type	
		User calc output 08	Unsigned32	OV18
		User calc output 08	Unsigned32	OV19
		User calc output 08	Unsigned32	OV20
		User calc output 08	Unsigned32	OV21
		User calc output 08	Unsigned32	OV22
		User calc output 08	Unsigned32	OV23
		User calc output 08	Unsigned32	OV24
		User calc output 08	Unsigned32	OV25
		User calc output 09	Unsigned32	OV1
		User calc output 09	Unsigned32	OV2
		User calc output 09	Unsigned32	OV3
		User calc output 09	Unsigned32	OV4
		User calc output 09	Unsigned32	OV5
		User calc output 09	Unsigned32	OV6
		User calc output 09	Unsigned32	OV7
		User calc output 09	Unsigned32	OV8
		User calc output 09	Unsigned32	OV9
		User calc output 09	Unsigned32	OV10
		User calc output 09	Unsigned32	OV11
		User calc output 09	Unsigned32	OV12
		User calc output 09	Unsigned32	OV13
		User calc output 09	Unsigned32	OV14
		User calc output 09	Unsigned32	OV15
		User calc output 09	Unsigned32	OV16
		User calc output 09	Unsigned32	OV17
		User calc output 09	Unsigned32	OV18
		User calc output 09	Unsigned32	OV19
		User calc output 09	Unsigned32	OV20
		User calc output 09	Unsigned32	OV21
		User calc output 09	Unsigned32	OV22
		User calc output 09	Unsigned32	OV23
		User calc output 09	Unsigned32	OV24
		User calc output 09	Unsigned32	OV25
	User calc output 10 and	11		
		User calc output 10	Unsigned32	OV1
		User calc output 10	Unsigned32	OV2
		User calc output 10	Unsigned32	OV3
		User calc output 10	Unsigned32	OV4
		User calc output 10	Unsigned32	OV5
		User calc output 10	Unsigned32	OV6
		User calc output 10	Unsigned32	OV7
		User calc output 10	Unsigned32	OV8

Module	Submodule	Parameter	Data type	
		User calc output 10	Unsigned32	OV9
		User calc output 10	Unsigned32	OV10
		User calc output 10	Unsigned32	OV11
		User calc output 10	Unsigned32	OV12
		User calc output 10	Unsigned32	OV13
		User calc output 10	Unsigned32	OV14
		User calc output 10	Unsigned32	OV15
		User calc output 10	Unsigned32	OV16
		User calc output 10	Unsigned32	OV17
		User calc output 10	Unsigned32	OV18
		User calc output 10	Unsigned32	OV19
		User calc output 10	Unsigned32	OV20
		User calc output 10	Unsigned32	OV21
		User calc output 10	Unsigned32	OV22
		User calc output 10	Unsigned32	OV23
		User calc output 10	Unsigned32	OV24
		User calc output 10	Unsigned32	OV25
		User calc output 11	Unsigned32	OV1
		User calc output 11	Unsigned32	OV2
		User calc output 11	Unsigned32	OV3
		User calc output 11	Unsigned32	OV4
		User calc output 11	Unsigned32	OV5
		User calc output 11	Unsigned32	OV6
		User calc output 11	Unsigned32	OV7
		User calc output 11	Unsigned32	OV8
		User calc output 11	Unsigned32	OV9
		User calc output 11	Unsigned32	OV10
		User calc output 11	Unsigned32	OV11
		User calc output 11	Unsigned32	OV12
		User calc output 11	Unsigned32	OV13
		User calc output 11	Unsigned32	OV14
		User calc output 11	Unsigned32	OV15
		User calc output 11	Unsigned32	OV16
		User calc output 11	Unsigned32	OV17
		User calc output 11	Unsigned32	OV18
		User calc output 11	Unsigned32	OV19
		User calc output 11	Unsigned32	OV20
		User calc output 11	Unsigned32	OV21
		User calc output 11	Unsigned32	OV22
		User calc output 11	Unsigned32	OV23
		User calc output 11	Unsigned32	OV24
		User calc output 11	Unsigned32	OV25

Module	Submodule	Parameter	Data type	
	User calc output 12 and	13		
		User calc output 12	Unsigned32	OV1
		User calc output 12	Unsigned32	OV2
		User calc output 12	Unsigned32	OV3
		User calc output 12	Unsigned32	OV4
		User calc output 12	Unsigned32	OV5
		User calc output 12	Unsigned32	OV6
		User calc output 12	Unsigned32	OV7
		User calc output 12	Unsigned32	OV8
		User calc output 12	Unsigned32	OV9
		User calc output 12	Unsigned32	OV10
		User calc output 12	Unsigned32	OV11
		User calc output 12	Unsigned32	OV12
		User calc output 12	Unsigned32	OV13
		User calc output 12	Unsigned32	OV14
		User calc output 12	Unsigned32	OV15
		User calc output 12	Unsigned32	OV16
		User calc output 12	Unsigned32	OV17
		User calc output 12	Unsigned32	OV18
		User calc output 12	Unsigned32	OV19
		User calc output 12	Unsigned32	OV20
		User calc output 12	Unsigned32	OV21
		User calc output 12	Unsigned32	OV22
		User calc output 12	Unsigned32	OV23
		User calc output 12	Unsigned32	OV24
		User calc output 12	Unsigned32	OV25
		User calc output 13	Unsigned32	OV1
		User calc output 13	Unsigned32	OV2
		User calc output 13	Unsigned32	OV3
		User calc output 13	Unsigned32	OV4
		User calc output 13	Unsigned32	OV5
		User calc output 13	Unsigned32	OV6
		User calc output 13	Unsigned32	OV7
		User calc output 13	Unsigned32	OV8
		User calc output 13	Unsigned32	OV9
		User calc output 13	Unsigned32	OV10
		User calc output 13	Unsigned32	OV11
		User calc output 13	Unsigned32	OV12
		User calc output 13	Unsigned32	OV13
		User calc output 13	Unsigned32	OV14
		User calc output 13	Unsigned32	OV15
		User calc output 13	Unsigned32	OV16

Module	Submodule	Parameter	Data type	
		User calc output 13	Unsigned32	OV17
		User calc output 13	Unsigned32	OV18
		User calc output 13	Unsigned32	OV19
		User calc output 13	Unsigned32	OV20
		User calc output 13	Unsigned32	OV21
		User calc output 13	Unsigned32	OV22
		User calc output 13	Unsigned32	OV23
		User calc output 13	Unsigned32	OV24
		User calc output 13	Unsigned32	OV25
	User calc output 14 and	15		
		User calc output 14	Unsigned32	OV1
		User calc output 14	Unsigned32	OV2
		User calc output 14	Unsigned32	OV3
		User calc output 14	Unsigned32	OV4
		User calc output 14	Unsigned32	OV5
		User calc output 14	Unsigned32	OV6
		User calc output 14	Unsigned32	OV7
		User calc output 14	Unsigned32	OV8
		User calc output 14	Unsigned32	OV9
		User calc output 14	Unsigned32	OV10
		User calc output 14	Unsigned32	OV11
		User calc output 14	Unsigned32	OV12
		User calc output 14	Unsigned32	OV13
		User calc output 14	Unsigned32	OV14
		User calc output 14	Unsigned32	OV15
		User calc output 14	Unsigned32	OV16
		User calc output 14	Unsigned32	OV17
		User calc output 14	Unsigned32	OV18
		User calc output 14	Unsigned32	OV19
		User calc output 14	Unsigned32	OV20
		User calc output 14	Unsigned32	OV21
		User calc output 14	Unsigned32	OV22
		User calc output 14	Unsigned32	OV23
		User calc output 14	Unsigned32	OV24
		User calc output 14	Unsigned32	OV25
		User calc output 15	Unsigned32	OV1
		User calc output 15	Unsigned32	OV2
		User calc output 15	Unsigned32	OV3
		User calc output 15	Unsigned32	OV4
		User calc output 15	Unsigned32	OV5
		User calc output 15	Unsigned32	OV6
		User calc output 15	Unsigned32	OV7

Module	Submodule	Parameter	Data type	
		User calc output 15	Unsigned32	OV8
		User calc output 15	Unsigned32	OV9
		User calc output 15	Unsigned32	OV10
		User calc output 15	Unsigned32	OV11
		User calc output 15	Unsigned32	OV12
		User calc output 15	Unsigned32	OV13
		User calc output 15	Unsigned32	OV14
		User calc output 15	Unsigned32	OV15
		User calc output 15	Unsigned32	OV16
		User calc output 15	Unsigned32	OV17
		User calc output 15	Unsigned32	OV18
		User calc output 15	Unsigned32	OV19
		User calc output 15	Unsigned32	OV20
		User calc output 15	Unsigned32	OV21
		User calc output 15	Unsigned32	OV22
		User calc output 15	Unsigned32	OV23
		User calc output 15	Unsigned32	OV24
		User calc output 15	Unsigned32	OV25
	User calc output 16 and	17		
		User calc output 16	Unsigned32	OV1
		User calc output 16	Unsigned32	OV2
		User calc output 16	Unsigned32	OV3
		User calc output 16	Unsigned32	OV4
		User calc output 16	Unsigned32	OV5
		User calc output 16	Unsigned32	OV6
		User calc output 16	Unsigned32	OV7
		User calc output 16	Unsigned32	OV8
		User calc output 16	Unsigned32	OV9
		User calc output 16	Unsigned32	OV10
		User calc output 16	Unsigned32	OV11
		User calc output 16	Unsigned32	OV12
		User calc output 16	Unsigned32	OV13
		User calc output 16	Unsigned32	OV14
		User calc output 16	Unsigned32	OV15
		User calc output 16	Unsigned32	OV16
		User calc output 16	Unsigned32	OV17
		User calc output 16	Unsigned32	OV18
		User calc output 16	Unsigned32	OV19
		User calc output 16	Unsigned32	OV20
		User calc output 16	Unsigned32	OV21
		User calc output 16	Unsigned32	OV22
		User calc output 16	Unsigned32	OV23

Module	Submodule	Parameter	Data type	
		User calc output 16	Unsigned32	OV24
		User calc output 16	Unsigned32	OV25
		User calc output 17	Unsigned32	OV1
		User calc output 17	Unsigned32	OV2
		User calc output 17	Unsigned32	OV3
		User calc output 17	Unsigned32	OV4
		User calc output 17	Unsigned32	OV5
		User calc output 17	Unsigned32	OV6
		User calc output 17	Unsigned32	OV7
		User calc output 17	Unsigned32	OV8
		User calc output 17	Unsigned32	OV9
		User calc output 17	Unsigned32	OV10
		User calc output 17	Unsigned32	OV11
		User calc output 17	Unsigned32	OV12
		User calc output 17	Unsigned32	OV13
		User calc output 17	Unsigned32	OV14
		User calc output 17	Unsigned32	OV15
		User calc output 17	Unsigned32	OV16
		User calc output 17	Unsigned32	OV17
		User calc output 17	Unsigned32	OV18
		User calc output 17	Unsigned32	OV19
		User calc output 17	Unsigned32	OV20
		User calc output 17	Unsigned32	OV21
		User calc output 17	Unsigned32	OV22
		User calc output 17	Unsigned32	OV23
		User calc output 17	Unsigned32	OV24
		User calc output 17	Unsigned32	OV25
	User calc output 18 and	19		
		User calc output 18	Unsigned32	OV1
		User calc output 18	Unsigned32	OV2
		User calc output 18	Unsigned32	OV3
		User calc output 18	Unsigned32	OV4
		User calc output 18	Unsigned32	OV5
		User calc output 18	Unsigned32	OV6
		User calc output 18	Unsigned32	OV7
		User calc output 18	Unsigned32	OV8
		User calc output 18	Unsigned32	OV9
		User calc output 18	Unsigned32	OV10
		User calc output 18	Unsigned32	OV11
		User calc output 18	Unsigned32	OV12
		User calc output 18	Unsigned32	OV13
		User calc output 18	Unsigned32	OV14

Module	Submodule	Parameter	Data type	
		User calc output 18	Unsigned32	OV15
		User calc output 18	Unsigned32	OV16
		User calc output 18	Unsigned32	OV17
		User calc output 18	Unsigned32	OV18
		User calc output 18	Unsigned32	OV19
		User calc output 18	Unsigned32	OV20
		User calc output 18	Unsigned32	OV21
		User calc output 18	Unsigned32	OV22
		User calc output 18	Unsigned32	OV23
		User calc output 18	Unsigned32	OV24
		User calc output 18	Unsigned32	OV25
		User calc output 19	Unsigned32	OV1
		User calc output 19	Unsigned32	OV2
		User calc output 19	Unsigned32	OV3
		User calc output 19	Unsigned32	OV4
		User calc output 19	Unsigned32	OV5
		User calc output 19	Unsigned32	OV6
		User calc output 19	Unsigned32	OV7
		User calc output 19	Unsigned32	OV8
		User calc output 19	Unsigned32	OV9
		User calc output 19	Unsigned32	OV10
		User calc output 19	Unsigned32	OV11
		User calc output 19	Unsigned32	OV12
		User calc output 19	Unsigned32	OV13
		User calc output 19	Unsigned32	OV14
		User calc output 19	Unsigned32	OV15
		User calc output 19	Unsigned32	OV16
		User calc output 19	Unsigned32	OV17
		User calc output 19	Unsigned32	OV18
		User calc output 19	Unsigned32	OV19
		User calc output 19	Unsigned32	OV20
		User calc output 19	Unsigned32	OV21
		User calc output 19	Unsigned32	OV22
		User calc output 19	Unsigned32	OV23
		User calc output 19	Unsigned32	OV24
		User calc output 19	Unsigned32	OV25

## A 8 Telnet

### A 8.1 General

The Telnet service allows you to communicate with the IFD241x from your PC. To communicate with Telnet, you will need - a connection between the IFD241x and your PC,

- Ethernet Setup Mode
- RS442 communication
- the ASCII commands, see Chap. A 6.

### A 8.2 Establishing the Connection

- Start the program Telnet.exe via Start > Run.
- **Type in the command** o 192.254.168.150 or the IP address of the controller.

🚽 Telnet 169.254.168.150		_		×	
->getinfo					^
Name ·	TED2/15-3	/ T F			
Serial:	102208000	1			
Option:	000				
Article:	2612027				
MAC-Address:	00-0C-12-0	91-E2	2-0C		
Version:	004.004				
Hardware-rev:	01				
BuildID:	57				
Output-variant:	IE-setup				
->					
					<b>×</b>

Fig. 88 Telnet start screen of IFD241x

A command always consists of the command name and zero or several parameters that are separated with a space. The currently set parameter value is reset if a command is invoked without parameters.

The output format is:

<Command name> <Parameter1> [<Parameter2> [...]]

The returned command can be used again without changes for setting the password. After a command is processed, a line break and a prompt ("->") is always returned. In the event of an error, an error message beginning with Exx, where xx stands for a unique error number, comes before the prompt.

If no connection is successfully established after the IP address is sent, send a c to close the connection. Now send

1 the command  $\circ$  192.254.168.150 again to establish the connection.

#### A 8.3 Help on a Command

Telnet can output information about a command. For this, enter the sequence "HELP <command name>".



Fig. 89 Access the information about the TRIGGERSOURCE command

#### A 8.4 Error Messages

The following error messages may appear:

- E01 Unknown command: An unknown parameter ID was submitted.
- E06 Access denied: This parameter cannot be accessed at the present time. The controller may not be in Professional mode or the parameter may not be visible due to other settings.
- E08 Unknown parameter: Not enough parameters were submitted.
- E11 The input value is outside the validity range, or the format is invalid: The submitted value is outside the validity range.

The text in the error messages depends on the set language. The error message identifier (Exx) is the same for every language.

# A 9 Parameter Documentation

Name	ME-Bus name	ID	ASCII command	Data type	Unit	Access	Min value	Max value	Choices	IFD2410	2411	2415
Device type	Device type	50001	_netx_standard device_type	UINT32	None	read-only	0	4294967295		x	х	х
Device name	Device name	50002	getinfo	CHAR(32)	None	read-only	0	32		x	х	х
Hardware version	Hw version	50003	getinfo	CHAR(32)	None	read-only	0	32		x	х	х
Software version	Sw version	50004	getinfo	CHAR(32)	None	read-only	0	32		x	х	х
Actual user	Actual user	50500	getuserlevel	UINT8	None	read-only	1	4	(1, 'User'),(3, 'Professional'),(4, 'Professional-	x	х	х
Login	Login	50501	login	CHAR(32)	None	write-only	0	32		x	х	х
Logout	Logout	50502	logout	BIT	None	write-only	True	True	(1, 'Logout')	x	х	х
User level when restarting	Default user	50503	stduser	UINT8	None	read-write	1	2	(1, 'User'),(2, 'Professional')	x	х	х
Password old	Password old	50504	passwd	CHAR(32)	None	write-only	0	32		x	х	х
Password new	Password new	50505	passwd	CHAR(32)	None	write-only	0	32		x	х	х
Password repeat	Passwd repeat	50506	passwd	CHAR(32)	None	write-only	0	32		x	х	х
Name	Device name	50550	getinfo	CHAR(34)	None	read-only	0	34		x	х	х
Serial number	Serial num	50554	getinfo serial	CHAR(38)	None	read-only	0	38		x	х	x
Option number	Option number	50555	sensor_option	CHAR(10)	None	read-only	0	10		x	х	х
Article number	Article number	50557	getinfo	CHAR(38)	None	read-only	0	38		x	х	х
Dark correction start	Dark start 1	50600	darkcorr_ch01 start	BIT	None	write-only	True	True	(1, 'Start')	x	х	х
Dark correction state	Dark status 1	50602	darkcorr_ch01 status	UINT32	None	read-only	0	100	(0, 'Ready'),(1, 'Busy'),(100, 'Failure')	x	х	х
Read	Basic read	50650	basicsettings read	BIT	None	write-only	True	True	(1, 'Read')	x	х	х
Store	Basic store	50651	basicsettings store	BIT	None	write-only	True	True	(1, 'Store')	x	х	x
Set default	Basic default	50652	setdefault basicsettings	BIT	None	write-only	True	True	(1, 'Set default')	x	х	x
Mode	Preset mode	50700	meassettings presetmode	UINT8	None	read-write	1	3	(1, 'Static'),(2, 'Balanced'),(3, 'Dynamic')	x	х	x
List	Preset list	50701	meassettings presetlist	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Named read	Preset read	50702	preset read	CHAR(32)	None	write-only	0	32		x	х	x
Current	Meas current	50750	meassettings current	CHAR(32)	None	read-only	0	32		x	х	х
Named read	Meas read	50751	meassettings read	CHAR(32)	None	write-only	0	32		x	х	х
Named store	Meas store	50752	meassettings store	CHAR(32)	None	write-only	0	32		x	х	х
Named delete	Meas delete	50753	meassettings delete	CHAR(32)	None	write-only	0	32		x	х	х
Initial	Meas initial	50754	meassettings initial	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		x	х	х
List	Meas list	50755	meassettings list	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Set default	Meas default	50756	setdefault meassettings	BIT	None	write-only	True	True	(1, 'Set default')	x	х	х
Error number	Error number	50800	sensor_error number	UINT16	None	read-only	0	65535		x	х	х
Error description	Error descrip	50801	sensor_error description	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Reboot sensor	Reset	50850	reset	BIT	None	write-only	True	True	(1, 'Reset')	x	х	х
Factory reset	Factory reset	50900	setdefault all	BIT	None	write-only	True	True	(1, 'Factory reset')	x	х	x

Name	ME-Bus name	ID	ASCII command	Data type	Unit	Access	Min value	Max value	Choices	IFD2410	2411	2415
Reset timestamp	Reset Timestam	50950	resetcnt timestamp	BIT	None	write-only	False	True	(0, 'False'),(1, 'True')	х	х	х
Reset counter	Reset counter	50951	resetcnt meascnt	BIT	None	write-only	False	True	(0, 'False'),(1, 'True')	х	х	х
LED on/off	Led 1	51000	LED_CH01	BIT	None	read-write	False	True	(0, 'OFF'),(1, 'ON')	x	х	х
LED source	Ledsource 1	51001	LEDSOURCE_CH01	UINT8	None	read-write	0	2	(0, 'SOFTWAREONLY'),(1, 'MFI1'),(2, 'MFI2')	х	х	х
Sensor info	Sensor info 1	51050	sensor_info_ch01	CHAR(32)	None	read-only	0	32		х	х	х
Sensor range	Sensor range 1	51051	sensor_range_ch01	FLOAT	mm	read-only	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		х	х	х
Sensor serial No	Sensor seria 1	51052	sensor_serial_ch01	UINT32	None	read-only	0	4294967295		х	х	х
Select sensor head	Sensor selec 1	51100	sensorhead_ch01	UINT8	None	read-write	0	10			х	
Sensor name	Sensor name 1	51101	SENSORTABLE_CH01	CHAR(35)	None	read-only	0	35		х	х	х
Measurement range	Sensor range 1	51102	SENSORTABLE_CH01	FLOAT	mm	read-only	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		х	х	х
Serial number	Sensor seria 1	51103	SENSORTABLE_CH01	CHAR(39)	None	read-only	0	39		х	х	х
Position	Sentab pos 1	51150	SENSORTABLE_CH01	UINT8	None	read-write	0	9	(0, '0'),(1, '1'),(2, '2'),(3, '3'),(4, '4'),(5, '5'),(6, '6'),	x	x	x
									(7, '7'),(8, '8'),(9, '9')			
Get next position	Sentab next 1	51151	SENSORTABLE_CH01	BIT	None	write-only	True	True	(1, 'Get next position')	х	х	х
Get previous position	Sentab prev 1	51152	SENSORTABLE_CH01	BIT	None	write-only	True	True	(1, 'Get previous position')	х	х	х
Sensor name	Sentab name 1	51153	SENSORTABLE_CH01	CHAR(35)	None	read-only	0	35		х	х	х
Measurement range	Sentab range 1	51154	SENSORTABLE_CH01	FLOAT	mm	read-only	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		х	х	х
Serial number	Sentab seria 1	51155	SENSORTABLE_CH01	CHAR(39)	None	read-only	0	39		х	х	х
Peak count	Peak count 1	51200	peakcount_ch01	UINT32	None	read-write	1	2		х	х	х
Disable refractivity correction	Refrac corr 1	51201	refraccorr_ch01	BIT	None	read-write	False	True	(0, 'ON'),(1, 'OFF')	х	х	х
Peak position	Peak pos 1	51250	measpeak_ch01	UINT8	None	read-write	0	3	(0, 'F_L'),(1, 'L_SL'),(2, 'F_S'),(3, 'H_SH')	х	х	х
Minimum threshold	minthreshold 1	51300	min_threshold_ch01	FLOAT	%	read-write	0.5	100.0		х	х	х
Peak modulation	Peak mod 1	51301	peak_modulation_ch01	FLOAT	%	read-write	0.0	100.0		х	х	х
RS422 baud rate	Baudrate	51351	baudrate	UINT32	None	read-write	9600	4000000	(9600, '9600'),(115200, '115200'), (230400, '230400'),(460800, '460800'), (691200, '691200'),(921600, '921600'),(2000000, '2000000'),(3000000, '3000000'),(4000000, '4000000')	x	x	х
RS422	Output RS422	51400	output	BIT	None	read-write	False	True	(0, 'False'),(1, 'True')	x	x	x
Analog	Output analog	51402	output	BIT	None	read-write	False	True	(0, 'False'),(1, 'True')	x	х	х
Error outs	Output Errouts	51403	output	BIT	None	read-write	False	True	(0, 'False'),(1, 'True')	x	х	х
Industrial Ethernet	Output IE	51404	output	BIT	None	read-write	False	True	(0, 'False'),(1, 'True')	x	х	х
Error handling type	Error handling	51450	outhold	UINT8	None	read-write	0	2	(0, 'None'),(1, 'Value'),(2, 'Infinite')	x	x	x
Error handling values	Held values	51451	outhold	UINT32	None	read-write	1	1024		x	х	х

Name	ME-Bus name	ID	ASCII command	Data type	Unit	Access	Min value	Max value	Choices	IFD2410	2411	2415
Reduction analog	Reduce analog	51501	outreducedevice	BIT	None	read-write	False	True	(0, 'False'),(1, 'True')	х	х	х
Reduction rs422	Reduce RS422	51502	outreducedevice	BIT	None	read-write	False	True	(0, 'False'),(1, 'True')	х	х	х
Reduction factor	Reduce count	51503	outreducecount	UINT32	None	read-write	1	3000000		х	х	х
Analog output	Analog output	51550	analogrange	UINT8	V	read-write	1	5	(1, '0-5V'),(2, '0-10V'),(5, '4-20mA')	х	х	х
Analog signal	Analog signal	51551	analogout	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Type of scaling	Ana scale type	51553	analogscalemode	UINT8	None	read-write	0	1	(0, 'Default Scaling'),(1, 'Two-point scaling')	х	х	х
Two-Point-scaling start	Ana 2 poi sta	51554	analogscalerange	FLOAT	mm	read-write	-2174.0	2174.0		х	х	х
Two-Point-scaling end	Ana 2 poi end	51555	analogscalerange	FLOAT	mm	read-write	-2174.0	2174.0		х	х	х
Available signals part 0	Ana avai sig 0	51599	meta_analogout	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 1	Ana avai sig 1	51600	meta_analogout	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 2	Ana avai sig 2	51601	meta_analogout	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 3	Ana avai sig 3	51602	meta_analogout	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 4	Ana avai sig 4	51603	meta_analogout	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 5	Ana avai sig 5	51604	meta_analogout	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Output level	Err1 Out level	51650	errorlevelout1	UINT8	None	read-write	0	3	(0, 'PNP'),(1, 'NPN'),(2, 'Push-pull'), (3, 'Push-pull negated')	x	х	х
Error out	Err1 err out	51651	errorout1	UINT8	None	read-write	1	8	(1, '01ER1'),(2, '01ER2'),(3, '01ER12'), (8, 'ERRORLIMIT')	х	х	х
Limit signal	Err1 limit sig	51652	errorlimitsignal1	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Lower limit value	Err1 low limit	51654	errorlimitvalues1	FLOAT	mm	read-write	-2174.0	2174.0		х	х	х
Upper limit value	Err1 up limit	51655	errorlimitvalues1	FLOAT	mm	read-write	-2174.0	2174.0		х	х	х
Compare to	Err1 compar to	51656	errorlimitcompareto1	UINT8	None	read-write	1	3	(1, 'Lower'),(2, 'Upper'),(3, 'Both')	х	х	х
Error hysteresis	Err hyst 1	51657	errorhysteresis1	FLOAT	mm	read-write	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		х	х	х
Available signals part 0	Err1 avai sig0	51699	meta_errorlimitsignal1	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 1	Err1 avai sig1	51700	meta_errorlimitsignal1	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 2	Err1 avai sig2	51701	meta_errorlimitsignal1	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 3	Err1 avai sig3	51702	meta_errorlimitsignal1	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 4	Err1 avai sig4	51703	meta_errorlimitsignal1	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 5	Err1 avai sig5	51704	meta_errorlimitsignal1	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Output level	Err2 out level	51750	errorlevelout2	UINT8	None	read-write	0	3	(0, 'PNP'),(1, 'NPN'),(2, 'Push-pull'), (3, 'Push-pull negated')	x	x	х
Error out	Err2 err out	51751	errorout2	UINT8	None	read-write	1	8	(1, '01ER1'),(2, '01ER2'),(3, '01ER12'), (8, 'ERRORLIMIT')	x	x	х
Limit signal	Err2 limit sig	51752	errorlimitsignal2	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		x	х	х
Lower limit value	Err2 low limit	51754	errorlimitvalues2	FLOAT	mm	read-write	-2174.0	2174.0		x	х	х

Name	ME-Bus name	ID	ASCII command	Data type	Unit	Access	Min value	Max value	Choices	IFD2410	2411	2415
Upper limit value	Err2 pp limit	51755	errorlimitvalues2	FLOAT	mm	read-write	-2174.0	2174.0		x	х	х
Compare to	Err2 compar to	51756	errorlimitcompareto2	UINT8	None	read-write	1	3	(1, 'Lower'),(2, 'Upper'),(3, 'Both')	x	х	х
Error hysteresis	Err hyst 2	51757	errorhysteresis2	FLOAT	mm	read-write	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		x	х	х
Available signals part 0	Err2 Ava sig 0	51799	meta_errorlimitsignal2	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 1	Err2 Ava sig 1	51800	meta_errorlimitsignal2	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 2	Err2 Ava sig 2	51801	meta_errorlimitsignal2	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 3	Err2 Ava sig 3	51802	meta_errorlimitsignal2	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 4	Err2 Ava sig 4	51803	meta_errorlimitsignal2	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 5	Err2 Ava sig 5	51804	meta_errorlimitsignal2	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
RS422 add output signal	RS422 add Sig	51850	outadd_rs422	CHAR(32)	None	write-only	0	32		х	х	х
RS422 remove output signal	RS422 del sig	51851	outdel_rs422	CHAR(235)	None	write-only	0	235		x	х	х
RS422 reset output signals	RS422 rst sig	51852	outreset_rs422	BIT	None	write-only	False	True		х	х	х
RS422 available signals part 0	RS422 avai 0	51899	meta_out_rs422	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
RS422 available signals part 1	RS422 avai 1	51900	meta_out_rs422	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
RS422 available signals part 2	RS422 avai 2	51901	meta_out_rs422	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
RS422 available signals part 3	RS422 avai 3	51902	meta_out_rs422	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
RS422 available signals part 4	RS422 avai 4	51903	meta_out_rs422	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
RS422 available signals part 5	RS422 avai 5	51904	meta_out_rs422	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
RS422 available signals part 6	RS422 avai 6	51906	meta_out_rs422	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
RS422 available signals part 7	RS422 avai 7	51907	meta_out_rs422	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
RS422 available signals part 8	RS422 avai 8	51908	meta_out_rs422	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
RS422 available signals part 9	RS422 avai 9	51909	meta_out_rs422	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
RS422 available signals part 10	RS422 avai 10	51910	meta_out_rs422	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
RS422 available signals part 11	RS422 avai 11	51911	meta_out_rs422	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
RS422 available signals part 12	RS422 avai 12	51912	meta_out_rs422	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Outputinfo RS422 part 0	RS422outinf 0	51930	getoutinfo_rs422	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Outputinfo RS422 part 1	RS422outinf 1	51931	getoutinfo_rs422	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Outputinfo RS422 part 2	RS422outinf 2	51932	getoutinfo_rs422	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Outputinfo RS422 part 3	RS422outinf 3	51933	getoutinfo_rs422	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Outputinfo RS422 part 4	RS422outinf 4	51934	getoutinfo_rs422	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	x
Outputinfo RS422 part 5	RS422outinf 5	51935	getoutinfo_rs422	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Outputinfo RS422 part 6	RS422outinf 6	51936	getoutinfo_rs422	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	x	х
Outputinfo RS422 part 7	RS422outinf 7	51937	getoutinfo_rs422	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	x	х
Outputinfo RS422 part 8	RS422outinf 8	51938	getoutinfo_rs422	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х

Name	ME-Bus name	ID	ASCII command	Data type	Unit	Access	Min value	Max value	Choices	IFD2410	2411	2415
Outputinfo RS422 part 9	RS422outinf 9	51939	getoutinfo_rs422	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Outputinfo RS422 part 10	RS422outinf 10	51940	getoutinfo_rs422	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Outputinfo RS422 part 11	RS422outinf 11	51941	getoutinfo_rs422	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Outputinfo RS422 part 12	RS422outinf 12	51942	getoutinfo_rs422	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Shutter mode channel 1	Shutter mode 1	52042	shuttermode_ch01	UINT8	None	read-write	1	4	(1, 'Meas'),(2, 'Manual'),(3, '2TIMES_ALT'), (4, '2TIMES_AUTO')	х	x	x
Shutter value1 in us channel 1	Shuttertime1 1	52044	shutter_ch01	FLOAT	us	read-write	3.0	10000.0	(1, 'Meas'),(2, 'Manual'),(3, '2TIMES_ALT'), (4, '2TIMES_AUTO')	x	x	x
Shutter value2 in us channel 1	Shuttertime2 1	52045	shutter_ch01	FLOAT	us	read-write	3.0	10000.0	(1, 'Meas'),(2, 'Manual'), (3, '2TIMES_ALT'), (4, '2TIMES_AUTO')	x	x	x
Measuring rate	measrate	52095	measrate	FLOAT	Hz	read-write	0.1	8.0		x	x	
Measuring rate	measrate	52095	measrate	FLOAT	Hz	read-write	0.1	25.0				x
Mode	Keylock mode	52145	keylock mode	UINT8	None	read-write	0	2	(0, 'None'),(1, 'Active'),(2, 'Auto')	х	х	х
Key lock countdown [min]	Keylock delay	52146	keylock delay	UINT8	min	read-write	1	60		х	х	х
Signals for key mastering	Master sig sel	52248	mastersignalselect signals	CHAR(160)	None	read-write	0	160		х	х	х
Available signals	Meta master	52249	meta_master	CHAR(160)	None	read-only	0	160		х	х	х
Encoder 1 reference signal	Enc1 ref sig	52299	encref1	UINT8	None	read-write	0	3	(0, 'None'),(1, 'One'),(3, 'Ever')	x	х	х
Encoder 1 interpolation	Enc1 interpol	52300	encinterpol1	UINT8	None	read-write	1	3	<ul><li>(1, 'Signal interpolation'),(2, 'Dual interpolation'),</li><li>(3, 'Quadruple interpolation')</li></ul>	х	х	х
Encoder 1 initial value	Enc1 init val	52301	encvalue1	UINT32	None	read-write	0	4294967294		х	х	х
Encoder 1 maximum value	Enc1 max val	52302	encmax1	UINT32	None	read-write	0	4294967295		x	х	х
Encoder 1 set value	Enc1 set val	52303	encset1	BIT	None	write-only	True	True	(1, 'Set')	х	х	х
Encoder 2 reference signal	Enc2 ref sig	52304	encref2	UINT8	None	read-write	0	3	(0, 'None'),(1, 'One'),(3, 'Ever')	х	х	х
Encoder 2 interpolation	Enc2 interpol	52305	encinterpol2	UINT8	None	read-write	1	3	<ul><li>(1, 'Signal interpolation'),(2, 'Dual interpolation'),</li><li>(3, 'Quadruple interpolation')</li></ul>	х	x	x
Encoder 2 initial value	Enc2 init val	52306	encvalue2	UINT32	None	read-write	0	4294967294		х	х	х
Encoder 2 maximum value	Enc2 max val	52307	encmax2	UINT32	None	read-write	0	4294967295		х	х	х
Encoder 2 set value	Enc2 set val	52308	encset2	BIT	None	write-only	True	True	(1, 'Set')	х	х	х
Encoder 3 interpolation	Enc3 interpol	52309	encinterpol3	UINT8	None	read-write	1	3	<ul><li>(1, 'Signal interpolation'),(2, 'Dual interpolation'),</li><li>(3, 'Quadruple interpolation')</li></ul>	х	x	x
Encoder 3 initial value	Enc3 init val	52310	encvalue3	UINT32	None	read-write	0	4294967294		x	х	х
Encoder 3 maximum value	Enc3 max val	52311	encmax3	UINT32	None	read-write	0	4294967295		х	х	х

Name	ME-Bus name	ID	ASCII command	Data type	Unit	Access	Min value	Max value	Choices	IFD2410	2411	2415
Encoder 3 set value	Enc3 set val	52312	encset3	BIT	None	write-only	True	True	(1, 'Set')	х	х	х
Encoder count	Encoder count	52313	encodercount	UINT8	None	read-write	1	3	(1, '1'),(2, '2'),(3, '3')	x		x
Encoder count	Encoder count	52313	encodercount	UINT8	None	read-write	1	1	(1, '1'),(2, '2'),(3, '3')		x	
Set encoder	Set encoder	52314	encset	UINT8	None	write-only	1	3	(1, '1'),(2, '2'),(3, '3')	х	х	х
Reset encoder	Reset encoder	52315	encreset	UINT8	None	write-only	1	3	(1, '1'),(2, '2'),(3, '3')	х	х	х
Trigger At	Trigger At	52350	triggerat	UINT8	None	read-write	0	1	(0, 'Input'),(1, 'Output')	х	х	х
Trigger source	Trigger source	52351	triggersource	UINT8	None	read-write	0	7	(0, 'None'),(1, 'MFI1'),(2, 'MFI2'),(3, 'Sync'), (4, 'Software'),(5, 'Encoder1'),(6, 'Encoder2'),(7, 'Encoder3')	x	x	x
Trigger mode	Trigger mode	52352	triggermode	UINT8	None	read-write	0	1	(0, 'Edge'),(1, 'Pulse')	х	x	x
Trigger level	Trigger level	52353	triggerlevel	UINT8	None	read-write	0	1	(0, 'Low'),(1, 'High')	x	х	x
Trigger count type	Trig count typ	52354	triggercount type	UINT8	None	read-write	0	2	(0, 'Infinite'),(1, 'Value'),(2, 'None')	х	х	х
Trigger count value	Trig count val	52355	triggercount	UINT16	None	read-write	1	16382		х	х	х
Trigger software	Trigger SW	52356	triggersw	BIT	None	write-only	True	True	(1, 'Trigger')	х	х	х
Trigger endcoder minimum	Trigger encmin	52357	triggerencmin	UINT32	None	read-write	0	4294967294		x	х	x
Trigger encoder maximum	Trigger encmax	52358	triggerencmax	UINT32	None	read-write	0	4294967295		х	х	х
Trigger encoder step size	Trig enc step	52359	triggerencstepsize	UINT32	None	read-write	0	4294967295		x	х	x
MFI level	MFI level	52360	mfilevel	UINT8	None	read-write	0	1	(0, 'TTL'),(1, 'HTL')	х	х	х
Sync mode	Sync mode	52400	sync	UINT8	None	read-write	0	5	(0, 'None'),(1, 'Master'),(2, 'MFI1'),(3, 'MFI2'), (4, 'Fieldbus'),(5, 'Slave')	х	x	х
Termination	Termination	52401	termination	BIT	None	read-write	False	True	(0, 'Off'),(1, 'On')	x	x	x
Range of interest start	ROI start 1	52460	roi_ch01	UINT16	%	read-write	0	510		x	х	x
Range of interest end	ROI end 1	52461	roi_ch01	UINT16	%	read-write	1	511		x	х	x
Name	Mat info name	52500	materialinfo name	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		x	х	x
Description	Mat info desc	52501	materialinfo description	CHAR(64)	None	read-write	0	64		х	х	х
Type of refraction	Mat info refra	52502	materialinfo refraction_type	UINT8	None	read-write	0	1	(0, 'NX'),(1, 'ABBE')	х	х	х
nd value	mat info ND	52503	materialinfo nd	FLOAT	None	read-write	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		х	х	х
nF value	Mat info NF	52504	materialinfo nf	FLOAT	None	read-write	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		х	х	х
nC value	Mat info NC	52505	materialinfo nc	FLOAT	None	read-write	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		х	х	х
Abbe number	Mat info Abbe	52506	materialinfo abbe	FLOAT	None	read-write	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		х	х	х
Material delete	Mat tab delete	52550	materialdelete	CHAR(32)	None	write-only	0	32		x	x	x
Reset materials	Mat tab reset	52551	setdefault material	BIT	None	write-only	True	True	(1, 'Set default materials')	x	x	x
New material	Mat tab new	52552	materialadd	BIT	None	write-only	True	True	(1, 'Add new material')	х	х	х

Name	ME-Bus name	ID	ASCII command	Data type	Unit	Access	Min value	Max value	Choices	IFD2410	2411	2415
Select material for edit	Mat tab sel ed	52553	material_for_edit	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Existing materials part 0	Exist mat 0	52600	meta_material	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Existing materials part 1	Exist mat 1	52601	meta_material	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Existing materials part 2	Exist mat 2	52602	meta_material	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Existing materials part 3	Exist mat 3	52603	meta_material	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Existing materials part 4	Exist mat 4	52604	meta_material	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Material 1	material 1 1	52650	material_ch01	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		x	х	х
Material 2	Material 1 2	52651	material_ch01	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Material 3	Material 1 3	52652	material_ch01	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		x	х	х
Material 4	Material 1 4	52653	material_ch01	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		x	х	х
Material 5	Material 1 5	52654	material_ch01	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		x	х	х
Master source	Master source	52700	mastersource	UINT8	None	read-write	0	2	(0, 'None'),(1, 'MFI1'),(2, 'MFI2')	x	х	х
Enable	Mas0 enable	52750	mastersignal0 enable	BIT	None	read-write	False	True	(0, 'False'),(1, 'True')	x	х	х
Signal	Mas0 signal	52751	mastersignal0 signal	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		x	х	х
Set/Reset	Mas0 set rst	52753	master0	BIT	None	read-write	False	True	(0, 'Reset'),(1, 'Set')	x	х	х
Value	Mas0 value	52754	mastersignal0 value	FLOAT	mm	read-write	-2147.0	2147.0		x	х	х
Available signals part 0	Mas0 ava sig 0	52799	meta_mastersignal0	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 1	Mas0 ava sig 1	52800	meta_mastersignal0	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 2	Mas0 ava sig 2	52801	meta_mastersignal0	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 3	Mas0 ava sig 3	52802	meta_mastersignal0	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 4	Mas0 ava sig 4	52803	meta_mastersignal0	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 5	Mas0 ava sig 5	52804	meta_mastersignal0	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Enable	Mas1 enable	52850	mastersignal1 enable	BIT	None	read-write	False	True	(0, 'False'),(1, 'True')	x	х	х
Signal	Mas1 signal	52851	mastersignal1 signal	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		x	х	х
Set/Reset	Mas1 set rst	52853	master1	BIT	None	read-write	False	True	(0, 'Reset'),(1, 'Set')	x	х	х
Value	Mas1 value	52854	mastersignal1 value	FLOAT	mm	read-write	-2147.0	2147.0		x	х	х
Available signals part 0	Mas1 ava sig 0	52899	meta_mastersignal1	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 1	Mas1 ava sig 1	52900	meta_mastersignal1	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 2	Mas1 ava sig 2	52901	meta_mastersignal1	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 3	Mas1 ava sig 3	52902	meta_mastersignal1	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 4	Mas1 ava sig 4	52903	meta_mastersignal1	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 5	Mas1 ava sig 5	52904	meta_mastersignal1	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	x
Enable	Mas2 enable	52950	mastersignal2 enable	BIT	None	read-write	False	True	(0, 'False'),(1, 'True')	x	х	х
Signal	Mas2 signal	52951	mastersignal2 signal	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		x	x	x

Name	ME-Bus name	ID	ASCII command	Data type	Unit	Access	Min value	Max value	Choices	IFD2410	2411	2415
Set/Reset	Mas2 set rst	52953	master2	BIT	None	read-write	False	True	(0, 'Reset'),(1, 'Set')	х	х	х
Value	Mas2 value	52954	mastersignal2 value	FLOAT	mm	read-write	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		х	х	х
Available signals part 0	Mas2 ava sig 0	52999	meta_mastersignal2	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 1	Mas2 ava sig 1	53000	meta_mastersignal2	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 2	Mas2 ava sig 2	53001	meta_mastersignal2	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 3	Mas2 ava sig 3	53002	meta_mastersignal2	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 4	Mas2 ava sig 4	53003	meta_mastersignal2	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 5	Mas2 ava sig 5	53004	meta_mastersignal2	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Enable	Mas3 enable	53050	mastersignal3 enable	BIT	None	read-write	False	True	(0, 'False'),(1, 'True')	х	х	х
Signal	Mas3 signal	53051	mastersignal3 signal	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Set/Reset	Mas3 set rst	53053	master3	BIT	None	read-write	False	True	(0, 'Reset'),(1, 'Set')	х	х	х
Value	Mas3 value	53054	mastersignal3 value	FLOAT	mm	read-write	-2147.0	2147.0		х	х	х
Available signals part 0	Mas3 ava sig 0	53099	meta_mastersignal3	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 1	Mas3 ava sig 1	53100	meta_mastersignal3	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 2	Mas3 ava sig 2	53101	meta_mastersignal3	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 3	Mas3 ava sig 3	53102	meta_mastersignal3	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 4	Mas3 ava sig 4	53103	meta_mastersignal3	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 5	Mas3 ava sig 5	53104	meta_mastersignal3	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Enable	Mas4 enable	53150	mastersignal4 enable	BIT	None	read-write	False	True	(0, 'False'),(1, 'True')	x	х	х
Signal	Mas4 signal	53151	mastersignal4 signal	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		x	х	х
Set/Reset	Mas4 set rst	53153	master4	BIT	None	read-write	False	True	(0, 'Reset'),(1, 'Set')	х	х	х
Value	Mas4 value	53154	mastersignal4 value	FLOAT	mm	read-write	-2147.0	2147.0		x	х	х
Available signals part 0	Mas4 ava sig	53199	meta_mastersignal4	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 1	Mas4 ava sig 1	53200	meta_mastersignal4	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 2	Mas4 ava sig 2	53201	meta_mastersignal4	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 3	Mas4 ava sig 3	53202	meta_mastersignal4	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 4	Mas4 ava sig 4	53203	meta_mastersignal4	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 5	Mas4 ava sig 5	53204	meta_mastersignal4	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Enable	Mas5 enable	53250	mastersignal5 enable	BIT	None	read-write	False	True	(0, 'False'),(1, 'True')	x	х	х
Signal	Mas5 signal	53251	mastersignal5 signal	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		x	х	х
Set/Reset	Mas5 set rst	53253	master5	BIT	None	read-write	False	True	(0, 'Reset'),(1, 'Set')	x	х	x
Value	Mas5 value	53254	mastersignal5 value	FLOAT	mm	read-write	-2147.0	2147.0		x	х	x
Available signals part 0	Mas5 ava sig 0	53299	meta_mastersignal5	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	x
Available signals part 1	Mas5 ava sig 1	53300	meta_mastersignal5	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	x	х

Name	ME-Bus name	ID	ASCII command	Data type	Unit	Access	Min value	Max value	Choices	IFD2410	2411	2415
Available signals part 2	Mas5 ava sig 2	53301	meta_mastersignal5	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 3	Mas5 ava sig 3	53302	meta_mastersignal5	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 4	Mas5 ava sig 4	53303	meta_mastersignal5	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 5	Mas5 ava sig 5	53304	meta_mastersignal5	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Enable	Mas6 enable	53350	mastersignal6 enable	BIT	None	read-write	False	True	(0, 'False'),(1, 'True')	x	х	х
Signal	Mas6 signal	53351	mastersignal6 signal	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Set/Reset	Mas6 set rst	53353	master6	BIT	None	read-write	False	True	(0, 'Reset'),(1, 'Set')	х	х	х
Value	Mas6 value	53354	mastersignal6 value	FLOAT	mm	read-write	-2147.0	2147.0		x	х	х
Available signals part 0	Mas6 ava sig 0	53399	meta_mastersignal6	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 1	Mas6 ava sig 1	53400	meta_mastersignal6	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 2	Mas6 ava sig 2	53401	meta_mastersignal6	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 3	Mas6 ava sig 3	53402	meta_mastersignal6	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 4	Mas6 ava sig 4	53403	meta_mastersignal6	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 5	Mas6 ava sig 5	53404	meta_mastersignal6	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Enable	Mas7 enable	53450	mastersignal7 enable	BIT	None	read-write	False	True	(0, 'False'),(1, 'True')	х	х	х
Signal	Mas7 signal	53451	mastersignal7 signal	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Set/Reset	Mas7 set rst	53453	master7	BIT	None	read-write	False	True	(0, 'Reset'),(1, 'Set')	х	х	х
Value	Mas7 value	53454	mastersignal7 value	FLOAT	mm	read-write	-2147.0	2147.0		х	х	х
Available signals part 0	Mas7 ava sig 0	53499	meta_mastersignal7	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 1	Mas7 ava sig 1	53500	meta_mastersignal7	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 2	Mas7 ava sig 2	53501	meta_mastersignal7	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 3	Mas7 ava sig 3	53502	meta_mastersignal7	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 4	Mas7 ava sig 4	53503	meta_mastersignal7	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 5	Mas7 ava sig 5	53504	meta_mastersignal7	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Enable	Mas8 enable	53550	mastersignal8 enable	BIT	None	read-write	False	True	(0, 'False'),(1, 'True')	x	х	х
Signal	Mas8 signal	53551	mastersignal8 signal	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		x	х	х
Set/Reset	Mas8 set rst	53553	master8	BIT	None	read-write	False	True	(0, 'Reset'),(1, 'Set')	х	х	х
Value	Mas8 value	53554	mastersignal8 value	FLOAT	mm	read-write	-2147.0	2147.0		x	х	х
Available signals part 0	Mas8 ava sig 0	53599	meta_mastersignal8	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 1	Mas8 ava sig 1	53600	meta_mastersignal8	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 2	Mas8 ava sig 2	53601	meta_mastersignal8	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 3	Mas8 ava sig 3	53602	meta_mastersignal8	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	x
Available signals part 4	Mas8 ava sig 4	53603	meta_mastersignal8	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	x
Available signals part 5	Mas8 ava sig 5	53604	meta_mastersignal8	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	x	x

Name	ME-Bus name	ID	ASCII command	Data type	Unit	Access	Min value	Max value	Choices	IFD2410	2411	2415
Enable	Mas9 enable	53650	mastersignal9 enable	BIT	None	read-write	False	True	(0, 'False'),(1, 'True')	x	х	х
Signal	Mas9 signal	53651	mastersignal9 signal	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Set/Reset	Mas9 set rst	53653	master9	BIT	None	read-write	False	True	(0, 'Reset'),(1, 'Set')	х	х	х
Value	Mas9 value	53654	mastersignal9 value	FLOAT	mm	read-write	-2147.0	2147.0		x	х	x
Available signals part 0	Mas9 ava sig 0	53699	meta_mastersignal9	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 1	Mas9 ava sig 1	53700	meta_mastersignal9	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 2	Mas9 ava sig 2	53701	meta_mastersignal9	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 3	Mas9 ava sig 3	53702	meta_mastersignal9	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 4	Mas9 ava sig 4	53703	meta_mastersignal9	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 5	Mas9 ava sig 5	53704	meta_mastersignal9	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Enable	Stat0 enable	53750	statisticsignal0 enable	BIT	None	read-write	False	True	(0, 'Disable'),(1, 'Enable')	х	х	х
Signal	Stat0 signal	53751	statisticsignal0 signal	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Infinite	Stat0 infinite	53753	statisticsignal0 type	BIT	None	read-write	False	True	(0, 'Specific depth'),(1, 'Infinite')	х	х	х
Depth	Stat0 depth	53754	statisticsignal0 depth	UINT16	None	read-write	2	8192	(2, '2'),(4, '4'),(8, '8'),(16, '16'),(32, '32'), (64, '64'),(128, '128'),(256, '256'),(512, '512'),(1024, '1024'),(2048, '2048'),(4096, '4096'),(8192, '8192')	x	x	х
Reset	Stat0 reset	53755	statistic0	BIT	None	write-only	True	True	(1, 'Reset')	x	x	x
Available signals part 0	Stat0 avasig 0	53799	meta_statisticsignal0	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 1	Stat0 avasig 1	53800	meta_statisticsignal0	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 2	Stat0 avasig 2	53801	meta_statisticsignal0	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 3	Stat0 avasig 3	53802	meta_statisticsignal0	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 4	Stat0 avasig 4	53803	meta_statisticsignal0	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 5	Stat0 avasig 5	53804	meta_statisticsignal0	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Enable	Stat1 enable	53850	statisticsignal1 enable	BIT	None	read-write	False	True	(0, 'Disable'),(1, 'Enable')	х	х	х
Signal	Stat1 signal	53851	statisticsignal1 signal	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Infinite	Stat1 infinite	53853	statisticsignal1 type	BIT	None	read-write	False	True	(0, 'Specific depth'),(1, 'Infinite')	х	х	х
Depth	Stat1 depth	53854	statisticsignal1 depth	UINT16	None	read-write	2	8192	(2, '2'),(4, '4'),(8, '8'),(16, '16'),(32, '32'), (64, '64'),(128, '128'),(256, '256'),(512, '512'),(1024, '1024'),(2048, '2048'),(4096, '4096'),(8192, '8192')	x	х	x
Reset	Stat1 reset	53855	statistic1	BIT	None	write-only	True	True	(1, 'Reset')	х	х	х
Available signals part 0	Stat1 avasig 0	53899	meta_statisticsignal1	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 1	Stat1 avasig 1	53900	meta_statisticsignal1	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х

Name	ME-Bus name	ID	ASCII command	Data type	Unit	Access	Min value	Max value	Choices	IFD2410	2411	2415
Available signals part 2	Stat1 avasig 2	53901	meta_statisticsignal1	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 3	Stat1 avasig 3	53902	meta_statisticsignal1	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 4	Stat1 avasig 4	53903	meta_statisticsignal1	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 5	Stat1 avasig 5	53904	meta_statisticsignal1	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Enable	Stat2 enable	53950	statisticsignal2 enable	BIT	None	read-write	False	True	(0, 'Disable'),(1, 'Enable')	x	х	х
Signal	Stat2 signal	53951	statisticsignal2 signal	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Infinite	Stat2 infinite	53953	statisticsignal2 type	BIT	None	read-write	False	True	(0, 'Specific depth'),(1, 'Infinite')	х	х	х
Depth	Stat2 depth	53954	statisticsignal2 depth	UINT16	None	read-write	2	8192	(2, '2'),(4, '4'),(8, '8'),(16, '16'),(32, '32'), (64, '64'),(128, '128'),(256, '256'),(512, '512'),(1024, '1024'),(2048, '2048'),(4096, '4096'),(8192, '8192')	x	х	х
Reset	Stat2 reset	53955	statistic2	BIT	None	write-only	True	True	(1, 'Reset')	х	х	х
Available signals part 0	Stat2 avasig 0	53999	meta_statisticsignal2	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 1	Stat2 avasig 1	54000	meta_statisticsignal2	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 2	Stat2 avasig 2	54001	meta_statisticsignal2	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 3	Stat2 avasig 3	54002	meta_statisticsignal2	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 4	Stat2 avasig 4	54003	meta_statisticsignal2	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 5	Stat2 avasig 5	54004	meta_statisticsignal2	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Туре	1 Comp 0 type	54050	comp ch01 1 type	UINT8	None	read-write	0	8	(0, 'None'),(1, 'Moving'),(2, 'Recursive'), (3, 'Median'),(4, 'Calc'),(7, 'Thickness'),(8, 'Copy')	x	x	x
Name	1 Comp 0 name	54051	comp ch01 1 name	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		x	х	х
Signal1	1 Comp 0 sig1	54053	comp ch01 1 signal1	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		x	х	х
Signal2	1 Comp 0 sig2	54054	comp ch01 1 signal2	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Factor1	1 Comp 0 fac 1	54062	comp ch01 1 factor1	FLOAT	None	read-write	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		x	х	х
Factor2	1 Comp 0 fac 2	54063	comp ch01 1 factor2	FLOAT	None	read-write	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		x	х	х
Offset	1 Comp 0 offs	54066	comp ch01 1 offset	FLOAT	None	read-write	-2147.0	2147.0		х	х	х
Parameter	1 Comp 0 param	54067	comp ch01 1 parameter	UINT32	None	read-write	2	32767		x	х	х
Available signals part 0	1 Comp 0 avs 0	54099	meta_comp ch01 1	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 1	1 Comp 0 avs 1	54100	meta_comp ch01 1	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 2	1 Comp 0 avs 2	54101	meta_comp ch01 1	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 3	1 Comp 0 avs 3	54102	meta_comp ch01 1	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 4	1 Comp 0 avs 4	54103	meta_comp ch01 1	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 5	1 Comp 0 avs 5	54104	meta_comp ch01 1	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х

Name	ME-Bus name	ID ASCII comn	nand Data type	Unit	Access	Min value	Max value	Choices	IFD2410	2411	2415
Туре	1 Comp 1 type	54150 comp ch01 2	type UINT8	None	read-write	0	8	(0, 'None'),(1, 'Moving'),(2, 'Recursive'), (3, 'Median'),(4, 'Calc'),(7, 'Thickness'),(8, 'Copy')	х	x	х
Name	1 Comp 1 name	54151 comp ch01 2	name CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		x	х	х
Signal1	1 Comp 1 sig1	54153 comp ch01 2	signal1 CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		x	х	х
Signal2	1 Comp 1 sig2	54154 comp ch01 2	signal2 CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		x	х	х
Factor1	1 Comp 1 fac 1	54162 comp ch01 2	factor1 FLOAT	None	read-write	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		х	х	х
Factor2	1 Comp 1 fac 2	54163 comp ch01 2	factor2 FLOAT	None	read-write	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		х	х	х
Offset	1 Comp 1 offs	54166 comp ch01 2	e offset FLOAT	mm	read-write	-2147.0	2147.0		х	х	х
Parameter	1 Comp 1 param	54167 comp ch01 2	parameter UINT32	None	read-write	2	32767		x	х	х
Available signals part 0	1 Comp 1 avs 0	54199 meta_comp	ch01 2 CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 1	1 Comp 1 avs 1	54200 meta_comp	ch01 2 CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 2	1 Comp 1 avs 2	54201 meta_comp	ch01 2 CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 3	1 Comp 1 avs 3	54202 meta_comp	ch01 2 CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 4	1 Comp 1 avs 4	54203 meta_comp	ch01 2 CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 5	1 Comp 1 avs 5	54204 meta_comp	ch01 2 CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Туре	1 Comp 2 type	54250 comp ch01 3	type UINT8	None	read-write	0	8	(0, 'None'),(1, 'Moving'),(2, 'Recursive'), (3, 'Median'),(4, 'Calc'),(7, 'Thickness'),(8, 'Copy')	x	x	x
Name	1 Comp 2 name	54251 comp ch01 3	name CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Signal1	1 Comp 2 sig1	54253 comp ch01 3	signal1 CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Signal2	1 Comp 2 sig2	54254 comp ch01 3	signal2 CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Factor1	1 Comp 2 fac 1	54262 comp ch01 3	factor1 FLOAT	None	read-write	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		х	х	х
Factor2	1 Comp 2 fac 2	54263 comp ch01 3	factor2 FLOAT	None	read-write	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		х	х	х
Offset	1 Comp 2 offs	54266 comp ch01 3	offset FLOAT	mm	read-write	-2147.0	2147.0		х	х	х
Parameter	1 Comp 2 param	54267 comp ch01 3	parameter UINT32	None	read-write	2	32767		х	х	х
Available signals part 0	1 Comp 2 avs 0	54299 meta_comp	ch01 3 CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 1	1 Comp 2 avs 1	54300 meta_comp	ch01 3 CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 2	1 Comp 2 avs 2	54301 meta_comp	ch01 3 CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 3	1 Comp 2 avs 3	54302 meta_comp	ch01 3 CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 4	1 Comp 2 avs 4	54303 meta_comp	ch01 3 CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 5	1 Comp 2 avs 5	54304 meta_comp	ch01 3 CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Туре	1 Comp 3 type	54350 comp ch01 4	type UINT8	None	read-write	0	8	(0, 'None'),(1, 'Moving'),(2, 'Recursive'), (3, 'Median'),(4, 'Calc'),(7, 'Thickness'),(8, 'Copy')	х	x	х
Name	1 Comp 3 name	54351 comp ch01 4	name CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		x	х	х

Name	ME-Bus name	ID	ASCII command	Data type	Unit	Access	Min value	Max value	Choices	IFD2410	2411	2415
Signal1	1 Comp 3 sig1	54353	comp ch01 4 signal1	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Signal2	1 Comp 3 sig2	54354	comp ch01 4 signal2	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Factor1	1 Comp 3 fac 1	54362	comp ch01 4 factor1	FLOAT	None	read-write	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		х	х	х
Factor2	1 Comp 3 fac 2	54363	comp ch01 4 factor2	FLOAT	None	read-write	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		х	х	х
Offset	1 Comp 3 offs	54366	comp ch01 4 offset	FLOAT	mm	read-write	-2147.0	2147.0		х	х	х
Parameter	1 Comp 3 param	54367	comp ch01 4 parameter	UINT32	None	read-write	2	32767		х	х	х
Available signals part 0	1 Comp 3 avs 0	54399	meta_comp ch01 4	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 1	1 Comp 3 avs 1	54400	meta_comp ch01 4	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 2	1 Comp 3 avs 2	54401	meta_comp ch01 4	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 3	1 Comp 3 avs 3	54402	meta_comp ch01 4	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 4	1 Comp 3 avs 4	54403	meta_comp ch01 4	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 5	1 Comp 3 avs 5	54404	meta_comp ch01 4	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Туре	1 Comp 4 type	54450	comp ch01 5 type	UINT8	None	read-write	0	8	(0, 'None'),(1, 'Moving'),(2, 'Recursive'), (3, 'Median'),(4, 'Calc'),(7, 'Thickness'),(8, 'Copy')	x	x	x
Name	1 Comp 4 name	54451	comp ch01 5 name	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Signal1	1 Comp 4 sig1	54453	comp ch01 5 signal1	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Signal2	1 Comp 4 sig2	54454	comp ch01 5 signal2	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Factor1	1 Comp 4 fac 1	54462	comp ch01 5 factor1	FLOAT	None	read-write	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		х	х	х
Factor2	1 Comp 4 fac 2	54463	comp ch01 5 factor2	FLOAT	None	read-write	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		х	х	х
Offset	1 Comp 4 offs	54466	comp ch01 5 offset	FLOAT	mm	read-write	-2147.0	2147.0		х	х	х
Parameter	1 Comp 4 param	54467	comp ch01 5 parameter	UINT32	None	read-write	2	32767		х	х	х
Available signals part 0	1 Comp 4 avs 0	54499	meta_comp ch01 5	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 1	1 Comp 4 avs 1	54500	meta_comp ch01 5	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 2	1 Comp 4 avs 2	54501	meta_comp ch01 5	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 3	1 Comp 4 avs 3	54502	meta_comp ch01 5	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 4	1 Comp 4 avs 4	54503	meta_comp ch01 5	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 5	1 Comp 4 avs 5	54504	meta_comp ch01 5	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Туре	1 Comp 5 type	54550	comp ch01 6 type	UINT8	None	read-write	0	8	(0, 'None'),(1, 'Moving'),(2, 'Recursive'), (3, 'Median'),(4, 'Calc'),(7, 'Thickness'),(8, 'Copy')	x	x	х
Name	1 Comp 5 name	54551	comp ch01 6 name	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		x	х	х
Signal1	1 Comp 5 sig1	54553	comp ch01 6 signal1	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Signal2	1 Comp 5 sig2	54554	comp ch01 6 signal2	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		x	х	х
Factor1	1 Comp 5 fac 1	54562	comp ch01 6 factor1	FLOAT	None	read-write	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		x	х	х

Name	ME-Bus name	ID ASCII command	Data type	Unit	Access	Min value	Max value	Choices	IFD2410	2411	2415
Factor2	1 Comp 5 fac 2	54563 comp ch01 6 factor2	FLOAT	None	read-write	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		х	х	х
Offset	1 Comp 5 offs	54566 comp ch01 6 offset	FLOAT	mm	read-write	-2147.0	2147.0		х	х	х
Parameter	1 Comp 5 param	54567 comp ch01 6 parameter	UINT32	None	read-write	2	32767		x	х	х
Available signals part 0	1 Comp 5 avs 0	54599 meta_comp ch01 6	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 1	1 Comp 5 avs 1	54600 meta_comp ch01 6	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 2	1 Comp 5 avs 2	54601 meta_comp ch01 6	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 3	1 Comp 5 avs 3	54602 meta_comp ch01 6	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 4	1 Comp 5 avs 4	54603 meta_comp ch01 6	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 5	1 Comp 5 avs 5	54604 meta_comp ch01 6	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Туре	1 Comp 6 type	54650 comp ch01 7 type	UINT8	None	read-write	0	8	(0, 'None'),(1, 'Moving'),(2, 'Recursive'), (3, 'Median'),(4, 'Calc'),(7, 'Thickness'),(8, 'Copy')	x	х	x
Name	1 Comp 6 name	54651 comp ch01 7 name	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Signal1	1 Comp 6 sig1	54653 comp ch01 7 signal1	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		x	х	х
Signal2	1 Comp 6 sig2	54654 comp ch01 7 signal2	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		x	х	х
Factor1	1 Comp 6 fac 1	54662 comp ch01 7 factor1	FLOAT	None	read-write	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		х	х	х
Factor2	1 Comp 6 fac 2	54663 comp ch01 7 factor2	FLOAT	None	read-write	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		x	х	х
Offset	1 Comp 6 offs	54666 comp ch01 7 offset	FLOAT	mm	read-write	-2147.0	2147.0		x	х	х
Parameter	1 Comp 6 param	54667 comp ch01 7 parameter	UINT32	None	read-write	2	32767		x	х	х
Available signals part 0	1 Comp 6 avs 0	54699 meta_comp ch01 7	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 1	1 Comp 6 avs 1	54700 meta_comp ch01 7	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 2	1 Comp 6 avs 2	54701 meta_comp ch01 7	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 3	1 Comp 6 avs 3	54702 meta_comp ch01 7	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 4	1 Comp 6 avs 4	54703 meta_comp ch01 7	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 5	1 Comp 6 avs 5	54704 meta_comp ch01 7	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Туре	1 Comp 7 type	54750 comp ch01 8 type	UINT8	None	read-write	0	8	(0, 'None'),(1, 'Moving'),(2, 'Recursive'), (3, 'Median'),(4, 'Calc'),(7, 'Thickness'),(8, 'Copy')	x	х	x
Name	1 Comp 7 name	54751 comp ch01 8 name	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		x	х	х
Signal1	1 Comp 7 sig1	54753 comp ch01 8 signal1	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		x	х	х
Signal2	1 Comp 7 sig2	54754 comp ch01 8 signal2	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Factor1	1 Comp 7 fac 1	54762 comp ch01 8 factor1	FLOAT	None	read-write	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		x	х	х
Factor2	1 Comp 7 fac 2	54763 comp ch01 8 factor2	FLOAT	None	read-write	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		x	х	х
Offset	1 Comp 7 offs	54766 comp ch01 8 offset	FLOAT	mm	read-write	-2147.0	2147.0		x	х	х
Parameter	1 Comp 7 param	54767 comp ch01 8 parameter	UINT32	None	read-write	2	32767		х	х	х

Name	ME-Bus name	ID	ASCII command	Data type	Unit	Access	Min value	Max value	Choices	IFD2410	2411	2415
Available signals part 0	1 Comp 7 avs 0	54799	meta_comp ch01 8	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 1	1 Comp 7 avs 1	54800	meta_comp ch01 8	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 2	1 Comp 7 avs 2	54801	meta_comp ch01 8	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 3	1 Comp 7 avs 3	54802	meta_comp ch01 8	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 4	1 Comp 7 avs 4	54803	meta_comp ch01 8	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 5	1 Comp 7 avs 5	54804	meta_comp ch01 8	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Туре	1 Comp 8 type	54850	comp ch01 9 type	UINT8	None	read-write	0	8	(0, 'None'),(1, 'Moving'),(2, 'Recursive'), (3, 'Median'),(4, 'Calc'),(7, 'Thickness'),(8, 'Copy')	х	х	x
Name	1 Comp 8 name	54851	comp ch01 9 name	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Signal1	1 Comp 8 sig1	54853	comp ch01 9 signal1	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Signal2	1 Comp 8 sig2	54854	comp ch01 9 signal2	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Factor1	1 Comp 8 fac 1	54862	comp ch01 9 factor1	FLOAT	None	read-write	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		х	х	х
Factor2	1 Comp 8 fac 2	54863	comp ch01 9 factor2	FLOAT	None	read-write	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		x	х	х
Offset	1 Comp 8 offs	54866	comp ch01 9 offset	FLOAT	mm	read-write	-2147.0	2147.0		х	х	х
Parameter	1 Comp 8 param	54867	comp ch01 9 parameter	UINT32	None	read-write	2	32767		x	х	х
Available signals part 0	1 Comp 8 avs 0	54899	meta_comp ch01 9	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 1	1 Comp 8 avs 1	54900	meta_comp ch01 9	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 2	1 Comp 8 avs 2	54901	meta_comp ch01 9	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 3	1 Comp 8 avs 3	54902	meta_comp ch01 9	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 4	1 Comp 8 avs 4	54903	meta_comp ch01 9	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 5	1 Comp 8 avs 5	54904	meta_comp ch01 9	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Туре	1 Comp 9 type	54950	comp ch01 10 type	UINT8	None	read-write	0	8	(0, 'None'),(1, 'Moving'),(2, 'Recursive'), (3, 'Median'),(4, 'Calc'),(7, 'Thickness'),(8, 'Copy')	Х	x	х
Name	1 Comp 9 name	54951	comp ch01 10 name	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Signal1	1 Comp 9 sig1	54953	comp ch01 10 signal1	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Signal2	1 Comp 9 sig2	54954	comp ch01 10 signal2	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Factor1	1 Comp 9 fac 1	54962	comp ch01 10 factor1	FLOAT	None	read-write	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		х	х	х
Factor2	1 Comp 9 fac 2	54963	comp ch01 10 factor2	FLOAT	None	read-write	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		x	х	х
Offset	1 Comp 9 offs	54966	comp ch01 10 offset	FLOAT	mm	read-write	-2147.0	2147.0		х	х	х
Parameter	1 Comp 9 param	54967	comp ch01 10 parameter	UINT32	None	read-write	2	32767		х	х	х
Available signals part 0	1 Comp 9 avs 0	54999	meta_comp ch01 10	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 1	1 Comp 9 avs 1	55000	meta_comp ch01 10	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 2	1 Comp 9 avs 2	55001	meta_comp ch01 10	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х

Name	ME-Bus name	ID	ASCII command	Data type	Unit	Access	Min value	Max value	Choices	IFD2410	2411	2415
Available signals part 3	1 Comp 9 avs 3	55002	meta_comp ch01 10	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 4	1 Comp 9 avs 4	55003	meta_comp ch01 10	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 5	1 Comp 9 avs 5	55004	meta_comp ch01 10	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Range lower	Sys sig low	55050	syssignalrange	FLOAT	None	read-write	-21.47	21.47		x	х	х
Range upper	Sys sig upp	55051	syssignalrange	FLOAT	None	read-write	-21.47	21.47		х	х	х
Туре	S Comp 0 type	55100	comp sys 1 type	UINT8	None	read-write	0	8	(0, 'None'),(1, 'Moving'),(2, 'Recursive'), (3, 'Median'),(4, 'Calc'),(7, 'Thickness'),(8, 'Copy')	x	х	x
Name	S Comp 0 name	55101	comp sys 1 name	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Signal1	S Comp 0 sig1	55103	comp sys 1 signal1	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Signal2	S Comp 0 sig2	55104	comp sys 1 signal2	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Factor1	S Comp 0 fac 1	55112	comp sys 1 factor1	FLOAT	None	read-write	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		х	х	х
Factor2	S Comp 0 fac 2	55113	comp sys 1 factor2	FLOAT	None	read-write	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		х	х	х
Offset	S Comp 0 offs	55116	comp sys 1 offset	FLOAT	None	read-write	-2147.0	2147.0		x	х	х
Parameter	S Comp 0 param	55117	comp sys 1 parameter	UINT32	None	read-write	2	32767		х	х	х
Available signals part 0	S Comp 0 avs 0	55149	meta_comp sys 1	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 1	S Comp 0 avs 1	55150	meta_comp sys 1	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 2	S Comp 0 avs 2	55151	meta_comp sys 1	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 3	S Comp 0 avs 3	55152	meta_comp sys 1	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 4	S Comp 0 avs 4	55153	meta_comp sys 1	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 5	S Comp 0 avs 5	55154	meta_comp sys 1	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Туре	S Comp 1 type	55200	comp sys 2 type	UINT8	None	read-write	0	8	(0, 'None'),(1, 'Moving'),(2, 'Recursive'), (3, 'Median'),(4, 'Calc'),(7, 'Thickness'),(8, 'Copy')	x	x	x
Name	S Comp 1 name	55201	comp sys 2 name	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Signal1	S Comp 1 sig1	55203	comp sys 2 signal1	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Signal2	S Comp 1 sig2	55204	comp sys 2 signal2	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Factor1	S Comp 1 fac 1	55212	comp sys 2 factor1	FLOAT	None	read-write	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		х	х	х
Factor2	S Comp 1 fac 2	55213	comp sys 2 factor2	FLOAT	None	read-write	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		х	х	х
Offset	S Comp 1 offs	55216	comp sys 2 offset	FLOAT	None	read-write	-2147.0	2147.0		х	х	х
Parameter	S Comp 1 param	55217	comp sys 2 parameter	UINT32	None	read-write	2	32767		х	х	х
Available signals part 0	S Comp 1 avs 0	55249	meta_comp sys 2	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 1	S Comp 1 avs 1	55250	meta_comp sys 2	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 2	S Comp 1 avs 2	55251	meta_comp sys 2	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 3	S Comp 1 avs 3	55252	meta_comp sys 2	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х

Name	ME-Bus name	ID	ASCII command	Data type	Unit	Access	Min value	Max value	Choices	IFD2410	2411	2415
Available signals part 4	S Comp 1 avs 4	55253	meta_comp sys 2	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 5	S Comp 1 avs 5	55254	meta_comp sys 2	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Туре	S Comp 2 type	55300	comp sys 3 type	UINT8	None	read-write	0	8	(0, 'None'),(1, 'Moving'),(2, 'Recursive'), (3, 'Median'),(4, 'Calc'),(7, 'Thickness'),(8, 'Copy')	x	x	х
Name	S Comp 2 name	55301	comp sys 3 name	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Signal1	S Comp 2 sig1	55303	comp sys 3 signal1	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Signal2	S Comp 2 sig2	55304	comp sys 3 signal2	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Factor1	S Comp 2 fac 1	55312	comp sys 3 factor1	FLOAT	None	read-write	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		х	х	х
Factor2	S Comp 2 fac 2	55313	comp sys 3 factor2	FLOAT	None	read-write	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		х	х	х
Offset	S Comp 2 offs	55316	comp sys 3 offset	FLOAT	None	read-write	-2147.0	2147.0		х	х	х
Parameter	S Comp 2 param	55317	comp sys 3 parameter	UINT32	None	read-write	2	32767		х	х	х
Available signals part 0	S Comp 2 avs 0	55349	meta_comp sys 3	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 1	S Comp 2 avs 1	55350	meta_comp sys 3	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 2	S Comp 2 avs 2	55351	meta_comp sys 3	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 3	S Comp 2 avs 3	55352	meta_comp sys 3	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 4	S Comp 2 avs 4	55353	meta_comp sys 3	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 5	S Comp 2 avs 5	55354	meta_comp sys 3	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Туре	S Comp 3 type	55400	comp sys 4 type	UINT8	None	read-write	0	8	(0, 'None'),(1, 'Moving'),(2, 'Recursive'), (3, 'Median'),(4, 'Calc'),(7, 'Thickness'),(8, 'Copy')	x	х	х
Name	S Comp 3 name	55401	comp sys 4 name	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Signal1	S Comp 3 sig1	55403	comp sys 4 signal1	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Signal2	S Comp 3 sig2	55404	comp sys 4 signal2	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Factor1	S Comp 3 fac 1	55412	comp sys 4 factor1	FLOAT	None	read-write	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		х	х	х
Factor2	S Comp 3 fac 2	55413	comp sys 4 factor2	FLOAT	None	read-write	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		х	х	х
Offset	S Comp 3 offs	55416	comp sys 4 offset	FLOAT	None	read-write	-2147.0	2147.0		х	х	х
Parameter	S Comp 3 param	55417	comp sys 4 parameter	UINT32	None	read-write	2	32767		х	х	х
Available signals part 0	S Comp 3 avs 0	55449	meta_comp sys 4	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 1	S Comp 3 avs 1	55450	meta_comp sys 4	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 2	S Comp 3 avs 2	55451	meta_comp sys 4	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 3	S Comp 3 avs 3	55452	meta_comp sys 4	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	x
Available signals part 4	S Comp 3 avs 4	55453	meta_comp sys 4	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 5	S Comp 3 avs 5	55454	meta_comp sys 4	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х

Name	ME-Bus name	ID ASCII command	Data type	Unit	Access	Min value	Max value	Choices	IFD2410	2411	2415
Туре	S Comp 4 type	55500 comp sys 5 type	UINT8	None	read-write	0	8	(0, 'None'),(1, 'Moving'),(2, 'Recursive'), (3, 'Median'),(4, 'Calc'),(7, 'Thickness'),(8, 'Copy')	х	x	x
Name	S Comp 4 name	55501 comp sys 5 name	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Signal1	S Comp 4 sig1	55503 comp sys 5 signal1	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Signal2	S Comp 4 sig2	55504 comp sys 5 signal2	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Factor1	S Comp 4 fac 1	55512 comp sys 5 factor1	FLOAT	None	read-write	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		х	х	х
Factor2	S Comp 4 fac 2	55513 comp sys 5 factor2	FLOAT	None	read-write	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		х	х	х
Offset	S Comp 4 offs	55516 comp sys 5 offset	FLOAT	None	read-write	-2147.0	2147.0		х	х	х
Parameter	S Comp 4 param	55517 comp sys 5 parameter	UINT32	None	read-write	2	32767		х	х	х
Available signals part 0	S Comp 4 avs 0	55549 meta_comp sys 5	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 1	S Comp 4 avs 1	55550 meta_comp sys 5	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 2	S Comp 4 avs 2	55551 meta_comp sys 5	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 3	S Comp 4 avs 3	55552 meta_comp sys 5	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 4	S Comp 4 avs 4	55553 meta_comp sys 5	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 5	S Comp 4 avs 5	55554 meta_comp sys 5	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Туре	S Comp 5 type	55600 comp sys 6 type	UINT8	None	read-write	0	8	(0, 'None'),(1, 'Moving'),(2, 'Recursive'), (3, 'Median'),(4, 'Calc'),(7, 'Thickness'),(8, 'Copy')	x	х	x
Name	S Comp 5 name	55601 comp sys 6 name	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Signal1	S Comp 5 sig1	55603 comp sys 6 signal1	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Signal2	S Comp 5 sig2	55604 comp sys 6 signal2	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Factor1	S Comp 5 fac 1	55612 comp sys 6 factor1	FLOAT	None	read-write	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		х	х	х
Factor2	S Comp 5 fac 2	55613 comp sys 6 factor2	FLOAT	None	read-write	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		х	х	х
Offset	S Comp 5 offs	55616 comp sys 6 offset	FLOAT	None	read-write	-2147.0	2147.0		х	х	х
Parameter	S Comp 5 param	55617 comp sys 6 parameter	UINT32	None	read-write	2	32767		х	х	х
Available signals part 0	S Comp 5 avs 0	55649 meta_comp sys 6	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 1	S Comp 5 avs 1	55650 meta_comp sys 6	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 2	S Comp 5 avs 2	55651 meta_comp sys 6	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 3	S Comp 5 avs 3	55652 meta_comp sys 6	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 4	S Comp 5 avs 4	55653 meta_comp sys 6	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 5	S Comp 5 avs 5	55654 meta_comp sys 6	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Туре	S Comp 6 type	55700 comp sys 7 type	UINT8	None	read-write	0	8	(0, 'None'),(1, 'Moving'),(2, 'Recursive'), (3, 'Median'),(4, 'Calc'),(7, 'Thickness'),(8, 'Copy')	x	х	x
Name	S Comp 6 name	55701 comp sys 7 name	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		x	х	х

Name	ME-Bus name	ID	ASCII command	Data type	Unit	Access	Min value	Max value	Choices	IFD2410	2411	2415
Signal1	S Comp 6 sig1	55703	comp sys 7 signal1	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Signal2	S Comp 6 sig2	55704	comp sys 7 signal2	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Factor1	S Comp 6 fac 1	55712	comp sys 7 factor1	FLOAT	None	read-write	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		х	х	х
Factor2	S Comp 6 fac 2	55713	comp sys 7 factor2	FLOAT	None	read-write	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		х	х	х
Offset	S Comp 6 offs	55716	comp sys 7 offset	FLOAT	None	read-write	-2147.0	2147.0		х	х	х
Parameter	S Comp 6 param	55717	comp sys 7 parameter	UINT32	None	read-write	2	32767		x	х	х
Available signals part 0	S Comp 6 avs 0	55749	meta_comp sys 7	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 1	S Comp 6 avs 1	55750	meta_comp sys 7	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 2	S Comp 6 avs 2	55751	meta_comp sys 7	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 3	S Comp 6 avs 3	55752	meta_comp sys 7	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 4	S Comp 6 avs 4	55753	meta_comp sys 7	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 5	S Comp 6 avs 5	55754	meta_comp sys 7	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Туре	S Comp 7 type	55800	comp sys 8 type	UINT8	None	read-write	0	8	(0, 'None'),(1, 'Moving'),(2, 'Recursive'), (3, 'Median'),(4, 'Calc'),(7, 'Thickness'),(8, 'Copy')	Х	х	х
Name	S Comp 7 name	55801	comp sys 8 name	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		x	х	х
Signal1	S Comp 7 sig1	55803	comp sys 8 signal1	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		x	х	х
Signal2	S Comp 7 sig2	55804	comp sys 8 signal2	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		x	х	х
Factor1	S Comp 7 fac 1	55812	comp sys 8 factor1	FLOAT	None	read-write	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		x	х	х
Factor2	S Comp 7 fac 2	55813	comp sys 8 factor2	FLOAT	None	read-write	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		x	х	х
Offset	S Comp 7 offs	55816	comp sys 8 offset	FLOAT	None	read-write	-2147.0	2147.0		x	х	х
Parameter	S Comp 7 param	55817	comp sys 8 parameter	UINT32	None	read-write	2	32767		x	х	х
Available signals part 0	S Comp 7 avs 0	55849	meta_comp sys 8	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 1	S Comp 7 avs 1	55850	meta_comp sys 8	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 2	S Comp 7 avs 2	55851	meta_comp sys 8	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 3	S Comp 7 avs 3	55852	meta_comp sys 8	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 4	S Comp 7 avs 4	55853	meta_comp sys 8	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 5	S Comp 7 avs 5	55854	meta_comp sys 8	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Туре	S Comp 8 type	55900	comp sys 9 type	UINT8	None	read-write	0	8	(0, 'None'),(1, 'Moving'),(2, 'Recursive'), (3, 'Median'),(4, 'Calc'),(7, 'Thickness'),(8, 'Copy')	x	x	x
Name	S Comp 8 name	55901	comp sys 9 name	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Signal1	S Comp 8 sig1	55903	comp sys 9 signal1	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Signal2	S Comp 7 sig2	55904	comp sys 9 signal2	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х

Name	ME-Bus name	ID	ASCII command	Data type	Unit	Access	Min value	Max value	Choices	IFD2410	2411	2415
Factor1	S Comp 8 fac 1	55912	comp sys 9 factor1	FLOAT	None	read-write	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		х	х	х
Factor2	S Comp 8 fac 2	55913	comp sys 9 factor2	FLOAT	None	read-write	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		х	х	х
Offset	S Comp 8 offs	55916	comp sys 9 offset	FLOAT	None	read-write	-2147.0	2147.0		х	х	х
Parameter	S Comp 8 param	55917	comp sys 9 parameter	UINT32	None	read-write	2	32767		х	х	х
Available signals part 0	S Comp 8 avs 0	55949	meta_comp sys 9	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 1	S Comp 8 avs 1	55950	meta_comp sys 9	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 2	S Comp 8 avs 2	55951	meta_comp sys 9	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 3	S Comp 8 avs 3	55952	meta_comp sys 9	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 4	S Comp 8 avs 4	55953	meta_comp sys 9	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 5	S Comp 8 avs 5	55954	meta_comp sys 9	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Туре	S Comp 9 type	56000	comp sys 10 type	UINT8	None	read-write	0	8	(0, 'None'),(1, 'Moving'),(2, 'Recursive'), (3, 'Median'),(4, 'Calc'),(7, 'Thickness'),(8, 'Copy')	x	x	x
Name	S Comp 9 name	56001	comp sys 10 name	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Signal1	S Comp 9 sig1	56003	comp sys 10 signal1	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Signal2	S Comp 9 sig2	56004	comp sys 10 signal2	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Factor1	S Comp 9 fac 1	56012	comp sys 10 factor1	FLOAT	None	read-write	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		х	х	х
Factor2	S Comp 9 fac 2	56013	comp sys 10 factor2	FLOAT	None	read-write	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		x	х	х
Offset	S Comp 9 offs	56016	comp sys 10 offset	FLOAT	None	read-write	-2147.0	2147.0		х	х	х
Parameter	S Comp 9 param	56017	comp sys 10 parameter	UINT32	None	read-write	2	32767		х	х	х
Available signals part 0	S Comp 9 avs 0	56049	meta_comp sys 10	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 1	S Comp 9 avs 1	56050	meta_comp sys 10	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 2	S Comp 9 avs 2	56051	meta_comp sys 10	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 3	S Comp 9 avs 3	56052	meta_comp sys 10	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 4	S Comp 9 avs 4	56053	meta_comp sys 10	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 5	S Comp 9 avs 5	56054	meta_comp sys 10	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
User calc 00	User calc 00	56100	None	CHAR(40)	None	read-only	0	40		х	х	х
User calc 01	User calc 01	56101	None	CHAR(40)	None	read-only	0	40		х	х	х
User calc 02	User calc 02	56102	None	CHAR(40)	None	read-only	0	40		х	х	х
User calc 03	User calc 03	56103	None	CHAR(40)	None	read-only	0	40		х	х	х
User calc 04	User calc 04	56104	None	CHAR(40)	None	read-only	0	40		х	х	х
User calc 05	User calc 05	56105	None	CHAR(40)	None	read-only	0	40		х	х	х
User calc 06	User calc 06	56106	None	CHAR(40)	None	read-only	0	40		х	х	х
User calc 07	User calc 07	56107	None	CHAR(40)	None	read-only	0	40		х	х	х
Name	ME-Bus name	ID	ASCII command	Data type	Unit	Access	Min value	Max value	Choices	IFD2410	2411	2415
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User calc 08	User calc 08	56108	None	CHAR(40)	None	read-only	0	40		х	х	х
User calc 09	User calc 09	56109	None	CHAR(40)	None	read-only	0	40		х	х	х
User calc 10	User calc 10	56110	None	CHAR(40)	None	read-only	0	40		x	х	х
User calc 11	User calc 11	56111	None	CHAR(40)	None	read-only	0	40		х	х	х
User calc 12	User calc 12	56112	None	CHAR(40)	None	read-only	0	40		х	х	х
User calc 13	User calc 13	56113	None	CHAR(40)	None	read-only	0	40		x	х	х
User calc 14	User calc 14	56114	None	CHAR(40)	None	read-only	0	40		x	х	х
User calc 15	User calc 15	56115	None	CHAR(40)	None	read-only	0	40		х	х	х
User calc 16	User calc 16	56116	None	CHAR(40)	None	read-only	0	40		x	х	х
User calc 17	User calc 17	56117	None	CHAR(40)	None	read-only	0	40		x	х	х
User calc 18	User calc 18	56118	None	CHAR(40)	None	read-only	0	40		х	х	х
User calc 19	User calc 19	56119	None	CHAR(40)	None	read-only	0	40		x	х	х
User calc 20	User calc 20	56120	None	CHAR(40)	None	read-only	0	40		x	х	х
User calc 21	User calc 21	56121	None	CHAR(40)	None	read-only	0	40		x	х	х
User calc 22	User calc 22	56122	None	CHAR(40)	None	read-only	0	40		х	х	х
User calc 23	User calc 23	56123	None	CHAR(40)	None	read-only	0	40		x	х	х
User calc 24	User calc 24	56124	None	CHAR(40)	None	read-only	0	40		x	х	х
User calc 25	User calc 25	56125	None	CHAR(40)	None	read-only	0	40		х	х	х
User calc 26	User calc 26	56126	None	CHAR(40)	None	read-only	0	40		х	х	х
User calc 27	User calc 27	56127	None	CHAR(40)	None	read-only	0	40		х	х	х
User calc 28	User calc 28	56128	None	CHAR(40)	None	read-only	0	40		х	х	х
User calc 29	User calc 29	56129	None	CHAR(40)	None	read-only	0	40		x	х	х
User calc 30	User calc 30	56130	None	CHAR(40)	None	read-only	0	40		х	х	х
User calc 31	User calc 31	56131	None	CHAR(40)	None	read-only	0	40		x	х	х
User calc 32	User calc 32	56132	None	CHAR(40)	None	read-only	0	40		x	х	х
User calc 33	User calc 33	56133	None	CHAR(40)	None	read-only	0	40		х	х	х
User calc 34	User calc 34	56134	None	CHAR(40)	None	read-only	0	40		х	х	х
User calc 35	User calc 35	56135	None	CHAR(40)	None	read-only	0	40		х	х	х
User calc 36	User calc 36	56136	None	CHAR(40)	None	read-only	0	40		x	х	х
User calc 37	User calc 37	56137	None	CHAR(40)	None	read-only	0	40		х	х	х
User calc 38	User calc 38	56138	None	CHAR(40)	None	read-only	0	40		х	х	х
Dark correction start	Dark start 2	60000	darkcorr_ch02 start	BIT	None	write-only	True	True	(1, 'Start')	x	х	х
Dark correction status	Dark status 2	60002	darkcorr_ch02 status	UINT32	None	read-only	0	100	(0, 'Ready'),(1, 'Busy'),(100, 'Failure')	x	х	х
LED on/off	Led 2	60050	LED_CH02	BIT	None	read-write	False	True	(0, 'OFF'),(1, 'ON')	х	х	х

Name	ME-Bus name	ID	ASCII command	Data type	Unit	Access	Min value	Max value	Choices	IFD2410	2411	2415
LED source	Ledsource 2	60051	LEDSOURCE_CH02	UINT8	None	read-write	0	2	(0, 'SOFTWAREONLY'),(1, 'MFI1'),(2, 'MFI2')	х	х	х
Sensor info	Sensor info 2	60100	sensor_info_ch02	CHAR(32)	None	read-only	0	32		х	х	х
Sensor range	Sensor range 2	60101	sensor_range_ch02	FLOAT	mm	read-only	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		х	х	х
Sensor serial No.	Sensor seria 2	60102	sensor_serial_ch02	UINT32	None	read-only	0	4294967295		х	х	х
Select sensor head	Sensor select 2	60150	sensorhead_ch02	UINT8	None	read-write	0	255		х	х	х
Sensor name	Sensor name 2	60151	SENSORTABLE_CH02	CHAR(35)	None	read-only	0	35		х	х	х
Measurement range	Sensor range 2	60152	SENSORTABLE_CH02	FLOAT	mm	read-only	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		х	х	х
Serial number	Sensor seria 2	60153	SENSORTABLE_CH02	CHAR(39)	None	read-only	0	39		х	х	х
Position	Sentab pos 2	60200	SENSORTABLE_CH02	UINT8	None	read-write	0	9	(0, '0'),(1, '1'),(2, '2'),(3, '3'),(4, '4'),(5, '5'),(6, '6'), (7, '7'),(8, '8'),(9, '9')	x	x	x
Get next position	Sentab next 2	60201	SENSORTABLE_CH02	BIT	None	write-only	True	True	(1, 'Get next position')	х	х	х
Get previous position	Sentab prev 2	60202	SENSORTABLE_CH02	BIT	None	write-only	True	True	(1, 'Get previous position')	х	х	х
Sensor name	Sentab name 2	60203	SENSORTABLE_CH02	CHAR(35)	None	read-only	0	35		х	х	х
Measurement range	Sentab range 2	60204	SENSORTABLE_CH02	FLOAT	mm	read-only	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		х	х	х
Serial number	Sentab seria 2	60205	SENSORTABLE_CH02	CHAR(39)	None	read-only	0	39		х	х	х
Peak count	Peak count 2	60250	peakcount_ch02	UINT32	None	read-write	1	2		х	х	х
Disable refractivity correction	Refrac corr 2	60251	refraccorr_ch02	BIT	None	read-write	False	True	(0, 'ON'),(1, 'OFF')	x	х	х
Peak position	Peak pos 2	60300	measpeak_ch02	UINT8	None	read-write	0	3	(0, 'F_L'),(1, 'L_SL'),(2, 'F_S'),(3, 'H_SH')	х	х	х
Minimum threshold	minthreshold 2	60350	min_threshold_ch02	FLOAT	%	read-write	0.5	100.0		x	х	х
Peak modulation	Peak mod 2	60351	peak_modulation_ch02	FLOAT	%	read-write	0.0	100.0		x	х	х
Shutter mode channel 2	Shutter mode 2	60400	shuttermode_ch02	UINT8	None	read-write	1	4	(1, 'Meas'),(2, 'Manual'),(3, '2TIMES_ALT'), (4, '2TIMES_AUTO')	х	x	х
Shutter value1 in us channel 2	Shutter time1 2	60402	shutter_ch02	FLOAT	us	read-write	3.0	10000.0		x	х	х
Shutter time 2	Shutter time2 2	60403	shutter_ch02	FLOAT	us	read-write	3.0	10000.0		x	х	х
Range of interest start	ROI start 2	60462	roi_ch02	UINT16	%	read-write	0	510		x	х	х
Range of interest end	ROI end 2	60463	roi_ch02	UINT16	%	read-write	1	511		x	х	х
Material 1	Material 2 1	60500	material_ch02	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		x	х	х
Material 2	Material 2 2	60501	material_ch02	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		x	х	х
Material 3	Material 2 3	60502	material_ch02	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		x	х	х
Material 4	Material 2 4	60503	material_ch02	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		x	х	х
Material 5	Material 2 5	60504	material_ch02	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		x	х	х
Туре	2 Comp 0 type	60550	comp ch02 1 type	UINT8	None	read-write	0	8	(0, 'None'),(1, 'Moving'),(2, 'Recursive'), (3, 'Median'),(4, 'Calc'),(7, 'Thickness'),(8, 'Copy')	x	х	х

Name	ME-Bus name	ID	ASCII command	Data type	Unit	Access	Min value	Max value	Choices	IFD2410	2411	2415
Name	2 Comp 0 name	60551	comp ch02 1 name	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Signal1	2 Comp 0 sig1	60553	comp ch02 1 signal1	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Signal2	2 Comp 0 sig2	60554	comp ch02 1 signal2	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Factor1	2 Comp 0 fac 1	60562	comp ch02 1 factor1	FLOAT	None	read-write	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		х	х	х
Factor2	2 Comp 0 fac 2	60563	comp ch02 1 factor2	FLOAT	None	read-write	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		х	х	х
Offset	2 Comp 0 offs	60566	comp ch02 1 offset	FLOAT	mm	read-write	-2147.0	2147.0		х	х	х
Parameter	2 Comp 0 param	60567	comp ch02 1 parameter	UINT32	None	read-write	2	32767		х	х	х
Available signals part 0	2 Comp 0 avs 0	60599	meta_comp ch02 1	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 1	2 Comp 0 avs 1	60600	meta_comp ch02 1	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 2	2 Comp 0 avs 2	60601	meta_comp ch02 1	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 3	2 Comp 0 avs 3	60602	meta_comp ch02 1	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 4	2 Comp 0 avs 4	60603	meta_comp ch02 1	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 5	2 Comp 0 avs 5	60604	meta_comp ch02 1	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Туре	2 Comp 1 type	60650	comp ch02 2 type	UINT8	None	read-write	0	8	(0, 'None'),(1, 'Moving'),(2, 'Recursive'), (3, 'Median'),(4, 'Calc'),(7, 'Thickness'),(8, 'Copy')	х	x	x
Name	2 Comp 1 name	60651	comp ch02 2 name	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Signal1	2 Comp 1 sig1	60653	comp ch02 2 signal1	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Signal2	2 Comp 1 sig2	60654	comp ch02 2 signal2	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Factor1	2 Comp 1 fac 1	60662	comp ch02 2 factor1	FLOAT	None	read-write	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		х	х	х
Factor2	2 Comp 1 fac 2	60663	comp ch02 2 factor2	FLOAT	None	read-write	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		х	х	х
Offset	2 Comp 1 offs	60666	comp ch02 2 offset	FLOAT	mm	read-write	-2147.0	2147.0		х	х	х
Parameter	2 Comp 1 param	60667	comp ch02 2 parameter	UINT32	None	read-write	2	32767		х	х	х
Available signals part 0	2 Comp 1 avs 0	60699	meta_comp ch02 2	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 1	2 Comp 1 avs 1	60700	meta_comp ch02 2	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 2	2 Comp 1 avs 2	60701	meta_comp ch02 2	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 3	2 Comp 1 avs 3	60702	meta_comp ch02 2	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 4	2 Comp 1 avs 4	60703	meta_comp ch02 2	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 5	2 Comp 1 avs 5	60704	meta_comp ch02 2	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Туре	2 Comp 2 type	60750	comp ch02 3 type	UINT8	None	read-write	0	8	(0, 'None'),(1, 'Moving'),(2, 'Recursive'), (3, 'Median'),(4, 'Calc'),(7, 'Thickness'),(8, 'Copy')	x	х	х
Name	2 Comp 2 name	60751	comp ch02 3 name	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		x	х	х
Signal1	2 Comp 2 sig1	60753	comp ch02 3 signal1	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		x	x	х
Signal2	2 Comp 2 sig2	60754	comp ch02 3 signal2	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		x	x	х

Name	ME-Bus name	ID ASCII command	Data type	Unit	Access	Min value	Max value	Choices	IFD2410	2411	2415
Factor1	2 Comp 2 fac 1	60762 comp ch02 3 factor1	FLOAT	None	read-write	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		х	х	х
Factor2	2 Comp 2 fac 2	60763 comp ch02 3 factor2	FLOAT	None	read-write	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		x	х	х
Offset	2 Comp 2 offs	60766 comp ch02 3 offset	FLOAT	mm	read-write	-2147.0	2147.0		x	х	х
Parameter	2 Comp 2 param	60767 comp ch02 3 parameter	UINT32	None	read-write	2	32767		х	х	х
Available signals part 0	2 Comp 2 avs 0	60799 meta_comp ch02 3	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 1	2 Comp 2 avs 1	60800 meta_comp ch02 3	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 2	2 Comp 2 avs 2	60801 meta_comp ch02 3	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 3	2 Comp 2 avs 3	60802 meta_comp ch02 3	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 4	2 Comp 2 avs 4	60803 meta_comp ch02 3	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 5	2 Comp 2 avs 5	60804 meta_comp ch02 3	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Туре	2 Comp 3 type	60850 comp ch02 4 type	UINT8	None	read-write	0	8	(0, 'None'),(1, 'Moving'),(2, 'Recursive'), (3, 'Median'),(4, 'Calc'),(7, 'Thickness'),(8, 'Copy')	x	x	x
Name	2 Comp 3 name	60851 comp ch02 4 name	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Signal1	2 Comp 3 sig1	60853 comp ch02 4 signal1	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Signal2	2 Comp 3 sig2	60854 comp ch02 4 signal2	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Factor1	2 Comp 3 fac 1	60862 comp ch02 4 factor1	FLOAT	None	read-write	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		х	х	х
Factor2	2 Comp 3 fac 2	60863 comp ch02 4 factor2	FLOAT	None	read-write	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		х	х	х
Offset	2 Comp 3 offs	60866 comp ch02 4 offset	FLOAT	mm	read-write	-2147.0	2147.0		х	х	х
Parameter	2 Comp 3 param	60867 comp ch02 4 parameter	UINT32	None	read-write	2	32767		х	х	х
Available signals part 0	2 Comp 3 avs 0	60899 meta_comp ch02 4	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 1	2 Comp 3 avs 1	60900 meta_comp ch02 4	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 2	2 Comp 3 avs 2	60901 meta_comp ch02 4	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 3	2 Comp 3 avs 3	60902 meta_comp ch02 4	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 4	2 Comp 3 avs 4	60903 meta_comp ch02 4	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 5	2 Comp 3 avs 5	60904 meta_comp ch02 4	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Туре	2 Comp 4 type	60950 comp ch02 5 type	UINT8	None	read-write	0	8	(0, 'None'),(1, 'Moving'),(2, 'Recursive'), (3, 'Median'),(4, 'Calc'),(7, 'Thickness'),(8, 'Copy')	x	х	x
Name	2 Comp 4 name	60951 comp ch02 5 name	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Signal1	2 Comp 4 sig1	60953 comp ch02 5 signal1	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Signal2	2 Comp 4 sig2	60954 comp ch02 5 signal2	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Factor1	2 Comp 4 fac 1	60962 comp ch02 5 factor1	FLOAT	None	read-write	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		x	х	х
Factor2	2 Comp 4 fac 2	60963 comp ch02 5 factor2	FLOAT	None	read-write	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		х	х	х
Offset	2 Comp 4 offs	60966 comp ch02 5 offset	FLOAT	None	read-write	-2147.0	2147.0		x	х	х

Name	ME-Bus name	ID	ASCII command	Data type	Unit	Access	Min value	Max value	Choices	IFD2410	2411	2415
Parameter	2 Comp 4 param	60967	comp ch02 5 parameter	UINT32	None	read-write	2	32767		х	х	х
Available signals part 0	2 Comp 4 avs 0	60999	meta_comp ch02 5	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 1	2 Comp 4 avs 1	61000	meta_comp ch02 5	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 2	2 Comp 4 avs 2	61001	meta_comp ch02 5	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 3	2 Comp 4 avs 3	61002	meta_comp ch02 5	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 4	2 Comp 4 avs 4	61003	meta_comp ch02 5	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 5	2 Comp 4 avs 5	61004	meta_comp ch02 5	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Туре	2 Comp 5 type	61050	comp ch02 6 type	UINT8	None	read-write	0	8	(0, 'None'),(1, 'Moving'),(2, 'Recursive'), (3, 'Median'),(4, 'Calc'),(7, 'Thickness'),(8, 'Copy')	x	х	x
Name	2 Comp 5 name	61051	comp ch02 6 name	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Signal1	2 Comp 5 sig1	61053	comp ch02 6 signal1	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Signal2	2 Comp 5 sig2	61054	comp ch02 6 signal2	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Factor1	2 Comp 5 fac 1	61062	comp ch02 6 factor1	FLOAT	None	read-write	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		х	х	х
Factor2	2 Comp 5 fac 2	61063	comp ch02 6 factor2	FLOAT	None	read-write	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		х	х	х
Offset	2 Comp 5 offs	61066	comp ch02 6 offset	FLOAT	None	read-write	-2147.0	2147.0		х	х	х
Parameter	2 Comp 5 param	61067	comp ch02 6 parameter	UINT32	None	read-write	2	32767		х	х	х
Available signals part 0	2 Comp 5 avs 0	61099	meta_comp ch02 6	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 1	2 Comp 5 avs 1	61100	meta_comp ch02 6	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 2	2 Comp 5 avs 2	61101	meta_comp ch02 6	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 3	2 Comp 5 avs 3	61102	meta_comp ch02 6	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 4	2 Comp 5 avs 4	61103	meta_comp ch02 6	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 5	2 Comp 5 avs 5	61104	meta_comp ch02 6	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Туре	2 Comp 6 type	61150	comp ch02 7 type	UINT8	None	read-write	0	8	(0, 'None'),(1, 'Moving'),(2, 'Recursive'), (3, 'Median'),(4, 'Calc'),(7, 'Thickness'),(8, 'Copy')	x	х	x
Name	2 Comp 6 name	61151	comp ch02 7 name	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Signal1	2 Comp 6 sig1	61153	comp ch02 7 signal1	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		x	х	х
Signal2	2 Comp 6 sig2	61154	comp ch02 7 signal2	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		x	х	х
Factor1	2 Comp 6 fac 1	61162	comp ch02 7 factor1	FLOAT	None	read-write	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		х	х	х
Factor2	2 Comp 6 fac 2	61163	comp ch02 7 factor2	FLOAT	None	read-write	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		x	х	х
Offset	2 Comp 6 offs	61166	comp ch02 7 offset	FLOAT	None	read-write	-2147.0	2147.0		x	х	х
Parameter	2 Comp 6 param	61167	comp ch02 7 parameter	UINT32	None	read-write	2	32767		x	х	х
Available signals part 0	2 Comp 6 avs 0	61199	meta_comp ch02 7	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 1	2 Comp 6 avs 1	61200	meta_comp ch02 7	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х

Name	ME-Bus name	ID	ASCII command	Data type	Unit	Access	Min value	Max value	Choices	IFD2410	2411	2415
Available signals part 2	2 Comp 6 avs 2	61201	meta_comp ch02 7	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 3	2 Comp 6 avs 3	61202	meta_comp ch02 7	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 4	2 Comp 6 avs 4	61203	meta_comp ch02 7	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 5	2 Comp 6 avs 5	61204	meta_comp ch02 7	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Туре	2 Comp 7 type	61250	comp ch02 8 type	UINT8	None	read-write	0	8	(0, 'None'),(1, 'Moving'),(2, 'Recursive'), (3, 'Median'),(4, 'Calc'),(7, 'Thickness'),(8, 'Copy')	х	x	x
Name	2 Comp 7 name	61251	comp ch02 8 name	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Signal1	2 Comp 7 sig1	61253	comp ch02 8 signal1	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		x	х	х
Signal2	2 Comp 7 sig2	61254	comp ch02 8 signal2	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Factor1	2 Comp 7 fac 1	61262	comp ch02 8 factor1	FLOAT	None	read-write	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		x	х	х
Factor2	2 Comp 7 fac 2	61263	comp ch02 8 factor2	FLOAT	None	read-write	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		x	х	х
Offset	2 Comp 7 offs	61266	comp ch02 8 offset	FLOAT	None	read-write	-2147.0	2147.0		x	х	х
Parameter	2 Comp 7 param	61267	comp ch02 8 parameter	UINT32	None	read-write	2	32767		x	х	х
Available signals part 0	2 Comp 7 avs 0	61299	meta_comp ch02 8	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 1	2 Comp 7 avs 1	61300	meta_comp ch02 8	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 2	2 Comp 7 avs 2	61301	meta_comp ch02 8	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 3	2 Comp 7 avs 3	61302	meta_comp ch02 8	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 4	2 Comp 7 avs 4	61303	meta_comp ch02 8	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 5	2 Comp 7 avs 5	61304	meta_comp ch02 8	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Туре	2 Comp 8 type	61350	comp ch02 9 type	UINT8	None	read-write	0	8	(0, 'None'),(1, 'Moving'),(2, 'Recursive'), (3, 'Median'),(4, 'Calc'),(7, 'Thickness'),(8, 'Copy')	x	x	x
Name	2 Comp 8 name	61351	comp ch02 9 name	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		x	х	х
Signal1	2 Comp 8 sig1	61353	comp ch02 9 signal1	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		x	х	х
Signal2	2 Comp 8 sig2	61354	comp ch02 9 signal2	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		x	х	х
Factor1	2 Comp 8 fac 1	61362	comp ch02 9 factor1	FLOAT	None	read-write	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		х	х	х
Factor2	2 Comp 8 fac 2	61363	comp ch02 9 factor2	FLOAT	None	read-write	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		x	х	х
Offset	2 Comp 8 offs	61366	comp ch02 9 offset	FLOAT	None	read-write	-2147.0	2147.0		х	х	х
Parameter	2 Comp 8 param	61367	comp ch02 9 parameter	UINT32	None	read-write	2	32767		x	х	х
Available signals part 0	2 Comp 8 avs 0	61399	meta_comp ch02 9	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 1	2 Comp 8 avs 1	61400	meta_comp ch02 9	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 2	2 Comp 8 avs 2	61401	meta_comp ch02 9	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 3	2 Comp 8 avs 3	61402	meta_comp ch02 9	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 4	2 Comp 8 avs 4	61403	meta_comp ch02 9	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х

Name	ME-Bus name	ID	ASCII command	Data type	Unit	Access	Min value	Max value	Choices	IFD2410	2411	2415
Available signals part 5	2 Comp 8 avs 5	61404	meta_comp ch02 9	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Туре	2 Comp 9 type	61450	comp ch02 10 type	UINT8	None	read-write	0	8	(0, 'None'),(1, 'Moving'),(2, 'Recursive'), (3, 'Median'),(4, 'Calc'),(7, 'Thickness'),(8, 'Copy')	x	x	x
Name	2 Comp 9 name	61451	comp ch02 10 name	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Signal1	2 Comp 9 sig1	61453	comp ch02 10 signal1	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		х	х	х
Signal2	2 Comp 9 sig2	61454	comp ch02 10 signal2	CHAR(32)	None	read-write	0	32		x	х	х
Factor1	2 Comp 9 fac 1	61462	comp ch02 10 factor1	FLOAT	None	read-write	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		х	х	х
Factor2	2 Comp 9 fac 2	61463	comp ch02 10 factor2	FLOAT	None	read-write	-3,40E+48	3,40E+48		х	х	х
Offset	2 Comp 9 offs	61466	comp ch02 10 offset	FLOAT	None	read-write	-2147.0	2147.0		х	х	х
Parameter	2 Comp 9 param	61467	comp ch02 10 parameter	UINT32	None	read-write	2	32767		x	х	х
Available signals part 0	2 Comp 9 avs 0	61499	meta_comp ch02 10	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 1	2 Comp 9 avs 1	61500	meta_comp ch02 10	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 2	2 Comp 9 avs 2	61501	meta_comp ch02 10	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 3	2 Comp 9 avs 3	61502	meta_comp ch02 10	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х
Available signals part 4	2 Comp 9 avs 4	61503	meta_comp ch02 10	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		х	х	х
Available signals part 5	2 Comp 9 avs 5	61504	meta_comp ch02 10	CHAR(235)	None	read-only	0	235		x	х	х



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